

North Central Texas Council of Governments Regional Criminal Justice Strategic Plan

2016-2017
(Updated March 2017)

SUMMARY

The North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) is a voluntary association of, by and for local governments, and was established to assist local governments in planning for common needs, cooperating for mutual benefit, and coordinating for sound regional development. NCTCOG's purpose is to strengthen both the individual and collective power of local governments and to help them recognize regional opportunities, eliminate unnecessary duplication, and make joint decisions.

NCTCOG serves a 16-county region of North Central Texas, which is centered around the two urban centers of Dallas and Fort Worth. NCTCOG has over 230 member governments including 16 counties, numerous cities, school districts, and special districts.

Each member government appoints a COG voting representative from its governing body. These voting representatives make up the General Assembly, which annually elects the Executive Board. The Executive Board, composed of 13 locally elected officials, is the policy-making body for all activities undertaken by the Council of Governments, including program activities and decisions, regional plans, and fiscal and budgetary policies. The Board is supported by technical, study, and policy development committees and a professional staff headed by Mike Eastland, Executive Director.

The Criminal Justice Strategic Planning process provides an opportunity to identify and assess the justice-related priorities of the region and strategize the means and methods to respond to these needs.

The results of the December 2015 survey were taken into consideration by the NCTCOG Criminal Justice Program staff in cooperation of members of the CJPDC and priorities were assigned based on the needs determined by the surveys.

The document that is represented here reflects the efforts of stakeholders in the NCTCOG region concerned with assuring that any gaps in services are closed, thus making our communities safer places in which to live and work.

Justice-related priorities and goals and requirements concerning the makeup of the Plan are subject to change from year to year.

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PLANNING PROCESS OVERVIEW

With the input and guidance of the Criminal Justice Policy Development Committee (CJPDC), the electronic needs assessment project was developed in fall of 2013 and results were incorporated in the 2014 Regional Strategic Plan. In accordance with CJPDC policies and procedures, the Strategic Plan will be updated at least every two years. Drawing on local priorities identified via the 2014 plan, an online region-wide survey of community stakeholders was developed and distributed to over 700 contacts in December 2015. Prior to distribution, CJPDC members assisted in providing feedback on the survey content.

How are Communities Engaged in this Process?

Topics addressed in the online survey include criminal justice/law enforcement, juvenile justice, mental health, substance abuse, and victims of crime. Stakeholders consisting of elected officials, community-based organizations, judicial and law enforcement organizations, ISD's, social service providers, colleges and universities, and interested citizens provided input to the survey.

How is this plan used by NCTCOG's Criminal Justice Policy Development Committee (CJPDC)?

The top priorities identified for each section are provided to all applicant agencies during the grant application workshops. Each funding category will have scoring criteria based on how well a project aligns with the local priorities.

CJPDC members are required to attend scoring training prior to assessing and ranking applications. This training includes an in-depth discussion of the local priorities and the role the priorities play in prioritizing applications.

REGIONAL PROFILE

The NCTCOG 16-county region consists of Collin, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Erath, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Navarro, Palo Pinto, Parker, Rockwall, Somervell, Tarrant and Wise counties. (The 2016 population estimates below provided via NCTCOG's Regional Data Center.)

County Name	2016 Estimated Population January 1
Collin	897,510
Dallas	2,478,740
Denton	758,370
Ellis	164,960
Erath	43,540
Hood	56,240
Hunt	89,310
Johnson	161,120
Kaufman	113,530
Navarro	48,900
Palo Pinto	28,660
Parker	127,980
Rockwall	89,660
Somervell	9,230
Tarrant	1,928,300
Wise	62,240
TOTAL	7,058,290

Per the Executive Summary of NCTCOG's 2016 Population Estimates Report:

From January 1, 2015 to January 1, 2016, the region experienced growth of 116,580. Forty-one cities experienced estimated population growth of 3% or more. The populations of Lakeside, Northlake, McLendon-Chisholm, and Celina each grew by more than 15% from 2015 to 2016. The city of Fort Worth had the highest absolute growth with 13,660 and Dallas had the second highest with 13,460. Collin, Dallas, Denton, and Tarrant Counties added more than 20,000 residents each.

REGIONAL CRIME SUMMARY

Crime Summary

County	Violent Crime Offenses	Violent Crime Rate	Property Crime Offenses	Property Crime Rate	Family Violence Offenses	Family Violence Rate	Youth Property Clearances	Youth Property Clearances Rate	Youth Violent Clearances	Youth Violent Clearances Rate
STATEWIDE	112,762	407	775,366	2,800	194,870	704	12,813	386	3,748	113
NCTCOG	24,236	335	183,457	2,534	44,658	617	3,903	435	1,003	112
COLLIN	1,129	119	12,651	1,332	3,036	320	424	324	68	52
DALLAS	12,851	515	86,599	3,468	22,287	893	1,390	483	506	176
DENTON	904	115	8,716	1,105	1,987	252	228	223	43	42
ELLIS	195	113	2,640	1,524	538	310	53	225	19	81
ERATH	60	152	615	1,556	189	478	4	106	1	27
HOOD	91	162	976	1,739	278	495	3	57	1	19
HUNT	247	265	1,877	2,011	616	660	12	109	8	73
JOHNSON	380	227	2,827	1,685	957	570	60	283	20	94
KAUFMAN	245	197	1,794	1,444	641	516	46	269	16	93
NAVARRO	172	334	1,374	2,670	523	1,016	11	176	3	48
PALO PINTO	42	140	653	2,183	72	241	18	542	1	30
PARKER	181	133	1,545	1,132	528	387	20	116	6	35
ROCKWALL	78	81	991	1,034	306	319	32	222	4	28
SOMERVELL	15	159	76	805	29	307	0	0	0	0
TARRANT	7,564	386	59,420	3,032	12,548	640	1,593	652	305	125
WISE	82	124	703	1,060	123	185	9	111	2	25

Notes:

-Adult rate is offenses per 100,000 total population.

-Youth rate is clearances where the offender was under the age of 18 per 100,000 youth aged 10-17.

Source: Office of the Governor's Criminal Justice Division *Resources for Local Criminal Justice Planning – December 2016*

VICTIMS OF CRIME

Introduction

The days, weeks, months and even years after a person is a victim of crime can often be chaotic, overwhelming and highly emotional. Family, friends and the community are impacted by the crime. Not every crime victim will seek assistance immediately following the event; some may wait to find services at a later date. When the victim does seek out assistance, it is crucial that services are available as soon as possible in order to decrease the emotional and physical impacts on victims of crime. It is imperative that when a victim seeks services that they are met with compassion and support. A victim may not understand the legal process of the crime, the medical procedures or the methods of therapy that are available to them. Many victims have symptoms such as confusion, fear, anxiety, emotional numbness, rage and the inability to sleep. Victims of crime are of all ages, races, religions, and socio-economic backgrounds. The services that are rendered to these victims should accommodate their needs.

Based on regional needs assessment survey results, the following victims of crime needs were identified and are recognized as the top five regional priorities:

- Programs focusing on victims of child abuse, family violence, adult and child sexual assault (including shelter services, court services, and court technology improvements such as GPS monitoring of offenders)
- Protective Order assistance for crime victims
- Crisis Intervention services for crime victims
- Counseling/Therapy programs for crime victims
- Training for professionals that serve victims of violent crimes

Needs Assessment results for Victims of Crime:

The list below ranks the importance of victim services, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. Forensic examinations for sexual assault victims
2. Forensic interviews for child abuse victims
3. Crisis intervention
4. Filing protective orders
5. Shelter
6. Mental health assistance (counseling/therapy)
7. Prepare child witnesses for court
8. Victim services to older adults
9. Court advocacy
10. Specialized family violence courts
11. Specialized child abuse courts
12. Specialized high risk teams to prevent domestic violence
13. Developing safety plans
14. Specialized training for professionals
15. Multidisciplinary team case coordination
16. Assistance filing victims compensation claims
17. Information and referral
18. Emergency food
19. Culturally competent services
20. Hotline counseling
21. Community awareness/outreach
22. Transportation
23. Specialized human trafficking programs
24. Acting on behalf of victim for other service providers
25. Clothing
26. Medical accompaniment
27. Assisting victim in recovering property retained as evidence

28. Volunteer recruitment/training

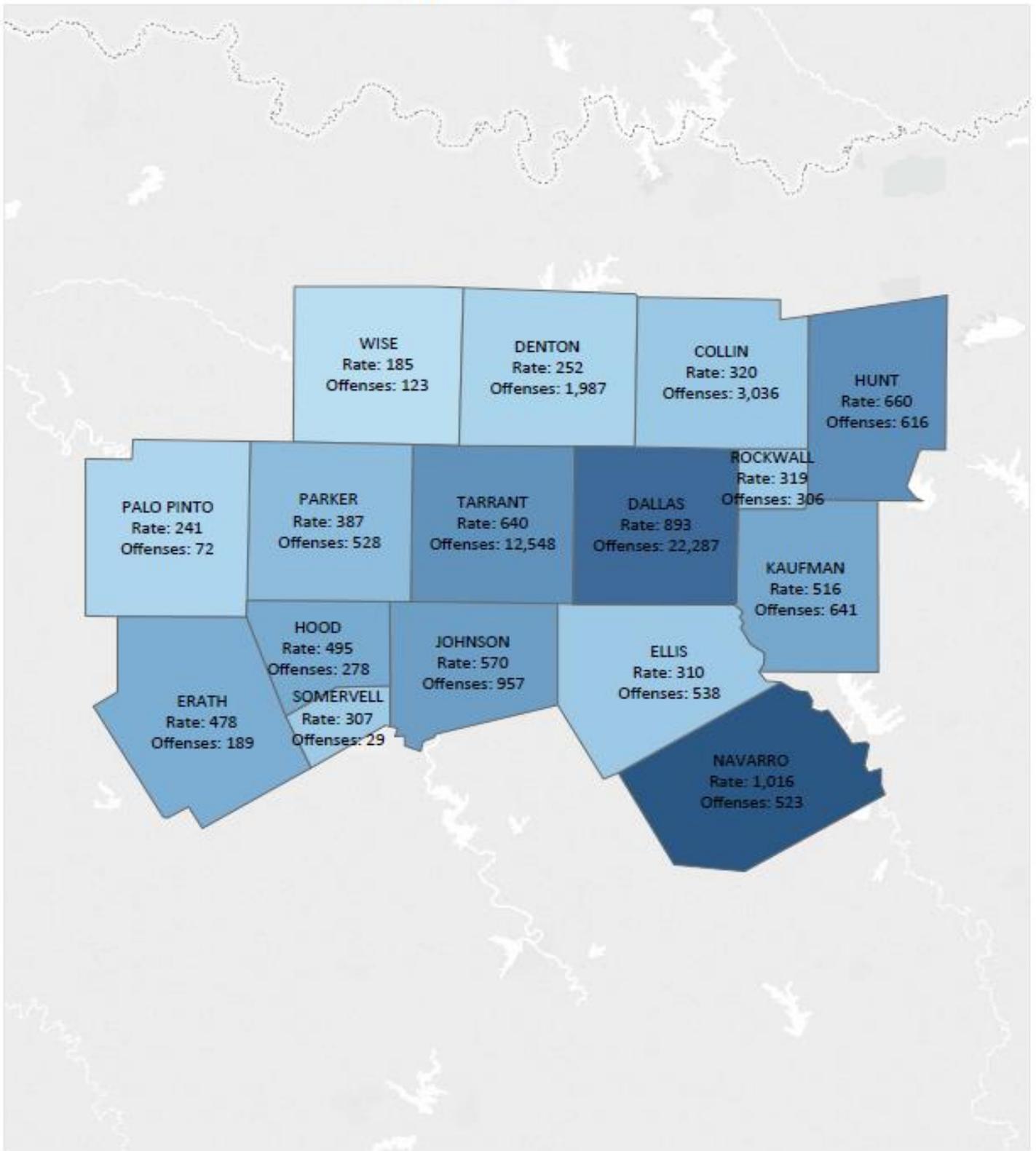
Responders were asked to rank what their community does best in serving victims of crime, with 1 being the top service:

1. Assisting victims to understand and participate in the criminal justice system
2. Responding to the emotional and physical needs of crime victims
3. Providing victims with safety and security
4. Assisting victims in stabilizing their lives after a victimization

Responders were asked to identify and rank the gaps in services for victims of crime, with 1 being the least adequately provided:

1. Mental health assistance (counseling/therapy)
2. Victim services to older adults
3. Culturally competent services
4. Community awareness/outreach
5. Shelter
6. Specialized training for professionals
7. Transportation
8. Crisis intervention
9. Medical accompaniment
10. Multidisciplinary team case coordination
11. Court advocacy
12. Volunteer recruitment/training
13. Developing safety plans
14. Acting on behalf of victim for other service providers
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24. Specialized family violence courts
25. Specialized child abuse courts
26. Assistance filing victims compensation claims
27. Forensic examinations for sexual assault victims
28. Forensic interviews for child abuse victims

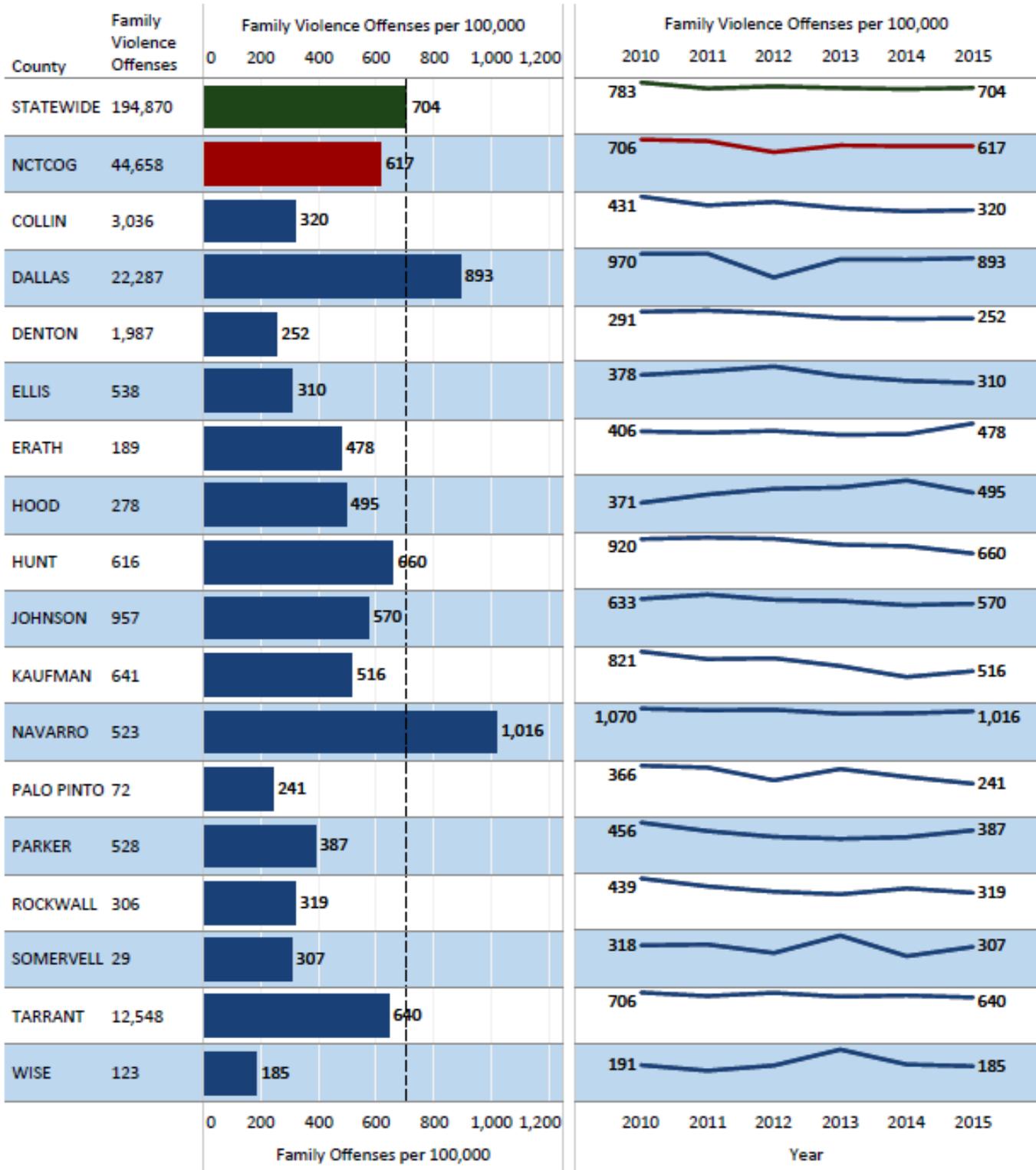
Family Violence Rate - 2015



Source: Office of the Governor's Criminal Justice Division *Resources for Local Criminal Justice Planning – December 2016*

Family Violence Rate - 2015

Family Violence Rate - over time

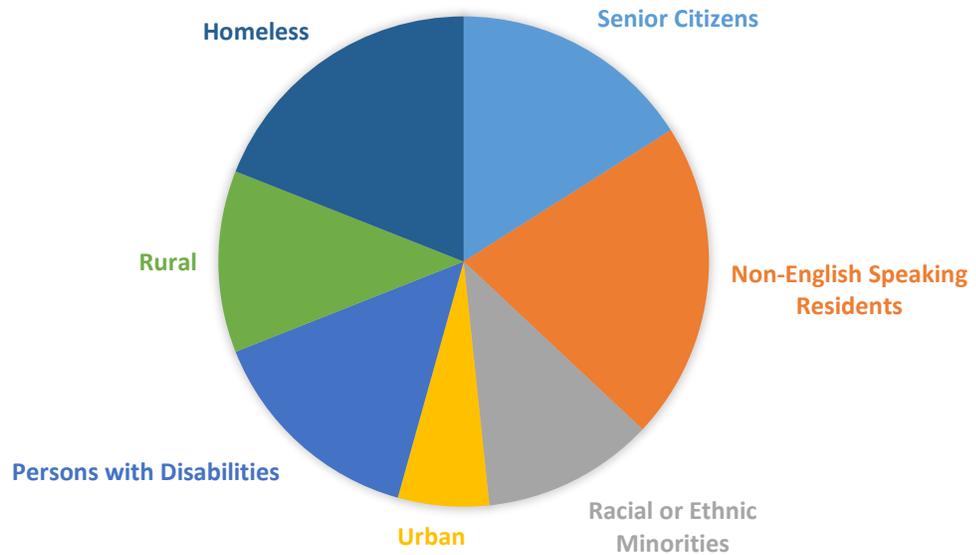


Notes:

- Rate is Department of Public Safety-defined Family Violence offenses per 100,000 total population.
- Any missing data is missing from original Department of Public Safety reporting.

Source: Office of the Governor’s Criminal Justice Division *Resources for Local Criminal Justice Planning – December 2016*

Based on survey results, the chart below indicates the most under-served victims of crime populations



JUVENILE JUSTICE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

Introduction

The intent of the juvenile justice system is focused upon rehabilitation, as opposed to punishment, in an effort to maximize the chances of the juvenile becoming a well-adjusted and contributing member of our society. Young people should not be expected to have the same values and judgment as adults. This is especially true if they have been the victim of poverty, neglect, and abuse. Swift and effective intervention can often spell the difference between a law-abiding life and a career of crime. Young lives can be salvaged. If we do not deal appropriately with them as juveniles, we will most certainly deal with them later as adults, and the costs will be much greater.

Based on regional needs assessment survey results, the following juvenile justice needs were identified and are recognized as the top five regional priorities:

- Programs that improve life skills and/or family stability (including parent education)
- Prevention and/or intervention programs focused on reducing the use of alcohol, tobacco, and illicit drugs
- Counseling/therapy programs to address mental health issues in juveniles
- Drop-out prevention programs and/or diversion programs
- Programs focused on employment skills/job training for juveniles

Needs Assessment results for Juvenile Justice:

The list below ranks the importance of Juvenile Justice services, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. Family stability
2. Character building
3. Violence prevention
4. Mental health services
5. Substance abuse early intervention
6. Employability skills/training
7. Life skills
8. Substance abuse prevention
9. Offender accountability
10. Drop-out prevention
11. Job readiness
12. Parent education
13. After school programs
14. Bully prevention
15. School resource officers
16. Specialized training for professionals
17. First offender programs
18. Mentoring
19. Community education
20. Truancy prevention
21. Gang prevention
22. Community service
23. Specialized juvenile offender courts
24. Specialized services for female offenders
25. Tobacco use prevention
- 26.

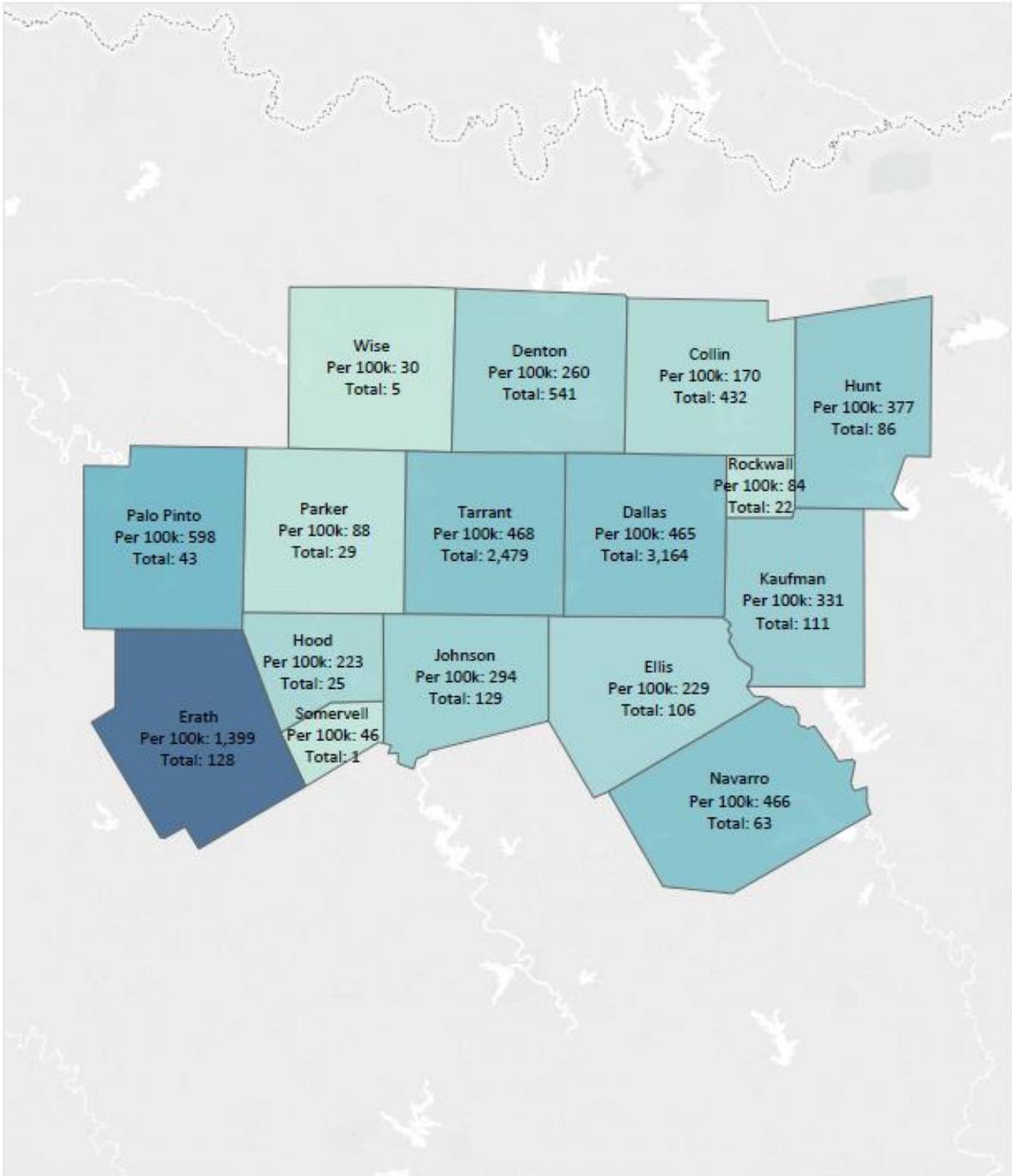
Responders ranked what their community does best in serving youth, with 1 being the top service:

1. Effective training for professionals
2. Juvenile justice system
3. Effective education programs for juveniles
4. Preventing violence in and around schools
5. Effective prevention programs for juveniles
6. Effective treatment programs for juveniles
7. Involve parents and communities to foster a safe and drug-free learning environment that supports student academic achievement
8. Parental involvement/parental education
9. Preventing illegal use of alcohol, tobacco and drugs

Responders were asked to identify and rank the gaps in services for juvenile justice issues, with 1 being the least adequately provided:

1. Violence prevention
2. Substance abuse prevention
3. Mental health services
4. After school programs
5. Truancy prevention
6. Substance abuse early intervention
7. Parent education
8. Life skills
9. Job readiness
10. Employability skills/training
11. Community education
12. Character building
13. Family stability
14. Offender accountability
15. Drop-out prevention
16. Mentoring
17. Tobacco use prevention
18. Bully prevention
19. Community service
20. Specialized training for professionals
21. Gang prevention
22. First offender programs
23. School resource officers
24. Specialized juvenile offender courts
25. Specialized services for female offenders

Children in Delinquency Programs - 2015



Source: Office of the Governor's Criminal Justice Division *Resources for Local Criminal Justice Planning – December 2016*

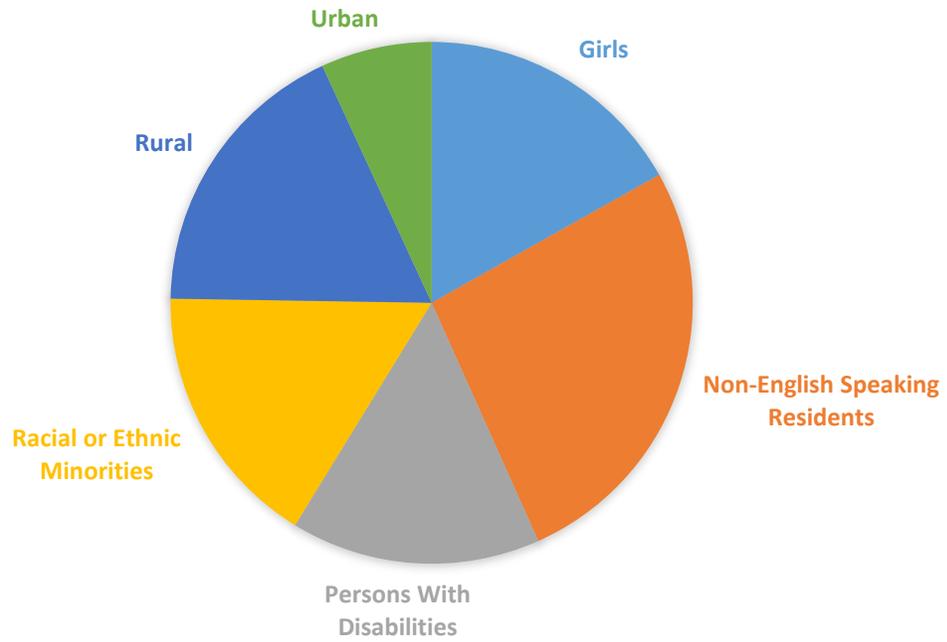
Delinquency Program Participants by County - 2015

County	Total Children in Juvenile Delinquency Prevention Programs	Delinquency Program Participation per 100,000	Program Participants - STAR (Services to At-Risk Youth)	Program Participants - CYD (Community Youth Development)	Program Participants - SYSN (Statewide Youth Services Network)
Collin	432	170	272	0	160
Dallas	3,164	465	824	1,998	342
Denton	541	260	462	1	78
Ellis	106	229	89	0	17
Erath	128	1,399	103	0	25
Hood	25	223	25	0	0
Hunt	86	377	1	0	85
Johnson	129	294	127	0	2
Kaufman	111	331	110	0	1
Navarro	63	466	63	0	0
Palo Pinto	43	598	43	0	0
Parker	29	88	29	0	0
Rockwall	22	84	9	0	13
Somervell	1	46	1	0	0
Tarrant	2,479	468	1,371	870	238
Wise	5	30	5	0	0

-Children refers to all individuals below the age of 18.

Source: Office of the Governor's Criminal Justice Division *Resources for Local Criminal Justice Planning – December 2016*

Based on survey results, the chart below indicates the most under-served juvenile justice populations



MENTAL HEALTH

Introduction

Researchers have found the people with mental deficiencies are twice as likely as others to be victimized. Factors such as impaired cognitive abilities and judgment, physical disabilities, insufficient adaptive behaviors, constant interactions with “protector” who exploit them, lack of knowledge on how to protect themselves, and living and working in high-risk environments increase the vulnerability of people with mental illness to victimization.

As victims, people with mental illness may be reluctant to report a crime due to fear of retaliation or not clearly understanding that they have been victimized. If an investigation is launched, the victim may be perceived as an unreliable witness or may not have the skills to articulate the criminal event.

Based on regional needs assessment survey results, the following mental health needs were identified and are recognized as the top five regional priorities:

- Specialized training for law enforcement on mental health issues
- Outpatient treatment programs
- Access to medication
- Housing needs for people with mental illness
- Residential treatment programs

Needs Assessment results for Mental Health:

The list below ranks the importance of Mental Health issues, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. Specialized training for law enforcement on mental health issues
2. Outpatient treatment programs
3. Access to medication
4. Housing needs for people with mental illness
5. Residential treatment programs
6. Specialized training for victim assistance advocates on mental health issues
7. Specialized training for court personnel on mental health issues
8. Culturally-competent services

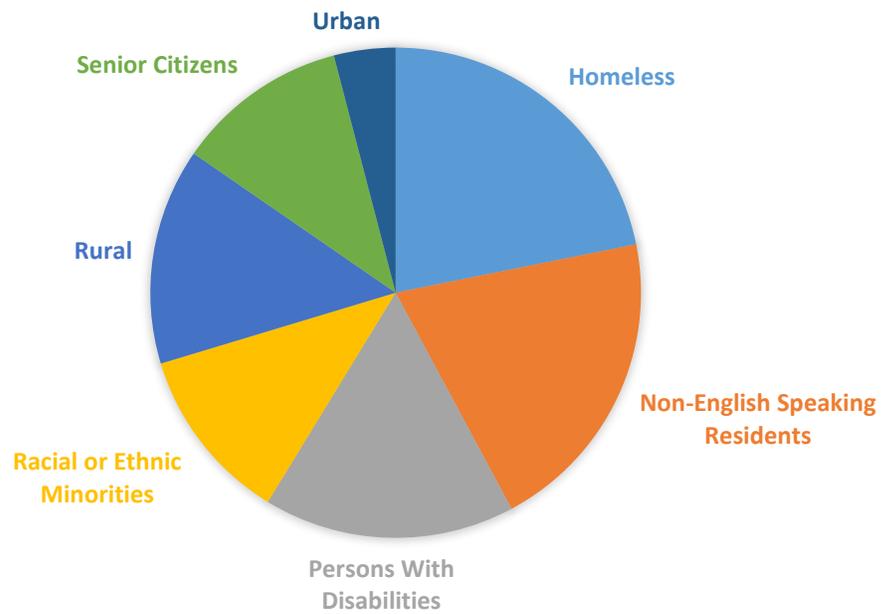
Responders ranked what their community does best in serving individuals with Mental Health issues, with 1 being the top service:

1. Case management for clients
2. Justice system navigation for clients
3. Training of justice professionals in mental health issues
4. Mental health courts
5. Service navigation for clients

Responders were asked to identify and rank the gaps in services for Mental Health issues, with 1 being the least adequately provided:

1. Housing needs for people with mental illness
2. Residential treatment programs
3. Outpatient treatment programs
4. Culturally-competent services
5. Access to medications
6. Specialized training for court personnel on mental health issues
7. Specialized training for victim assistance advocates on mental health issues
8. Specialized training for law enforcement on mental health issues

Based on survey results, the chart below indicates the most under-served mental health populations



SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Introduction

The total economic cost associated with alcohol and drug abuse in Texas is over \$25 billion (National Alcoholism Center). Consequences of abuse include crime, premature death, reduced or lost productivity in the workplace, and motor vehicle accidents, to name a few.

Based on regional needs assessment survey results, the following substance abuse needs were identified and are recognized as the top five regional priorities:

- Substance abuse intervention
- Substance abuse prevention
- School-based prevention programs
- Outpatient treatment programs
- Counseling/therapy

Needs Assessment results for Substance Abuse:

The list below ranks the importance of Substance Abuse-related services, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. Substance abuse intervention
2. Substance abuse prevention
3. School-based prevention programs
4. Outpatient treatment programs
5. Counseling/therapy
6. Treatment programs for offenders
7. Residential treatment programs
8. DWI intervention
9. Alcohol education programs for minors
10. Alternatives to incarceration
11. Culturally competent services
12. Tobacco prevention programs for youth

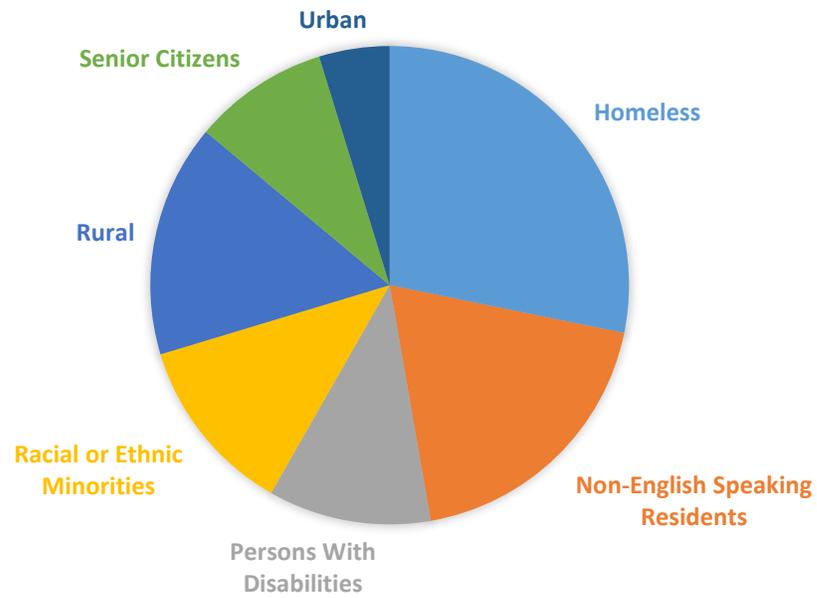
Responders ranked what their community does best in serving individuals with Substance Abuse issues, with 1 being the top service:

1. Drug courts
2. Counseling/therapy
3. Substance abuse intervention
4. Substance abuse prevention

Responders were asked to identify and rank the gaps in services for Substance Abuse issues, with 1 being the least adequately provided:

1. Prevention of drug-related offenses
2. Outpatient treatment programs
3. Residential treatment programs
4. Prenatal exposure to illicit drugs
5. Culturally competent services

Based on survey results, the chart below indicates the most under-served substance abuse populations



CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Introduction

Crime rates may have declined, but many incidents remain serious and the demand for public safety continues to be high. The nature of the crime now includes fear of terrorist attack, identity theft, and cybercrimes that reflect the global aspects of our society. Police departments not only must continue to respond to traditional crime problems, but also must now address new ways in which to minimize risks to citizens and communities. Innovations in policing include more cooperation across jurisdictional boundaries and with agencies and information systems that have previously not been considered relevant to law enforcement. Police departments also have adopted policies and procedures that recognize, formally, the responsibilities police officers actually always have had for crime prevention and order maintenance that extend beyond crime fighting. To do their job effectively, police officers must be well equipped and capable of solving a wide range of public safety problems.

Today many criminal justice systems operate within constrained budgets and in response to new crime problems. Criminal justice systems also must appease public demand both for less crime and for punishment of offenders. Legal systems have new responsibilities in addressing the needs of victims, and the role of victims also has grown in case processing.

Technology is a major thrust in improving criminal justice in the NCTCOG region. Funding for law enforcement equipment that advances the efficiency of the agency or improves safety for officers is paramount in impacting crime on the local level.

Based on regional needs assessment survey results, the following criminal justice needs were identified and are recognized as the top five regional priorities for staffing-based projects:

- Programs focused on child abuse, family violence and/or sexual assault crimes
- Programs to reduce and/or respond to drug trafficking
- Programs to reduce and/or respond to DWI/DUI crimes
- Programs to enhance crime scene investigation
- Programs providing law enforcement training

Based on regional needs assessment survey results, the following criminal justice needs were identified and are recognized as the top five regional priorities for equipment-only projects:

- Community Policing/Crime Prevention
- Equipment System Improvements
- Evidence Collection and/or Processing
- Interoperability Communications
- Traffic Enforcement

Needs Assessment results for Criminal Justice Services:

The list below ranks the importance of Law Enforcement services, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. Family violence investigation
2. Training for law enforcement
3. Adequate response time to emergency calls
4. Crime scene investigation
5. DWI enforcement
6. Specialized training on mental health-related calls
7. Police visibility within community
8. Victim assistance advocacy
9. Drug enforcement

10. Terrorism prevention/counter-terrorism
11. Gang prevention
12. Neighborhood watch
13. Adequate arrest rates
14. Cold case investigation
15. Citizens on patrol
16. Speed enforcement

Responders ranked what their law enforcement agencies do best, with 1 being the top service:

1. Community visibility
2. Responding to crime
3. Reducing crime

Responders were asked to identify and rank the gaps in services for Law Enforcement services, with 1 being the least adequately provided:

1. Specialized training on mental health-related calls
2. Training for law enforcement
3. Drug enforcement
4. Family violence investigation
5. Victim assistance advocacy
6. Cold case investigation
7. DWI enforcement
8. Adequate response time to emergency calls
9. Neighborhood watch
10. Terrorism prevention/counter-terrorism
11. Police visibility within community
12. Crime scene investigation
13. Gang prevention
14. Citizens on patrol
15. Adequate arrest rates
16. Speed enforcement

The list below ranks the importance of Law Enforcement equipment, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. In-car video systems
2. Radio systems
3. Crime scene investigation equipment/supplies
4. In-car computers
5. Body worn cameras
6. Evidence/Property room
7. Computer forensic software
8. Surveillance
9. SWAT equipment
10. Live Scan
11. Mobile command unit
12. AEDs
13. K9 equipment/supplies
14. Radar unit
15. Automated license plate readers
16. Watch tower
17. Patrol boat

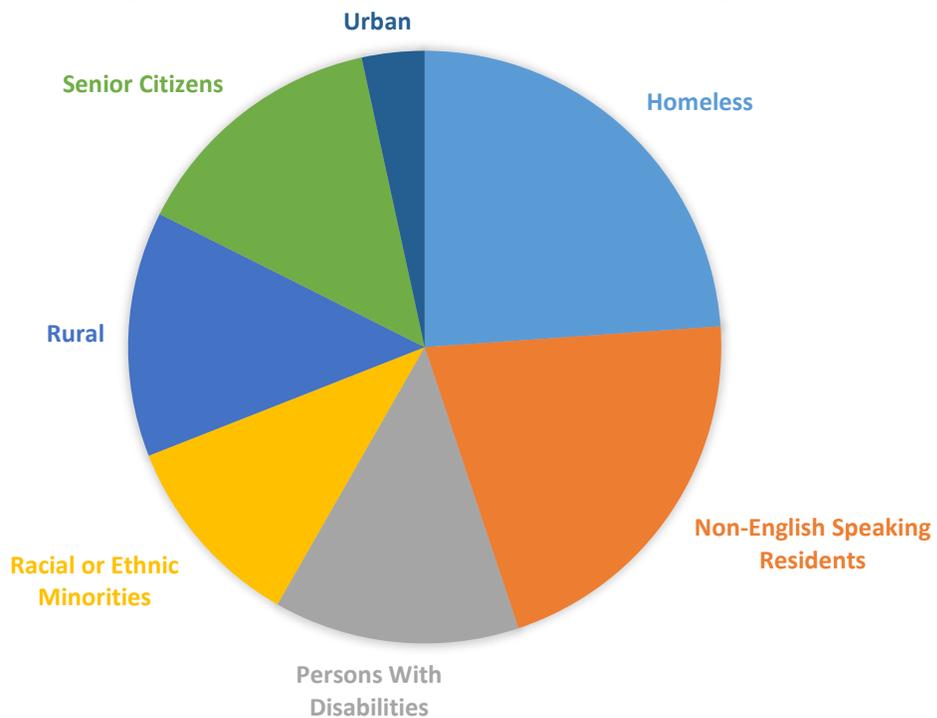
The list below ranks the importance of Judicial System services, with 1 being the highest priority:

1. Crimes against children investigators/prosecutors
2. Sexual assault investigators/prosecutors
3. Mental health court
4. Justice information system
5. GPS monitoring of offenders
6. Defense investigators/prosecutors
7. Adult drug court
8. Juvenile drug court
9. Court security equipment
10. Diversion programs
11. Reentry court

Responders were asked to identify and rank the gaps in services for Judicial System services, with 1 being the least adequately provided:

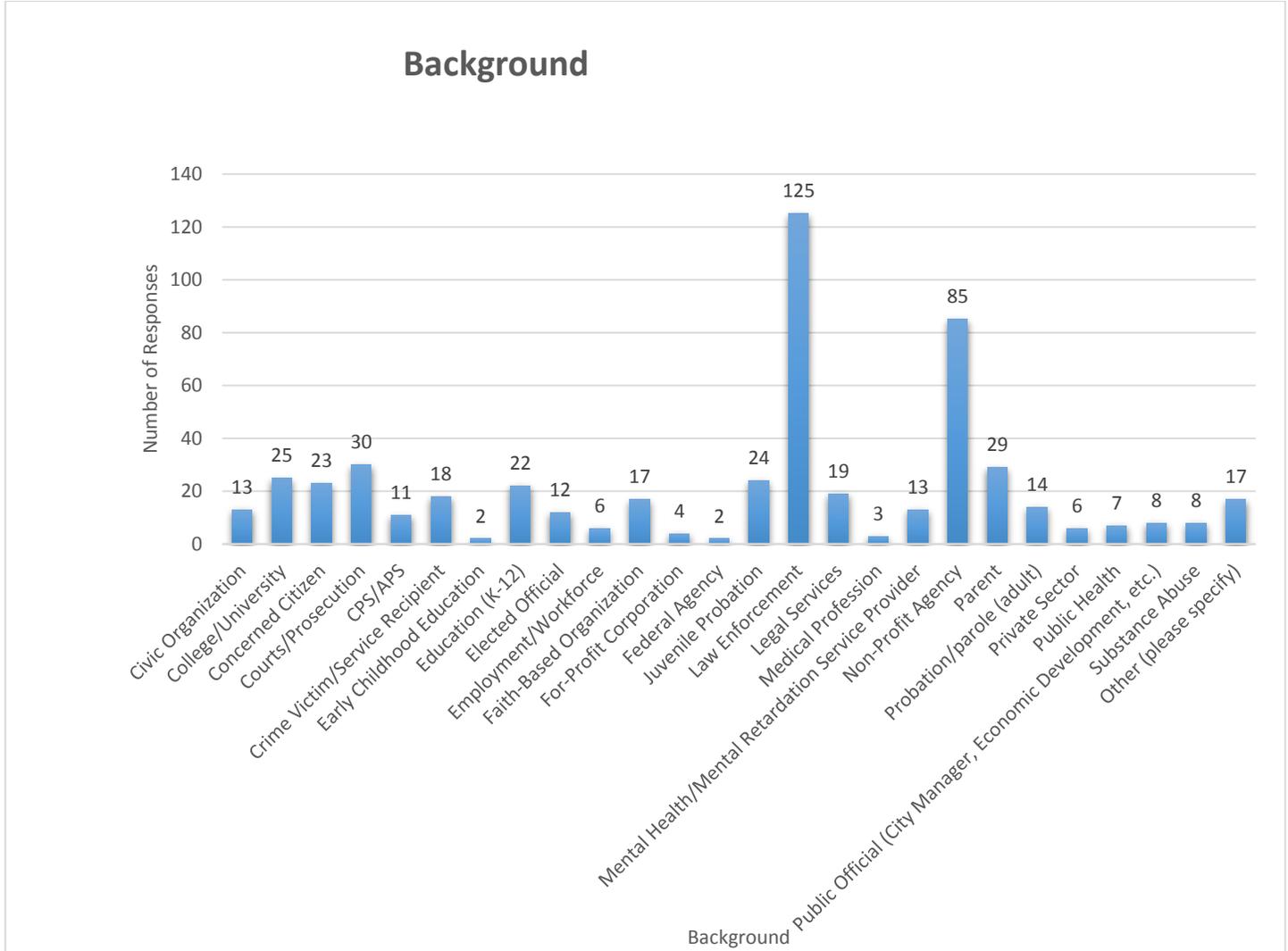
1. GPS monitoring of offenders
2. Crimes against children investigators/prosecutors
3. Sexual assault investigators/prosecutors
4. Diversion programs
5. Mental health court
6. Justice information system
7. Defense investigators/prosecutors
8. Court security equipment
9. Reentry court
10. Adult drug court
11. Juvenile drug court

Based on survey results, the chart below indicates the most under-served populations for law enforcement/judicial services



Regional Strategic Plan Needs Assessment Survey Participants

As demonstrated in the table below, needs assessment survey participants represented a variety of backgrounds.



Below are agencies that responded to the needs assessment distributed in December 2015. Please note that responders were allowed to participate anonymously. The agencies listed below elected to provide their contact information:

- 362nd District Court (Denton County)
- Addison Police Department
- Allen Police Department
- Alliance For Children
- Anna Police Department
- Arlington Life Shelter
- Arlington Police Department
- At Home Agency
- Azle Fire Marshal's Office
- Azle Police Department
- Azle, City of
- Blue Mound Police Department
- Brighter Tomorrows
- Campaign to Keep Guns off Campus
- Carrollton Police Department

CASA of Collin County
Catholic Charities of Dallas, Immigration and Legal Services
Cedar Hill Police Department
Celina Police Department
Challenge of Tarrant County
Child and Family Guidance Center
Child Protective Services
Children First, Inc.
Cityview Community Church
Cleburne ISD
Collin County Sheriff's Office
Commerce ISD Police Department
Coppell Police Department
Cornerstone Assistance Network
Corsicana Police Department
Crime Control Prevention District
Dallas Area Rape Crisis Center
Dallas Area Rapid Transit
Dallas Children's Advocacy Center
Dallas County Administration
Dallas County Adult Probation
Dallas County Juvenile Department
Dallas county Sheriff's Office
Dallas Marshal's Office
Dallas Police Department
Denton County District Attorney's Office
Denton County CSCD
Denton County Friends of the Family
Denton Police Department
DRC Solutions
Duncanville Police Department
Ellis County Juvenile Services
Ellis County Sheriff's Office
Erath County Sheriff's Office
Euless Police Department
Faith Bible Church
Family Advocacy Center
Fate Department of Public Safety
FBC Stephenville
Flower Mound Police Department
Fort Worth ISD
Fort Worth Police Department
Freedom House
Frisco Police Department
Girls Inc. of Tarrant County
Glenn Heights Fire Department
Glenn Heights Police Department
Godley Police Department
Godley, City of
Grand Prairie Police Department
GrantEd
Greenville Police Department
Haltom City Police Department
Highland Park DPS
Hood County Sheriff's Office
Hope Women's Shelter, Inc.

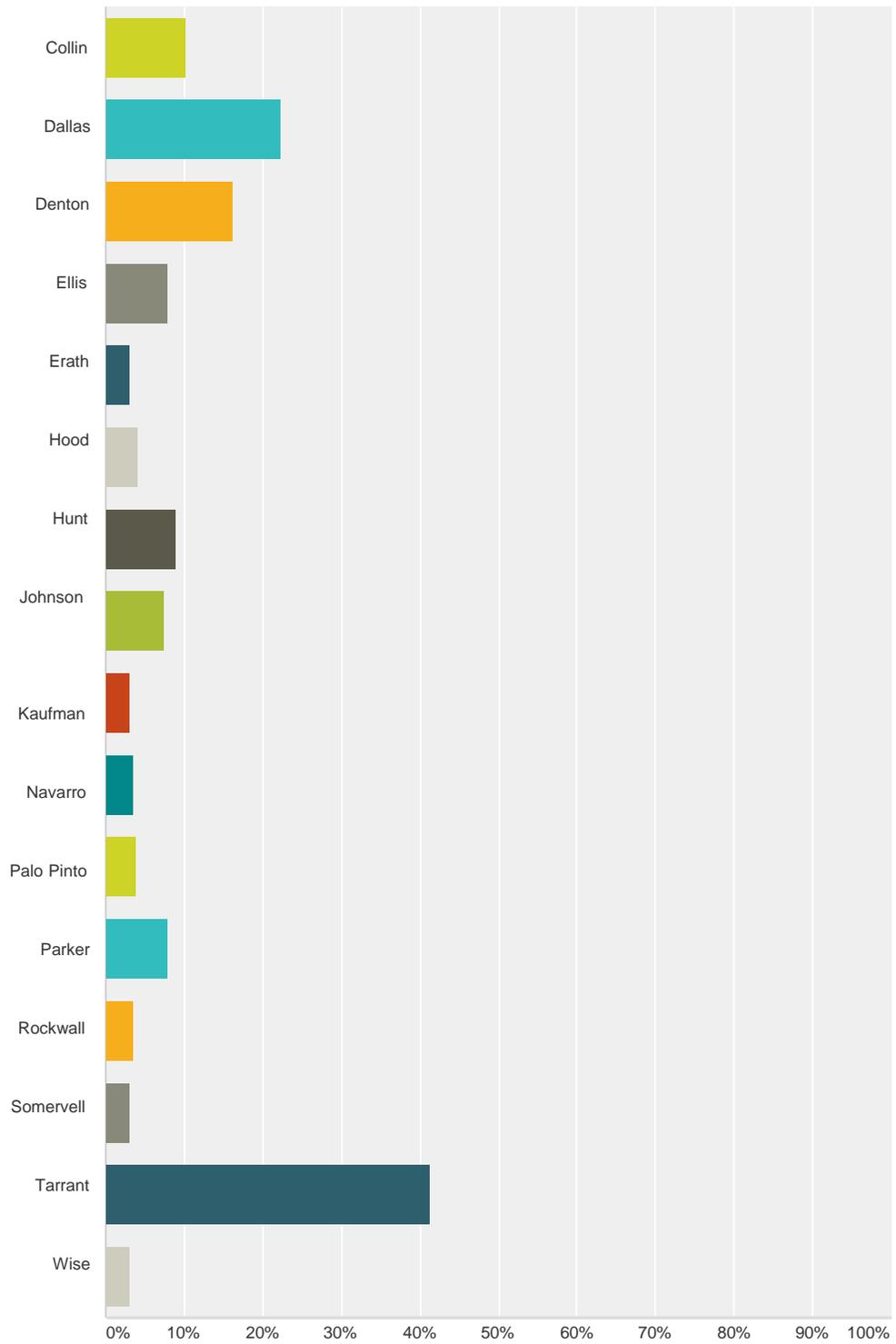
Hunt County Children's Advocacy Center
Hunt County CPS Investigations
Hunt County District Attorney's Office
Hunt County Juvenile Probation Services
Hunt County Sheriff's Office
Hunt County Administration
Hurst Police Department
Irving Police Department
Johnson County Administration
Johnson County CSCD
Johnson County Family Crisis Center
Johnson County Sheriff's Office
Kaufman County Administration
Kaufman Police Department
Kennedale, City of
Kerens Police Department
Lake Worth, City of
Leadership for Educational Equity
Lee Ann Breeding, Attorney at Law, P.C.
Little Elm, Town of
Mansfield Police Department
Mansfield, City of
McKinney DAEP, Collin County JJAEP, JDC
Midlothian ISD
Mission Granbury
Navarro County Administration
Navarro County District Attorney's Office
NCTCOG
New Beginning Center
North Richland Hills Police Department
Northlake Police Department
One Safe Place
Ovilla Police Department
Palo Pinto County CSCD
Palo Pinto County District Attorney's Office
Parker County Attorney's Office
Parker County Constables Office, Precinct 1
Parker County Sheriff's Office
Plano ISD
Plano Police Department
Prosper, Town of
Quinlan ISD Police Department
Quinlan Police Department
Richland Hills Police Department
River Oaks Police Department
SafeHaven of Tarrant County
Sanger Police Department
Santa Fe Youth Services, a Division of Youth Advocate Programs
Southlake Police Department
Springtown, City of
Stephenville Police Department
Tarleton State University
Tarrant County Administration
Tarrant County College District (NW)
Tarrant County CSCD
Tarrant County Constable

Tarrant County Criminal District Attorney's Office
Tarrant County Juvenile Services
Tarrant County Samaritan Housing, Inc.
Tarrant County Sheriff's Office
Tarrant Regional Auto Crimes Task Force
Terrell ISD
Terrell Police Department
Texas A&M - Commerce
Texas A&M University Commerce Police Department
Texas Coalition to Abolish the Death Penalty
Texas Department of Public Safety
The Center for Transforming Lives
The Colony, City of
The Community Enrichment Center Open Arms Program
The Family Place
The Women's Center of Tarrant County
Trauma Support Services of North Texas, Inc.
University of Dallas
University of Texas School of Public Health
University Park Police Department
VIP/Rape Crisis Center
Watauga, City of
Waxahachie Police Department
Weatherford College
Weatherford Police Department
Weatherford, City of
Westover Hills Police Department
Wise County Domestic Violence Task Force
Wolf Legal Nurse Consultants, Inc.
Women in Need, Inc.
Wylie Police Department

**North Central Texas
Council of Governments
Regional Criminal Justice Strategic Plan
2016-2017**

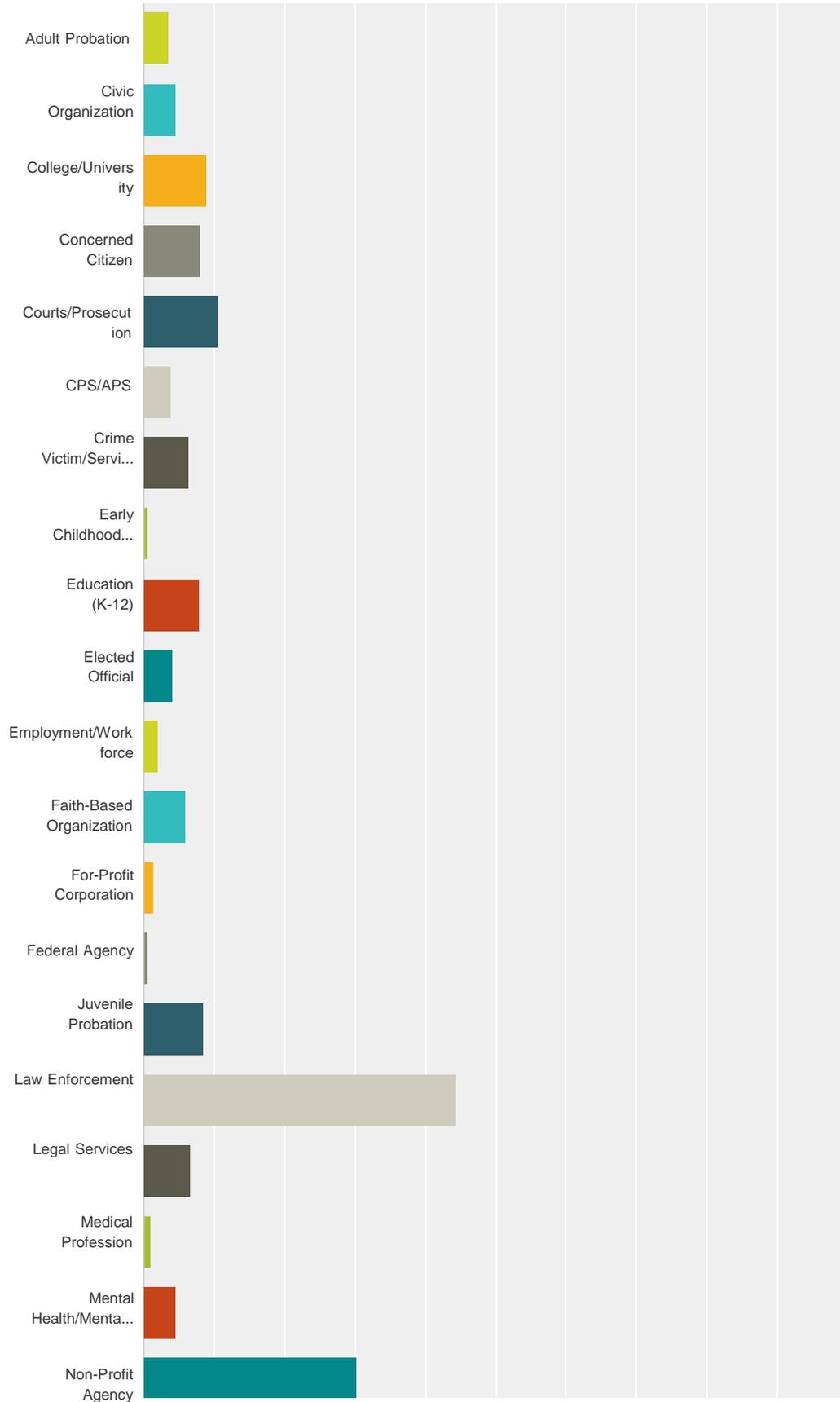
**Survey Results from December 2015
Needs Assessment
Appendix A**

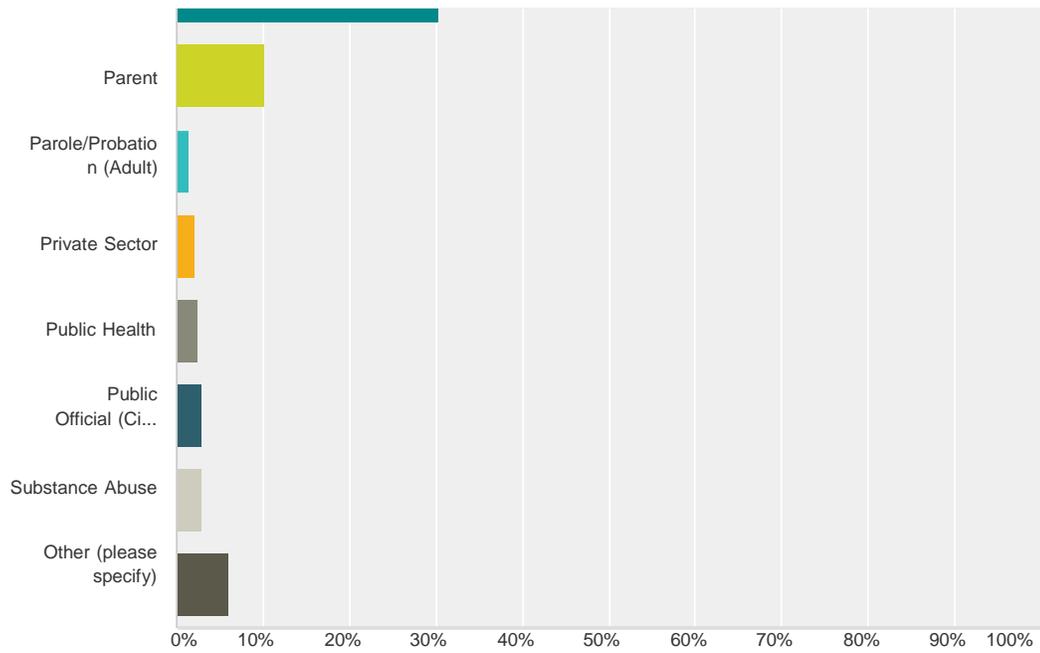
Responders by county:



Answer Choices	Responses	
Collin	10.32%	29
Dallas	22.42%	63
Denton	16.37%	46
Ellis	7.83%	22
Erath	3.20%	9
Hood	4.27%	12
Hunt	8.90%	25
Johnson	7.47%	21
Kaufman	3.20%	9
Navarro	3.56%	10
Palo Pinto	3.91%	11
Parker	7.83%	22
Rockwall	3.56%	10
Somervell	3.20%	9
Tarrant	41.28%	116
Wise	3.20%	9
Total Respondents: 281		

Background (check all that apply)



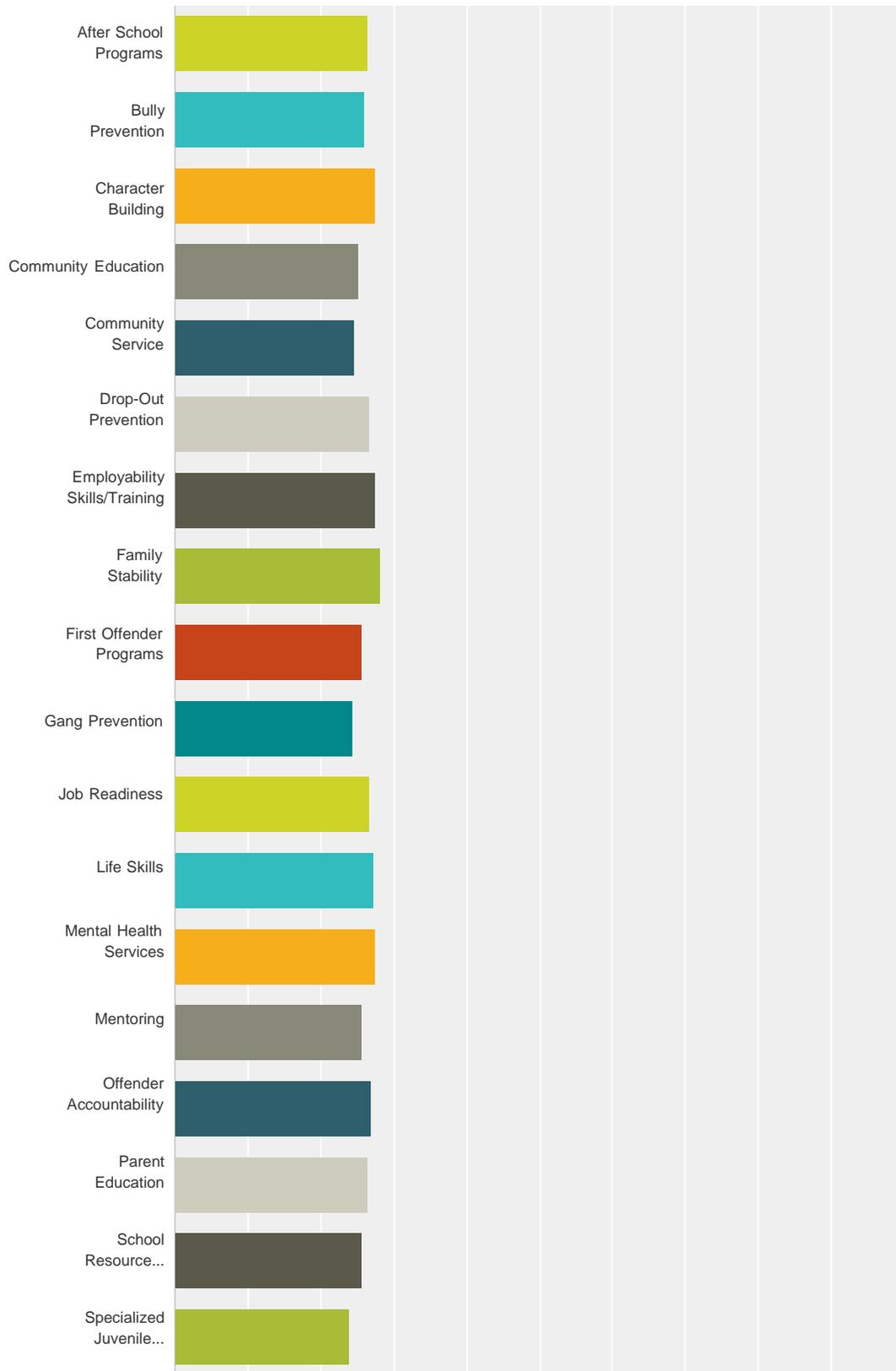


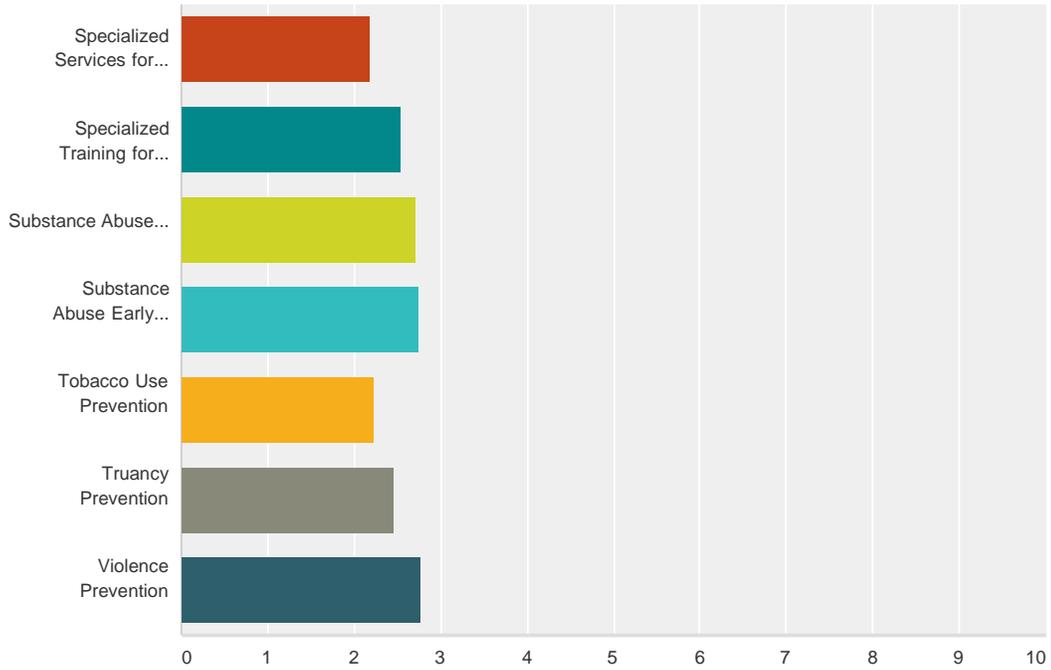
Answer Choices	Responses	
Adult Probation	3.56%	10
Civic Organization	4.63%	13
College/University	8.90%	25
Concerned Citizen	8.19%	23
Courts/Prosecution	10.68%	30
CPS/APS	3.91%	11
Crime Victim/Service Recipient	6.41%	18
Early Childhood Education	0.71%	2
Education (K-12)	7.83%	22
Elected Official	4.27%	12
Employment/Workforce	2.14%	6
Faith-Based Organization	6.05%	17
For-Profit Corporation	1.42%	4
Federal Agency	0.71%	2
Juvenile Probation	8.54%	24
Law Enforcement	44.48%	125
Legal Services	6.76%	19
Medical Profession	1.07%	3
Mental Health/Mental Retardation Service Provider	4.63%	13

Non-Profit Agency	30.25%	85
Parent	10.32%	29
Parole/Probation (Adult)	1.42%	4
Private Sector	2.14%	6
Public Health	2.49%	7
Public Official (City Manager, Economic Development, etc.)	2.85%	8
Substance Abuse	2.85%	8
Other (please specify)	6.05%	17
Total Respondents: 281		

#	Other (please specify)	Date
1	Domestic Violence Advocate	1/7/2016 7:54 PM
2	Justice Information Technology	1/7/2016 4:18 PM
3	Domestic Violence Emergency Shelter	1/7/2016 12:14 PM
4	non-profit counseling center	1/7/2016 11:18 AM
5	Domestic Violence Agency	1/7/2016 10:20 AM
6	Crime Victim Services	1/7/2016 9:35 AM
7	victim service provider	1/7/2016 9:19 AM
8	County Criminal Justice Administrator	1/7/2016 9:12 AM
9	Domestic Violence Victims Assistance Services Provider	1/6/2016 10:06 AM
10	Domestic Violence / Battering Intervention	1/5/2016 3:45 PM
11	Domestic Violence Victim Services	1/5/2016 2:29 PM
12	Prevention, Intervention, and Counseling for Adolescents	1/4/2016 12:59 PM
13	Grant Writer	1/4/2016 9:31 AM
14	Judicial	12/29/2015 2:01 PM
15	Victim Advocate	12/29/2015 10:18 AM
16	Domestic Violence Agency/Service Provider	12/29/2015 9:59 AM
17	Children's Advocacy Center	11/12/2013 2:40 PM

What do you think are the most important services to juveniles within your county?

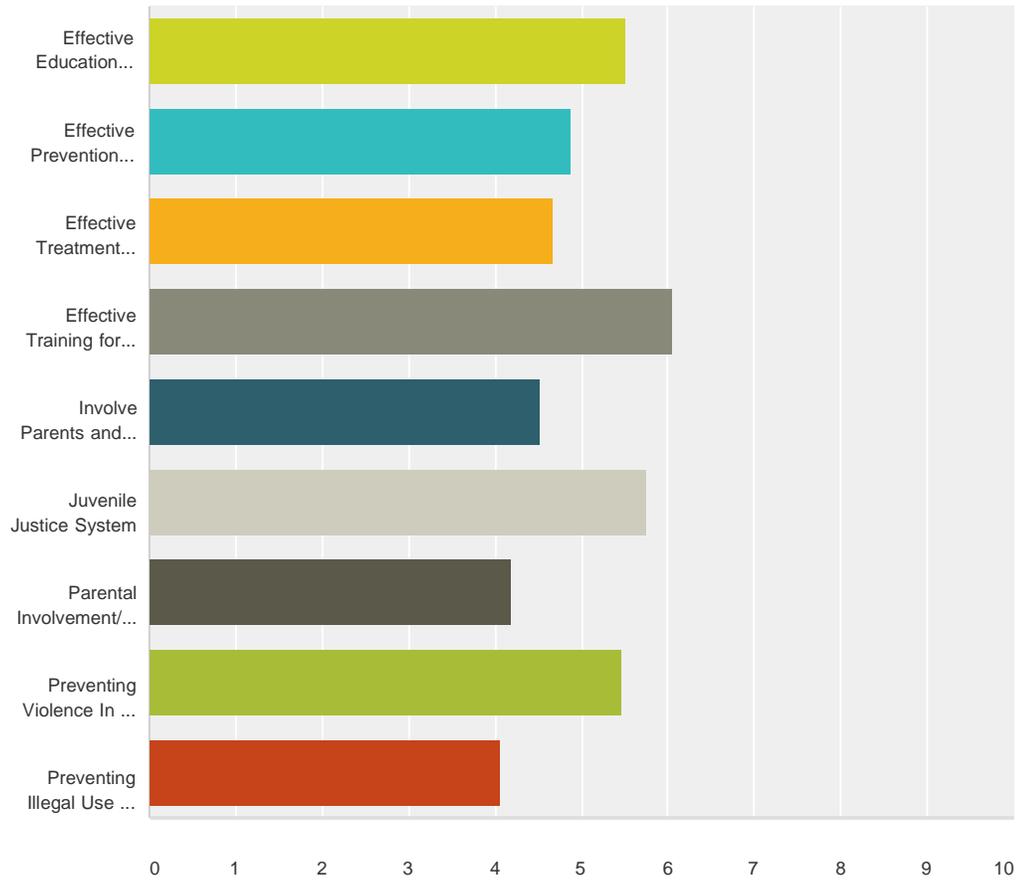




	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
After School Programs	1.45% 3	30.43% 63	66.67% 138	1.45% 3	207	2.66
Bully Prevention	3.38% 7	32.85% 68	61.84% 128	1.93% 4	207	2.60
Character Building	3.86% 8	15.46% 32	79.23% 164	1.45% 3	207	2.76
Community Education	3.92% 8	39.22% 80	55.39% 113	1.47% 3	204	2.52
Community Service	5.39% 11	42.16% 86	50.49% 103	1.96% 4	204	2.46
Drop-Out Prevention	3.33% 7	24.76% 52	70.48% 148	1.43% 3	210	2.68
Employability Skills/Training	1.46% 3	21.84% 45	74.76% 154	1.94% 4	206	2.75
Family Stability	1.44% 3	15.31% 32	81.34% 170	1.91% 4	209	2.81
First Offender Programs	2.88% 6	36.54% 76	58.65% 122	1.92% 4	208	2.57
Gang Prevention	7.25% 15	40.58% 84	50.72% 105	1.45% 3	207	2.44
Job Readiness	2.43% 5	27.18% 56	68.93% 142	1.46% 3	206	2.67
Life Skills	1.91% 4	22.97% 48	73.68% 154	1.44% 3	209	2.73
Mental Health Services	1.97% 4	21.18% 43	76.35% 155	0.49% 1	203	2.75
Mentoring	1.94% 4	39.81% 82	57.77% 119	0.49% 1	206	2.56

Offender Accountability	1.46% 3	26.70% 55	70.87% 146	0.97% 2	206	2.70
Parent Education	1.93% 4	29.95% 62	67.15% 139	0.97% 2	207	2.66
School Resource Officers	4.83% 10	33.33% 69	60.87% 126	0.97% 2	207	2.57
Specialized Juvenile Offender Courts	6.28% 13	45.89% 95	46.38% 96	1.45% 3	207	2.41
Specialized Services for Female Offenders	17.50% 35	43.50% 87	36.50% 73	2.50% 5	200	2.19
Specialized Training for Professionals	5.34% 11	33.50% 69	59.22% 122	1.94% 4	206	2.55
Substance Abuse Prevention	1.45% 3	26.09% 54	71.01% 147	1.45% 3	207	2.71
Substance Abuse Early Intervention	0.97% 2	21.36% 44	75.24% 155	2.43% 5	206	2.76
Tobacco Use Prevention	11.65% 24	51.94% 107	34.95% 72	1.46% 3	206	2.24
Truancy Prevention	6.34% 13	39.51% 81	52.68% 108	1.46% 3	205	2.47
Violence Prevention	0.94% 2	20.75% 44	76.89% 163	1.42% 3	212	2.77

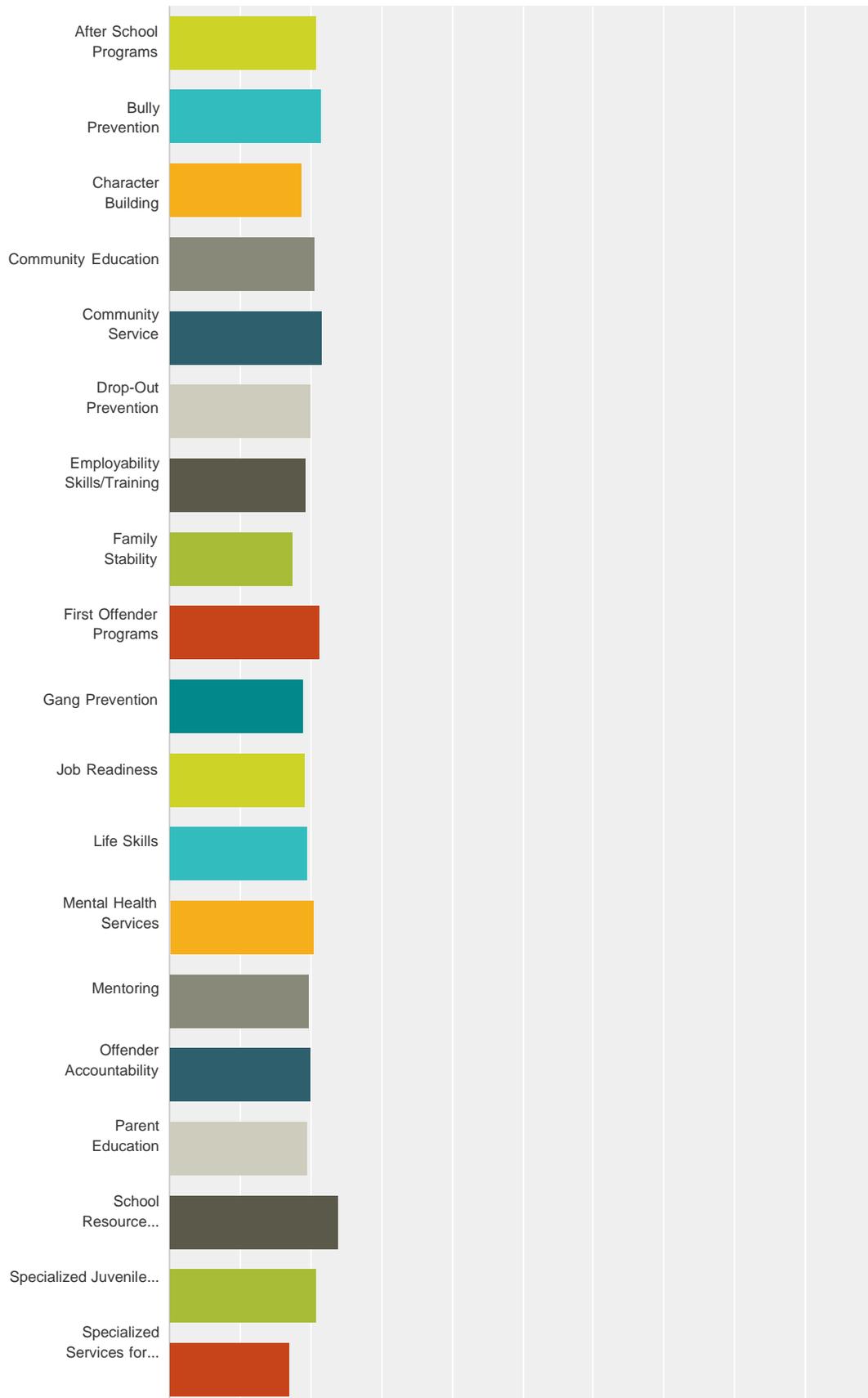
What do you think your community does best in serving juveniles in your county? (Please rank 1 being the best, 9 needing the most improvement)

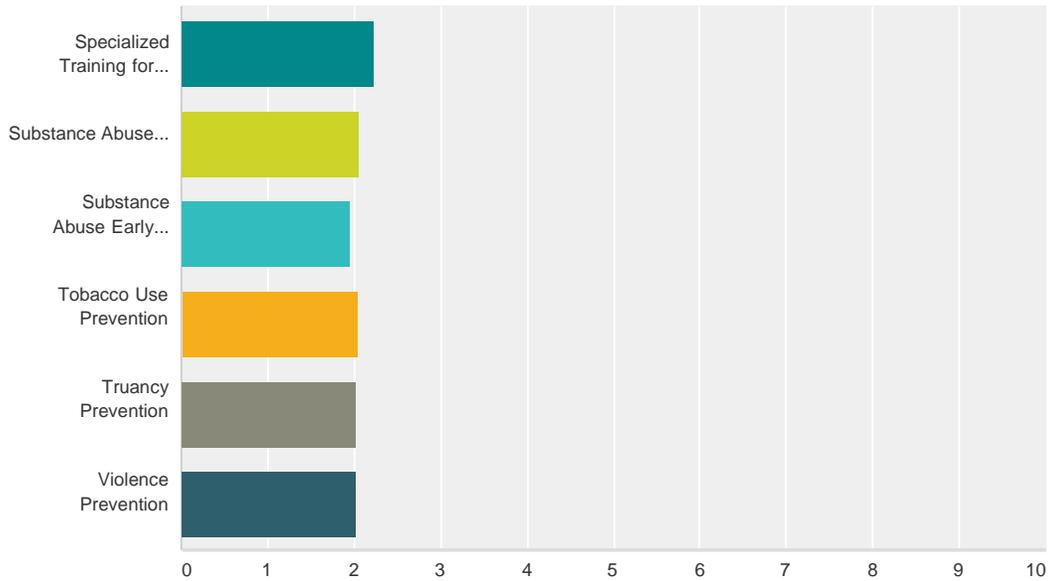


	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	N/A	Total	Score
Effective Education Programs for Juveniles	10.87% 15	12.32% 17	5.07% 7	15.94% 22	10.87% 15	10.87% 15	7.97% 11	4.35% 6	5.80% 8	15.94% 22	138	5.52
Effective Prevention Programs for Juveniles	5.56% 8	6.94% 10	11.11% 16	10.42% 15	13.19% 19	13.89% 20	12.50% 18	11.81% 17	2.78% 4	11.81% 17	144	4.89
Effective Treatment Programs for Juveniles	3.38% 5	8.78% 13	10.14% 15	9.46% 14	12.84% 19	12.84% 19	10.81% 16	12.16% 18	6.76% 10	12.84% 19	148	4.67
Effective Training for Professionals	15.86% 23	12.41% 18	19.31% 28	10.34% 15	7.59% 11	9.66% 14	4.83% 7	3.45% 5	6.21% 9	10.34% 15	145	6.06
Involve Parents and Communities to Foster a Safe and Drug-Free Learning Environment That Supports Student Academic Achievement	4.79% 7	6.16% 9	10.27% 15	8.90% 13	10.96% 16	12.33% 18	18.49% 27	11.64% 17	6.16% 9	10.27% 15	146	4.53
Juvenile Justice System	18.47% 29	9.55% 15	11.46% 18	11.46% 18	11.46% 18	9.55% 15	4.46% 7	6.37% 10	7.64% 12	9.55% 15	157	5.76

Parental Involvement/Education	2.96% 5	10.65% 18	4.14% 7	11.83% 20	9.47% 16	8.88% 15	15.98% 27	15.38% 26	13.02% 22	7.69% 13	169	4.19
Preventing Violence In and Around Schools	15.70% 27	10.47% 18	12.21% 21	8.72% 15	12.21% 21	6.40% 11	8.72% 15	11.63% 20	6.40% 11	7.56% 13	172	5.47
Preventing Illegal Use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Drugs	3.19% 6	6.91% 13	6.91% 13	9.04% 17	13.83% 26	11.17% 21	11.70% 22	10.64% 20	18.62% 35	7.98% 15	188	4.08

Which services have the most gaps?

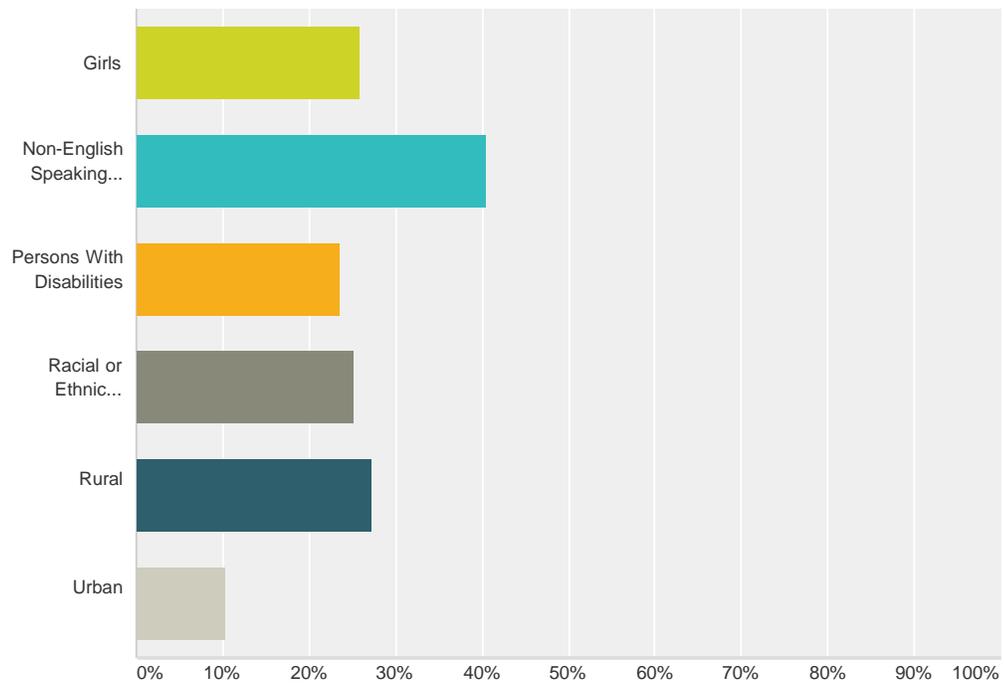




	Not Available	Available but Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
After School Programs	7.95% 14	76.14% 134	15.91% 28	176	2.08
Bully Prevention	10.86% 19	62.29% 109	26.86% 47	175	2.16
Character Building	22.09% 38	68.60% 118	9.30% 16	172	1.87
Community Education	12.35% 21	69.41% 118	18.24% 31	170	2.06
Community Service	11.11% 19	60.82% 104	28.07% 48	171	2.17
Drop-Out Prevention	16.67% 29	66.67% 116	16.67% 29	174	2.00
Employability Skills/Training	17.92% 31	69.94% 121	12.14% 21	173	1.94
Family Stability	28.32% 49	67.05% 116	4.62% 8	173	1.76
First Offender Programs	17.16% 29	53.85% 91	28.99% 49	169	2.12
Gang Prevention	27.49% 47	55.56% 95	16.96% 29	171	1.89
Job Readiness	18.02% 31	70.93% 122	11.05% 19	172	1.93
Life Skills	16.37% 28	71.35% 122	12.28% 21	171	1.96
Mental Health Services	9.52% 16	76.19% 128	14.29% 24	168	2.05
Mentoring	17.16% 29	66.27% 112	16.57% 28	169	1.99
Offender Accountability	16.37% 28	66.67% 114	16.96% 29	171	2.01

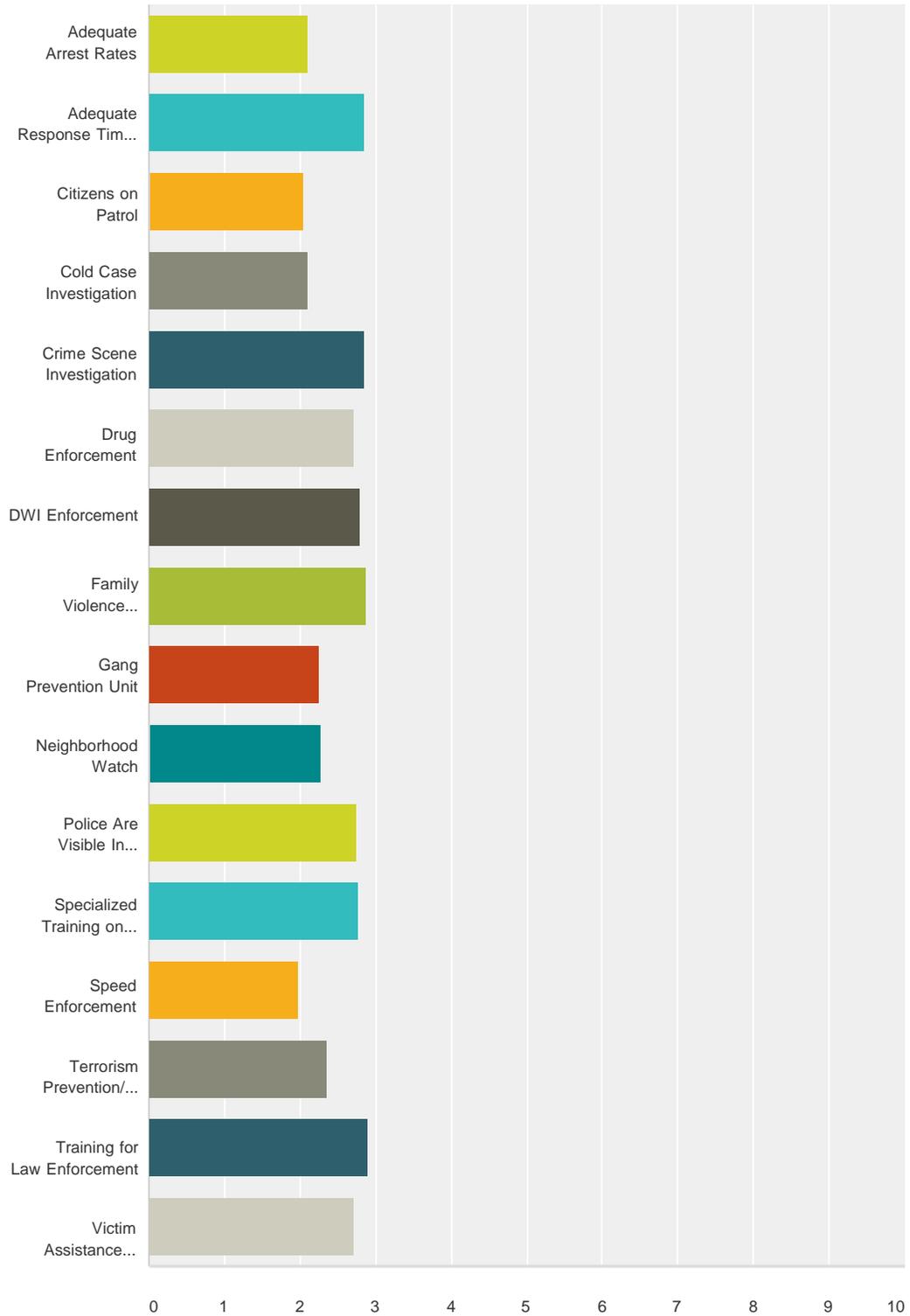
Parent Education	15.03% 26	73.99% 128	10.98% 19	173	1.96
School Resource Officers	5.23% 9	48.26% 83	46.51% 80	172	2.41
Specialized Juvenile Offender Courts	24.26% 41	42.60% 72	33.14% 56	169	2.09
Specialized Services for Female Offenders	44.79% 73	39.88% 65	15.34% 25	163	1.71
Specialized Training for Professionals	8.93% 15	59.52% 100	31.55% 53	168	2.23
Substance Abuse Prevention	7.60% 13	78.95% 135	13.45% 23	171	2.06
Substance Abuse Early Intervention	14.29% 24	75.00% 126	10.71% 18	168	1.96
Tobacco Use Prevention	15.38% 26	65.68% 111	18.93% 32	169	2.04
Truancy Prevention	11.31% 19	75.00% 126	13.69% 23	168	2.02
Violence Prevention	9.25% 16	79.19% 137	11.56% 20	173	2.02

What are the most underserved juvenile populations in your county?



Answer Choices	Responses	Count
Girls	25.79%	49
Non-English Speaking Residents	40.53%	77
Persons With Disabilities	23.68%	45
Racial or Ethnic Minorities	25.26%	48
Rural	27.37%	52
Urban	10.53%	20
Total Respondents: 190		

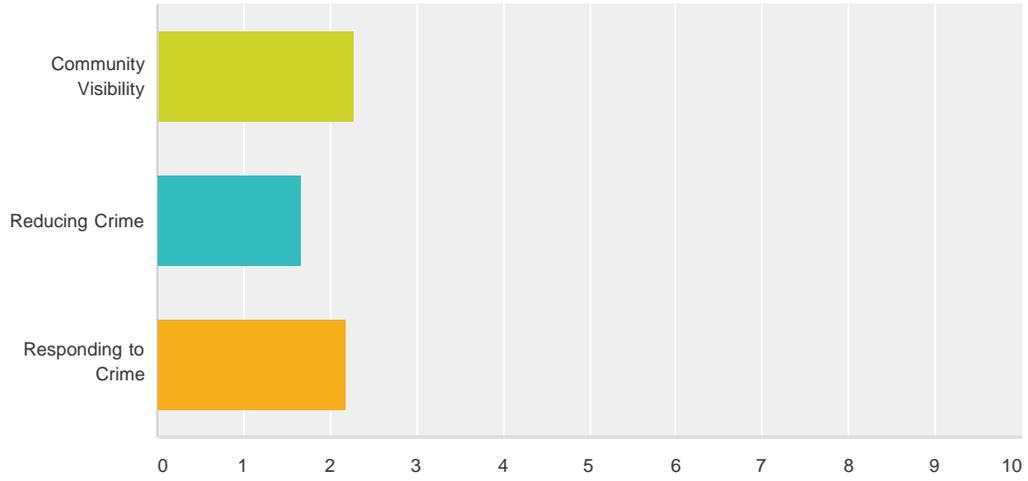
What do you think are the most important law enforcement services within your county?



	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
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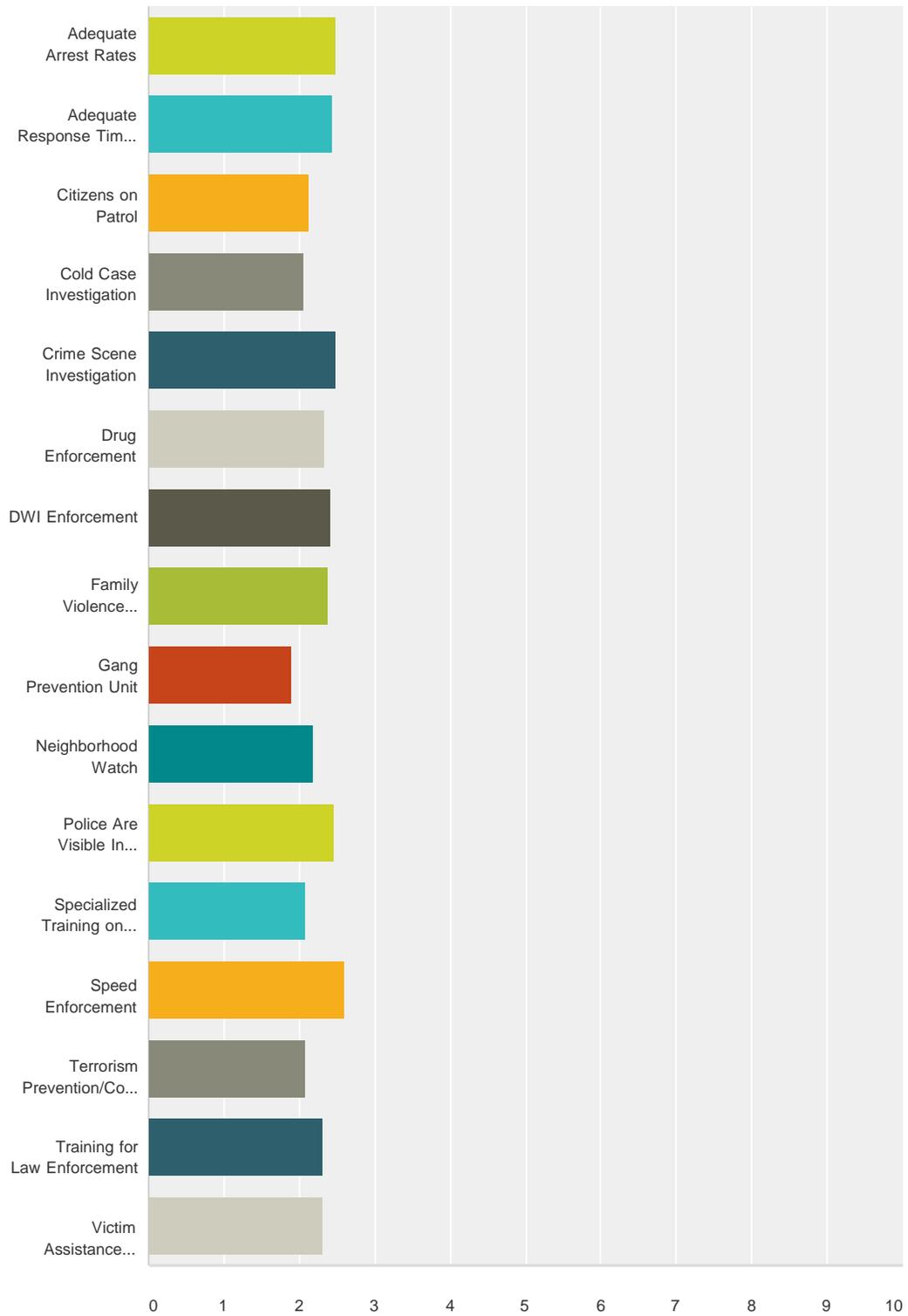
Adequate Arrest Rates	15.00% 27	55.00% 99	25.56% 46	4.44% 8	180	2.11
Adequate Response Time to Emergency Calls	1.09% 2	10.33% 19	86.96% 160	1.63% 3	184	2.87
Citizens on Patrol	16.02% 29	59.67% 108	19.89% 36	4.42% 8	181	2.04
Cold Case Investigation	9.55% 17	67.42% 120	20.79% 37	2.25% 4	178	2.11
Crime Scene Investigation	0.55% 1	13.74% 25	82.97% 151	2.75% 5	182	2.85
Drug Enforcement	1.65% 3	25.27% 46	71.43% 130	1.65% 3	182	2.71
DWI Enforcement	1.09% 2	17.49% 32	79.78% 146	1.64% 3	183	2.80
Family Violence Investigation	0.00% 0	10.87% 20	88.59% 163	0.54% 1	184	2.89
Gang Prevention Unit	10.50% 19	50.83% 92	35.91% 65	2.76% 5	181	2.26
Neighborhood Watch	6.67% 12	57.78% 104	33.89% 61	1.67% 3	180	2.28
Police Are Visible In Community	1.61% 3	20.97% 39	76.34% 142	1.08% 2	186	2.76
Specialized Training on Mental Health - related Calls	1.65% 3	18.68% 34	78.57% 143	1.10% 2	182	2.78
Speed Enforcement	17.32% 31	65.36% 117	16.20% 29	1.12% 2	179	1.99
Terrorism Prevention/ Counter-terrorism	11.17% 20	41.34% 74	45.81% 82	1.68% 3	179	2.35
Training for Law Enforcement	0.00% 0	9.84% 18	88.52% 162	1.64% 3	183	2.90
Victim Assistance Advocacy	2.17% 4	23.37% 43	73.91% 136	0.54% 1	184	2.72

**How would you rate your law enforcement at:
(Please rank in order 1 being the best, 3
needing the most improvement)**



	1	2	3	N/A	Total	Score
Community Visibility	48.89% 66	24.44% 33	22.96% 31	3.70% 5	135	2.27
Reducing Crime	12.99% 20	40.91% 63	44.16% 68	1.95% 3	154	1.68
Responding to Crime	37.36% 68	41.21% 75	19.23% 35	2.20% 4	182	2.19

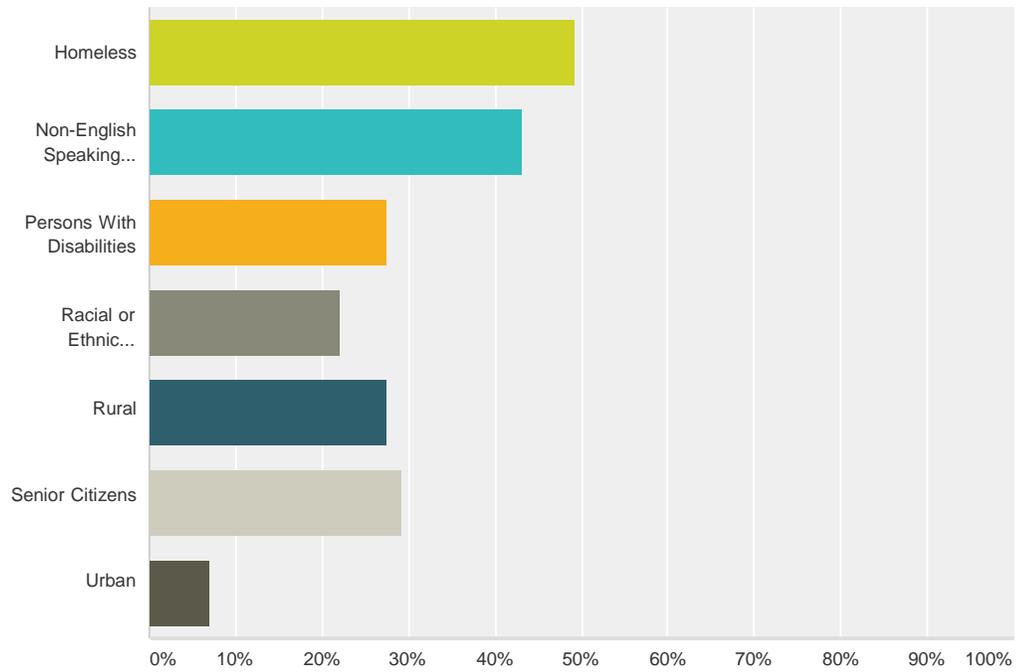
Which law enforcement services have the most gaps?



Not Available	Available but Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
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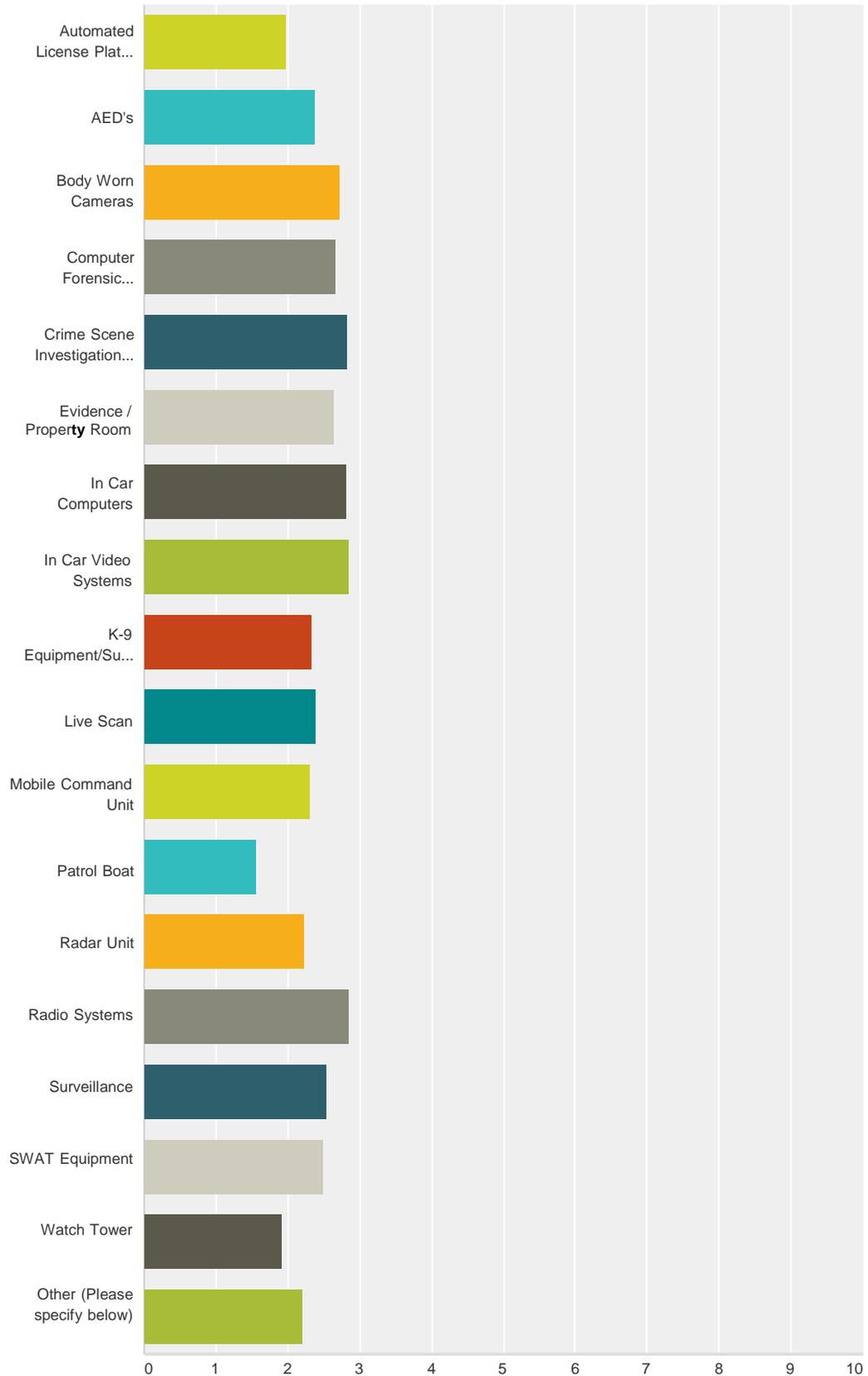
Adequate Arrest Rates	7.50% 12	37.50% 60	55.00% 88	160	2.48
Adequate Response Time to Emergency Calls	1.82% 3	51.52% 85	46.67% 77	165	2.45
Citizens on Patrol	25.16% 40	37.74% 60	37.11% 59	159	2.12
Cold Case Investigation	17.83% 28	57.96% 91	24.20% 38	157	2.06
Crime Scene Investigation	2.52% 4	46.54% 74	50.94% 81	159	2.48
Drug Enforcement	2.47% 4	61.73% 100	35.80% 58	162	2.33
DWI Enforcement	1.27% 2	54.43% 86	44.30% 70	158	2.43
Family Violence Investigation	0.59% 1	60.36% 102	39.05% 66	169	2.38
Gang Prevention Unit	33.33% 51	43.14% 66	23.53% 36	153	1.90
Neighborhood Watch	15.19% 24	50.00% 79	34.81% 55	158	2.20
Police Are Visible In Community	3.64% 6	46.67% 77	49.70% 82	165	2.46
Specialized Training on Mental Health-related Calls	9.26% 15	72.84% 118	17.90% 29	162	2.09
Speed Enforcement	3.09% 5	33.33% 54	63.58% 103	162	2.60
Terrorism Prevention/Counterterrorism	22.01% 35	48.43% 77	29.56% 47	159	2.08
Training for Law Enforcement	3.03% 5	61.82% 102	35.15% 58	165	2.32
Victim Assistance Advocacy	4.19% 7	59.28% 99	36.53% 61	167	2.32

What are the most underserved populations in your county?



Answer Choices	Responses
Homeless	49.19% 91
Non-English Speaking Residents	43.24% 80
Persons With Disabilities	27.57% 51
Racial or Ethnic Minorities	22.16% 41
Rural	27.57% 51
Senior Citizens	29.19% 54
Urban	7.03% 13
Total Respondents: 185	

What do you think are the most important pieces of law enforcement equipment in your county?



Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
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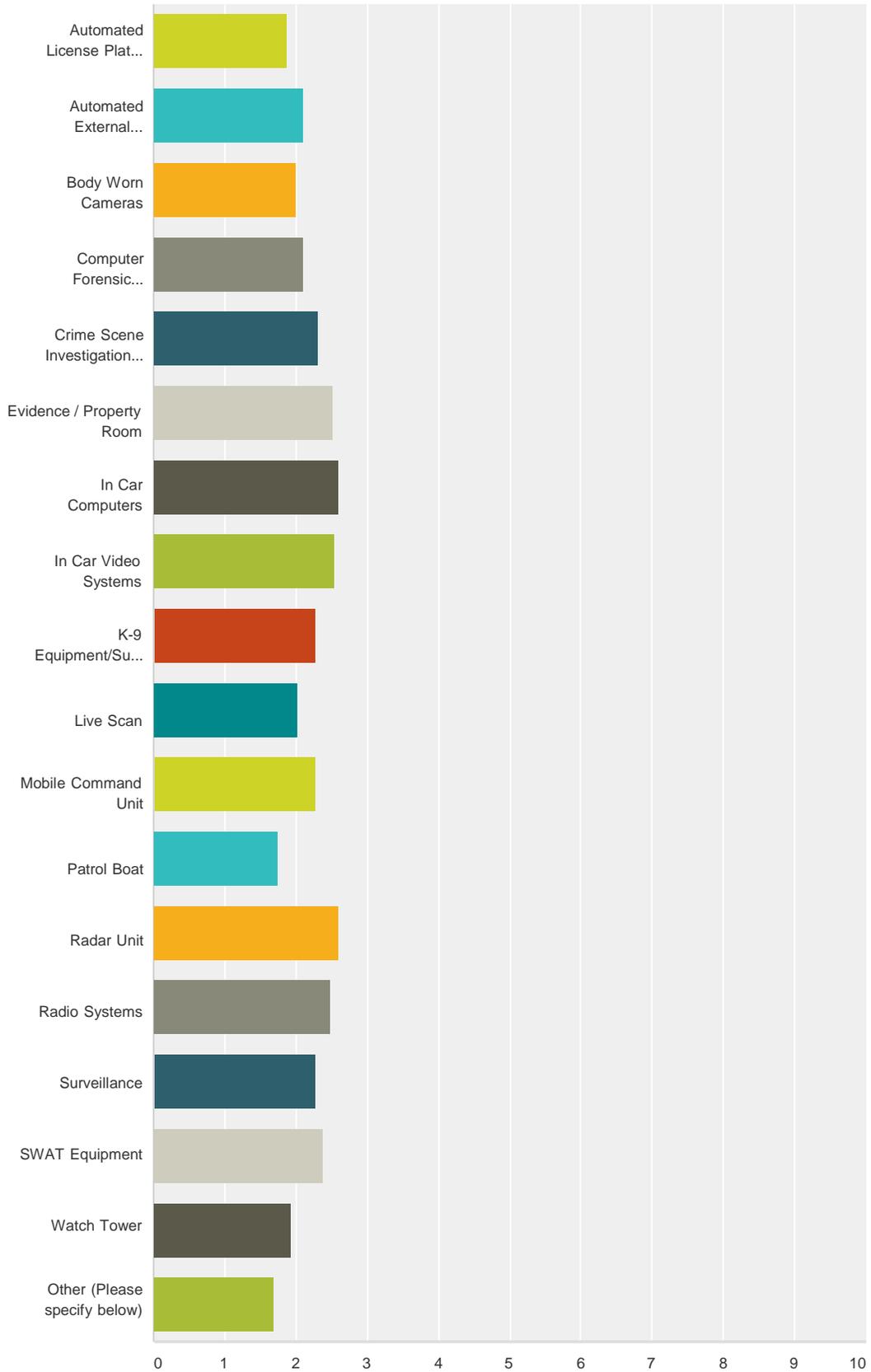
Automated License Plate Readers	18.50% 32	52.60% 91	17.92% 31	10.98% 19	173	1.99
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AED's	4.17%	44.64%	38.10%	13.10%	168	2.39
	7	75	64	22		
Body Worn Cameras	3.87%	17.68%	72.93%	5.52%	181	2.73
	7	32	132	10		
Computer Forensic Software	1.12%	27.53%	65.73%	5.62%	178	2.68
	2	49	117	10		
Crime Scene Investigation Equipment/Supplies	0.56%	15.08%	82.12%	2.23%	179	2.83
	1	27	147	4		
Evidence/Property Room	1.70%	30.11%	65.91%	2.27%	176	2.66
	3	53	116	4		
In Car Computers	0.56%	17.32%	79.89%	2.23%	179	2.81
	1	31	143	4		
In Car Video Systems	1.12%	10.06%	86.59%	2.23%	179	2.87
	2	18	155	4		
K-9 Equipment/Supplies	4.60%	54.02%	35.06%	6.32%	174	2.33
	8	94	61	11		
Live Scan	4.27%	43.90%	40.24%	11.59%	164	2.41
	7	72	66	19		
Mobile Command Unit	9.30%	44.77%	39.53%	6.40%	172	2.32
	16	77	68	11		
Patrol Boat	42.77%	34.10%	6.94%	16.18%	173	1.57
	74	59	12	28		
Radar Unit	11.49%	50.57%	34.48%	3.45%	174	2.24
	20	88	60	6		
Radio Systems	2.34%	9.94%	84.80%	2.92%	171	2.85
	4	17	145	5		
Surveillance	2.87%	37.36%	56.32%	3.45%	174	2.55
	5	65	98	6		
SWAT Equipment	6.86%	33.71%	54.86%	4.57%	175	2.50
	12	59	96	8		
Watch Tower	22.22%	49.12%	16.37%	12.28%	171	1.93
	38	84	28	21		
Other (Please specify below)	13.73%	1.96%	21.57%	62.75%	51	2.21
	7	1	11	32		

#	Other (please specify)	Date
1	reiterate computer software; also forensic lab services	1/7/2016 10:12 PM
2	Armored rescue vehicle. My agency also needs access to a UTV	1/7/2016 4:22 PM
3	Domestic violence Tracking System Software	1/7/2016 11:56 AM
4	Virtual Threat Simulator	1/7/2016 10:42 AM
5	ammunition	1/7/2016 10:16 AM
6	Computerized message boards	1/7/2016 9:21 AM
7	non-lethal weapons	1/5/2016 3:56 PM
8	Processing of rape kit backlog.	1/4/2016 10:34 AM
9	Warrant Squad	1/4/2016 10:26 AM
10	grant funding / qualified applicants	1/1/2016 6:14 PM
11	Up-to-date and operational/reliable vehicles.	12/31/2015 1:21 PM

12	vehicles	12/30/2015 11:46 AM
13	Radar/Speed/Information Trailers	12/30/2015 8:36 AM
14	surveillance cameras for burglary prevention	12/29/2015 5:07 PM
15	Armored Vehicle - Very Important	12/29/2015 3:35 PM
16	Personnel	12/29/2015 12:50 PM
17	Riot/Crowd control training/equipment	12/29/2015 10:57 AM
18	first responder protective gear	11/12/2013 3:33 PM

What law enforcement equipment do you think your county is lacking?

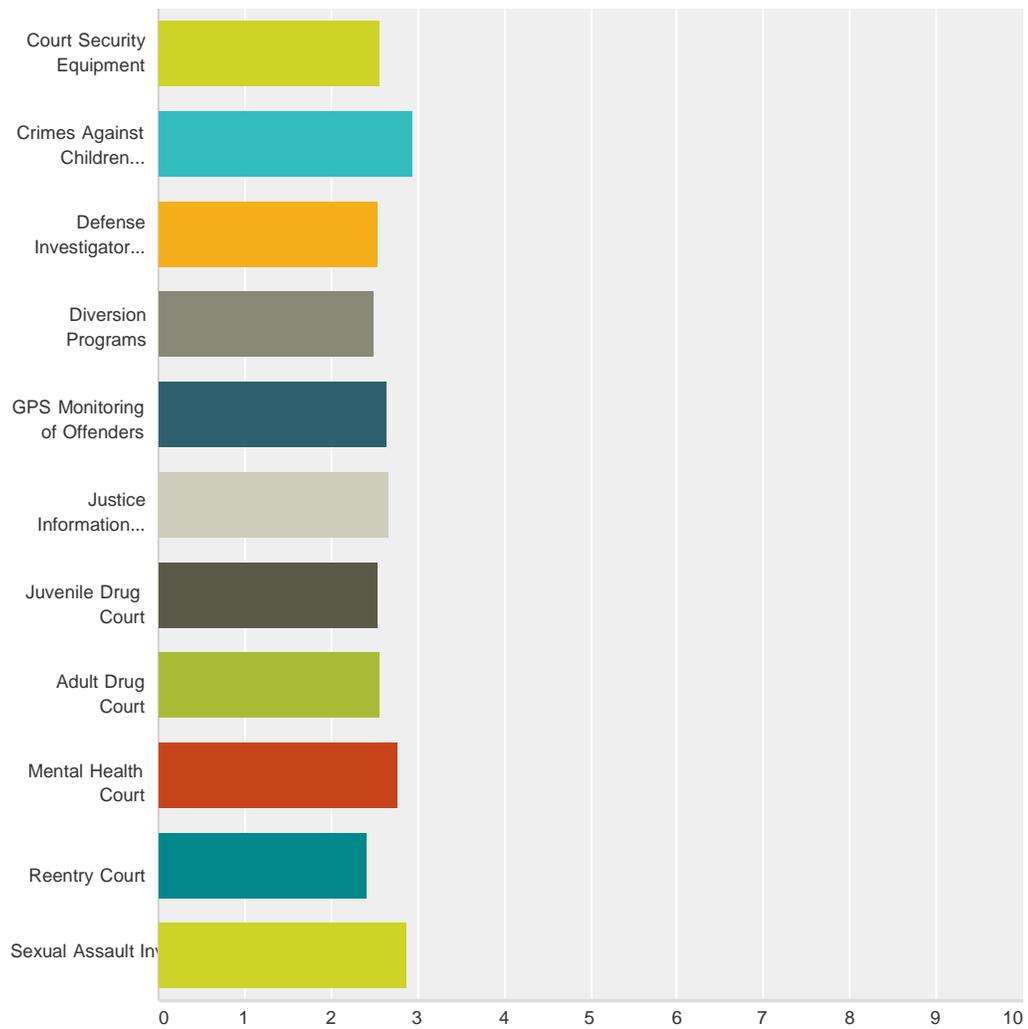


Not Available	Available and Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
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Automated License Plate Readers	37.68% 52	36.96% 51	25.36% 35	138	1.88
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Automated External Defibrillators	20.57% 29	48.94% 69	30.50% 43	141	2.10
Body Worn Cameras	21.43% 33	56.49% 87	22.08% 34	154	2.01
Computer Forensic Software	15.07% 22	58.90% 86	26.03% 38	146	2.11
Crime Scene Investigation Equipment/Supplies	4.90% 7	58.04% 83	37.06% 53	143	2.32
Evidence/Property Room	1.39% 2	45.14% 65	53.47% 77	144	2.52
In Car Computers	2.82% 4	33.80% 48	63.38% 90	142	2.61
In Car Video Systems	2.76% 4	40.00% 58	57.24% 83	145	2.54
K-9 Equipment/Supplies	11.35% 16	50.35% 71	38.30% 54	141	2.27
Live Scan	29.71% 41	38.41% 53	31.88% 44	138	2.02
Mobile Command Unit	14.89% 21	43.26% 61	41.84% 59	141	2.27
Patrol Boat	49.29% 69	25.00% 35	25.71% 36	140	1.76
Radar Unit	6.29% 9	26.57% 38	67.13% 96	143	2.61
Radio Systems	1.41% 2	49.30% 70	49.30% 70	142	2.48
Surveillance	7.75% 11	57.75% 82	34.51% 49	142	2.27
SWAT Equipment	5.67% 8	50.35% 71	43.97% 62	141	2.38
Watch Tower	41.01% 57	23.02% 32	35.97% 50	139	1.95
Other (Please specify below)	48.48% 16	33.33% 11	18.18% 6	33	1.70

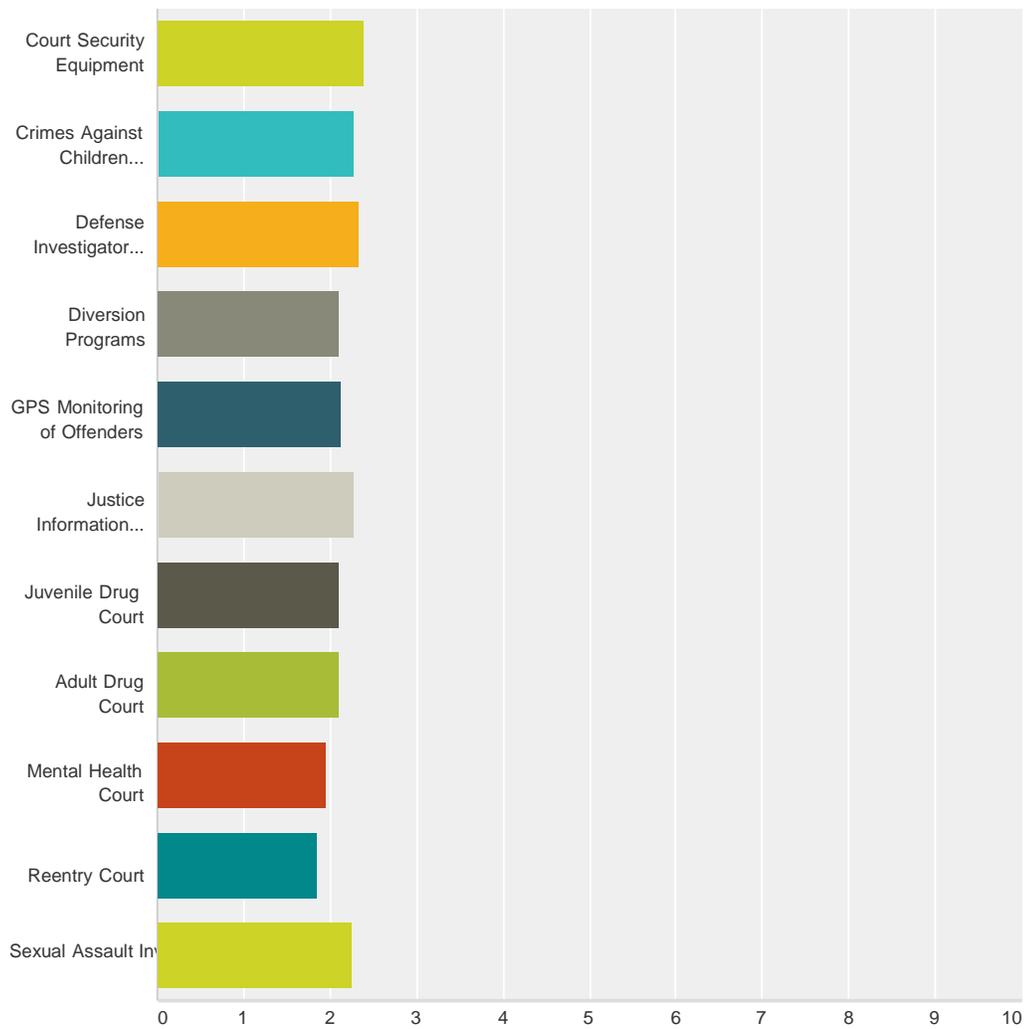
What do you think are the most important judicial system services in your county?



	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
Court Security Equipment	0.61% 1	42.42% 70	55.15% 91	1.82% 3	165	2.56
Crimes Against Children Investigators/Prosecutors	0.57% 1	3.41% 6	94.89% 167	1.14% 2	176	2.95
Defense Investigators/Prosecutors	3.59% 6	36.53% 61	56.89% 95	2.99% 5	167	2.55
Diversion Programs	4.71% 8	38.24% 65	53.53% 91	3.53% 6	170	2.51
GPS Monitoring of Offenders	1.19% 2	30.95% 52	66.07% 111	1.79% 3	168	2.66
Justice Information System	0.60% 1	30.54% 51	68.26% 114	0.60% 1	167	2.68

Juvenile Drug Court	4.76% 8	34.52% 58	55.95% 94	4.76% 8	168	2.54
Adult Drug Court	1.85% 3	37.04% 60	56.79% 92	4.32% 7	162	2.57
Mental Health Court	2.37% 4	15.98% 27	76.92% 130	4.73% 8	169	2.78
Reentry Court	5.42% 9	42.17% 70	43.98% 73	8.43% 14	166	2.42
Sexual Assault Investigators/Prosecutors	0.00% 0	10.73% 19	88.14% 156	1.13% 2	177	2.89

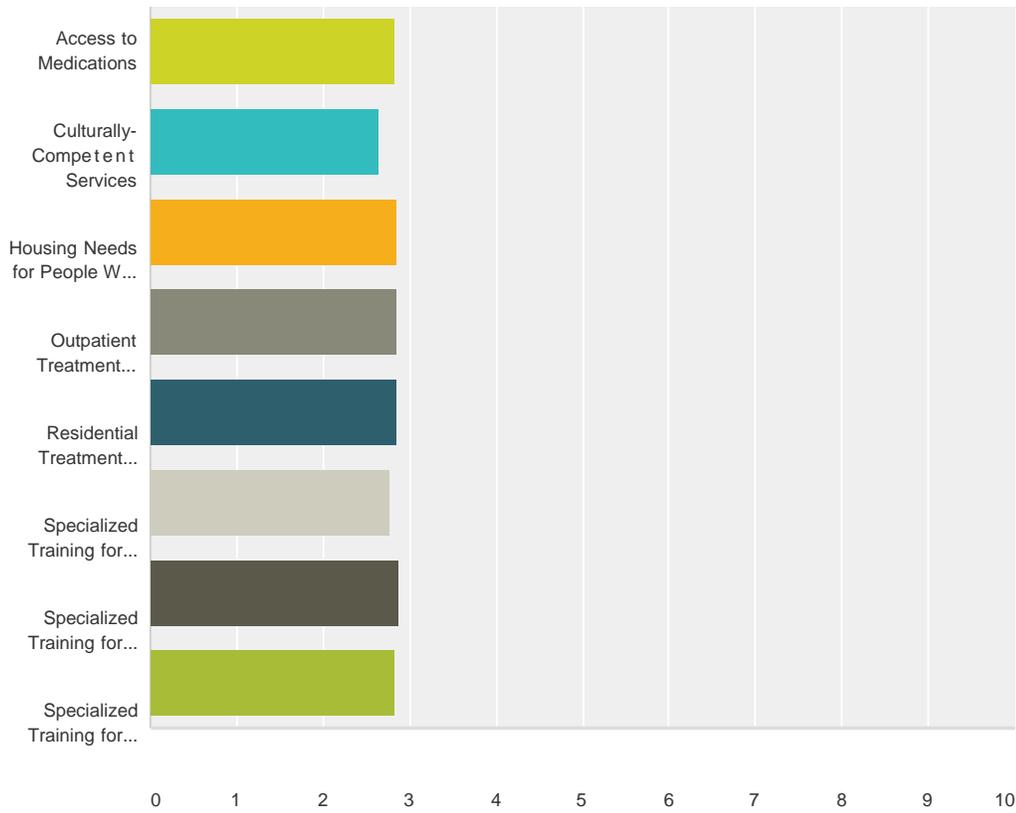
Which judicial system services have the most gaps?



	Not Available	Available and Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
Court Security Equipment	5.23% 8	49.02% 75	45.75% 70	153	2.41
Crimes Against Children Investigators/Prosecutors	3.03% 5	65.45% 108	31.52% 52	165	2.28
Defense Investigators/Prosecutors	6.58% 10	53.95% 82	39.47% 60	152	2.33
Diversion Programs	13.38% 21	61.78% 97	24.84% 39	157	2.11
GPS Monitoring of Offenders	10.20% 15	67.35% 99	22.45% 33	147	2.12
Justice Information System	7.24% 11	58.55% 89	34.21% 52	152	2.27

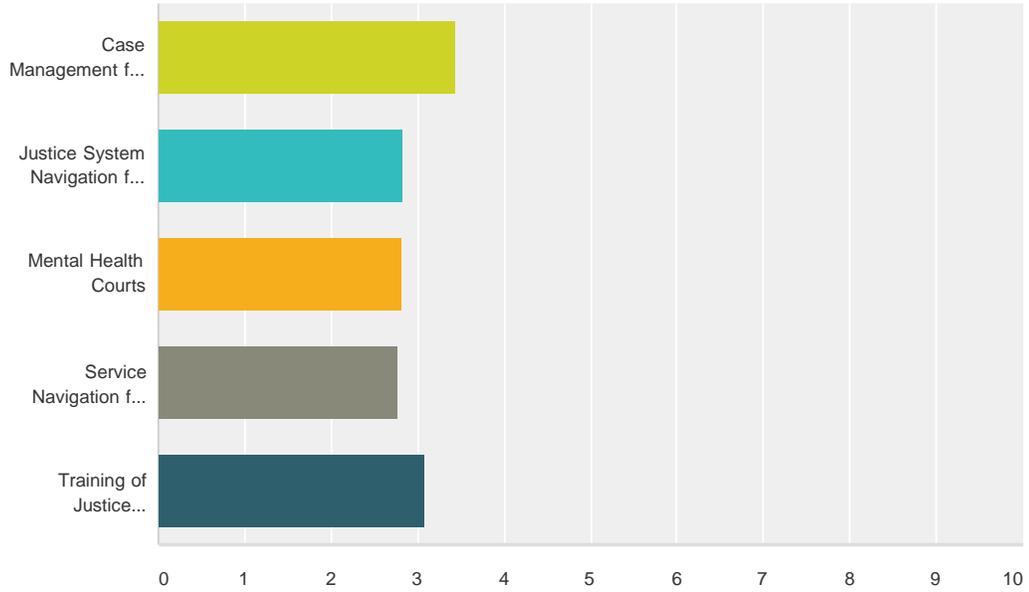
Juvenile Drug Court	22.67% 34	43.33% 65	34.00% 51	150	2.11
Adult Drug Court	20.69% 30	48.28% 70	31.03% 45	145	2.10
Mental Health Court	20.78% 32	61.69% 95	17.53% 27	154	1.97
Reentry Court	33.11% 50	49.01% 74	17.88% 27	151	1.85
Sexual Assault Investigators/Prosecutors	5.06% 8	65.19% 103	29.75% 47	158	2.25

What do you think are the most important services to address mental health issues within your county?



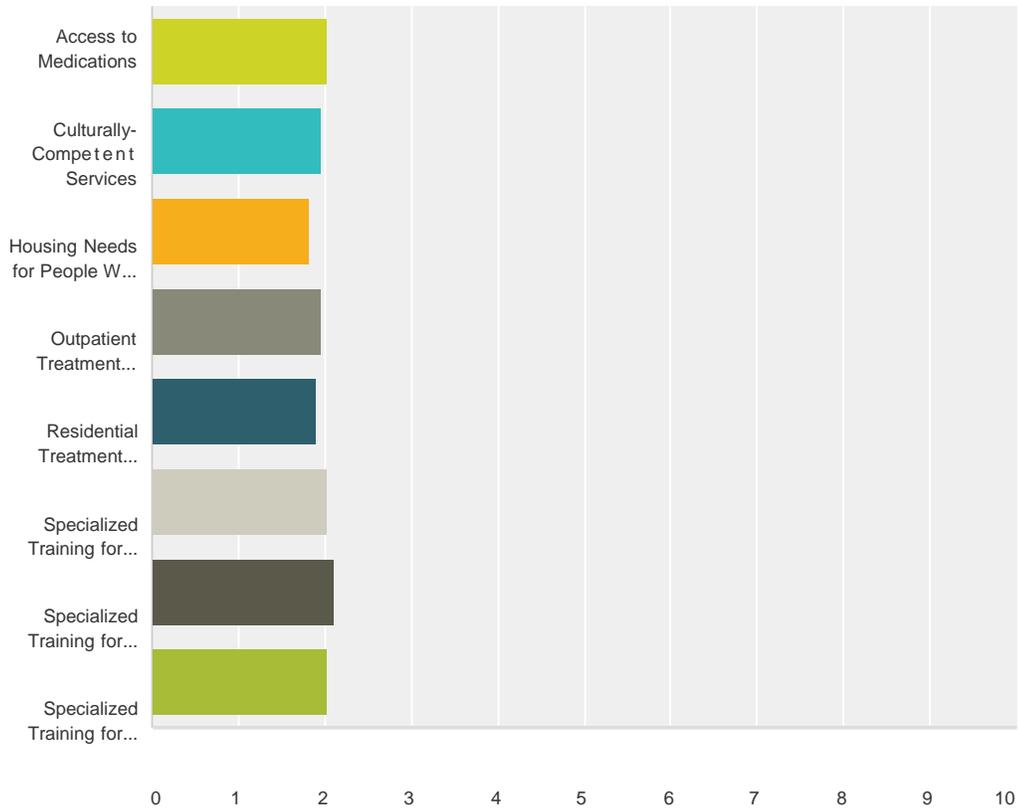
	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
Access to Medications	0.00% 0	15.73% 28	84.27% 150	0.00% 0	178	2.84
Culturally-Competent Services	5.20% 9	24.28% 42	69.94% 121	0.58% 1	173	2.65
Housing Needs for People With Mental Illness	1.12% 2	12.85% 23	86.03% 154	0.00% 0	179	2.85
Outpatient Treatment Programs	0.57% 1	12.57% 22	86.29% 151	0.57% 1	175	2.86
Residential Treatment Programs	1.16% 2	12.21% 21	85.47% 147	1.16% 2	172	2.85
Specialized Training for Court Personnel on Mental Health Issues	1.70% 3	18.18% 32	79.55% 140	0.57% 1	176	2.78
Specialized Training for Law Enforcement on Mental Health Issues	0.56% 1	10.00% 18	89.44% 161	0.00% 0	180	2.89
Specialized Training for Victim Assistance Advocates on Mental Health Issues	1.69% 3	12.99% 23	84.75% 150	0.56% 1	177	2.84

What do you think your community does best in serving individuals dealing with mental health issues in your county? (Please rank in order 1 being the best and 5 needing the most improvement)



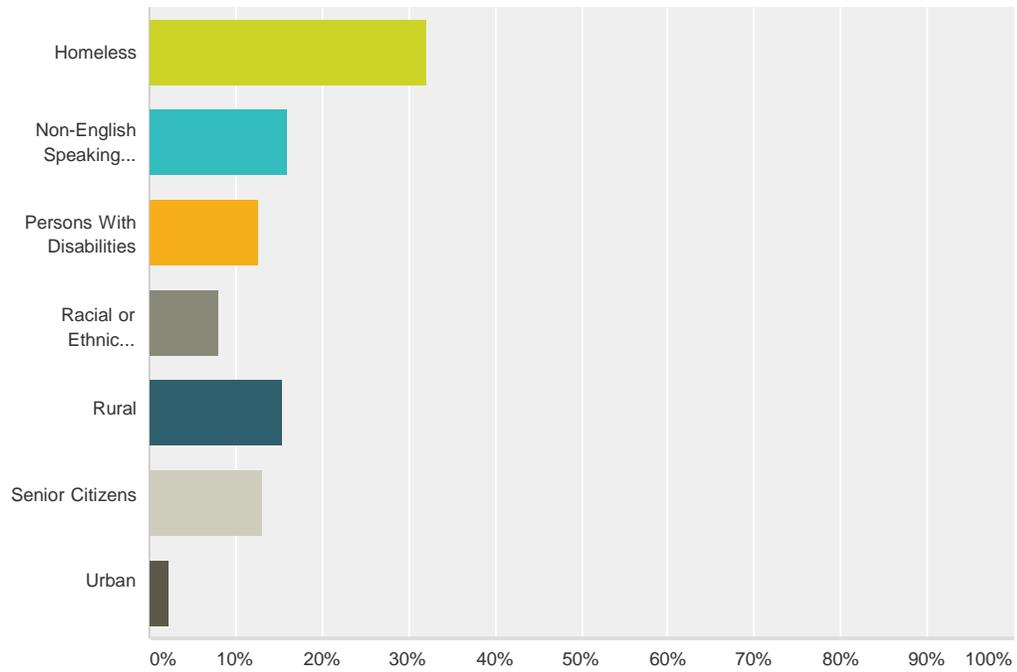
	1	2	3	4	5	N/A	Total	Score
Case Management for Clients	32.06% 42	16.03% 21	16.79% 22	14.50% 19	12.21% 16	8.40% 11	131	3.45
Justice System Navigation for Clients	10.00% 13	19.23% 25	21.54% 28	23.85% 31	15.38% 20	10.00% 13	130	2.83
Mental Health Courts	12.14% 17	15.71% 22	17.14% 24	21.43% 30	17.14% 24	16.43% 23	140	2.81
Service Navigation for Clients	3.42% 5	21.23% 31	31.51% 46	21.92% 32	13.70% 20	8.22% 12	146	2.77
Training of Justice Professionals in Mental Health Issues	23.75% 38	18.75% 30	14.37% 23	15.00% 24	21.25% 34	6.88% 11	160	3.09

Which services have the most gaps?



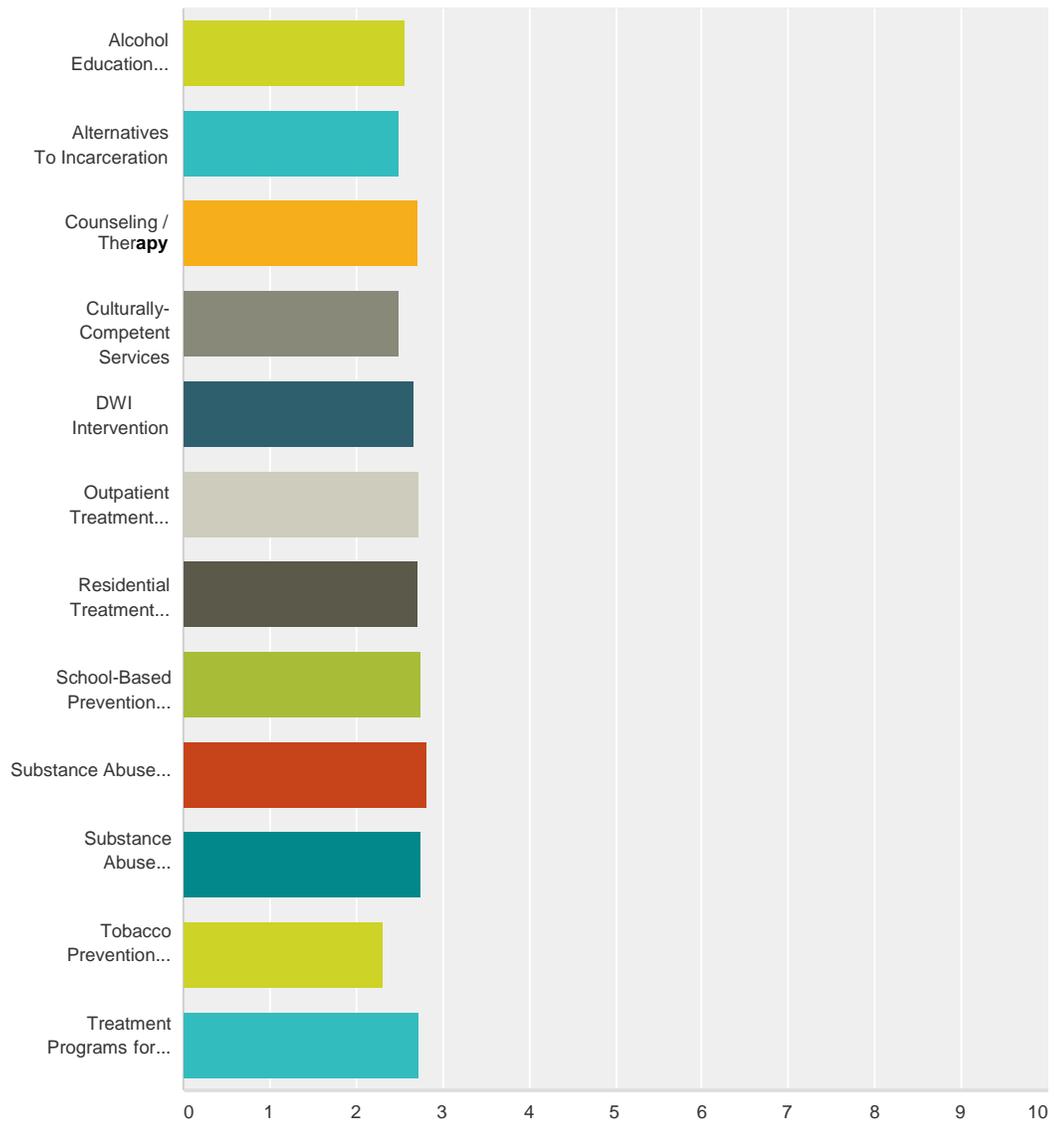
	Not Available	Available but Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
Access to Medications	6.37% 10	84.08% 132	9.55% 15	157	2.03
Culturally-Competent Services	10.90% 17	81.41% 127	7.69% 12	156	1.97
Housing Needs for People With Mental Illness	21.60% 35	75.93% 123	2.47% 4	162	1.81
Outpatient Treatment Programs	7.64% 12	87.26% 137	5.10% 8	157	1.97
Residential Treatment Programs	16.67% 26	76.28% 119	7.05% 11	156	1.90
Specialized Training for Court Personnel on Mental Health Issues	10.76% 17	75.32% 119	13.92% 22	158	2.03
Specialized Training for Law Enforcement on Mental Health Issues	6.75% 11	76.69% 125	16.56% 27	163	2.10
Specialized Training for Victim Assistance Advocates on Mental Health Issues	8.23% 13	80.38% 127	11.39% 18	158	2.03

What are the most underserved populations in your county?



Answer Choices	Responses
Homeless	32.18% 56
Non-English Speaking Residents	16.09% 28
Persons With Disabilities	12.64% 22
Racial or Ethnic Minorities	8.05% 14
Rural	15.52% 27
Senior Citizens	13.22% 23
Urban	2.30% 4
Total	174

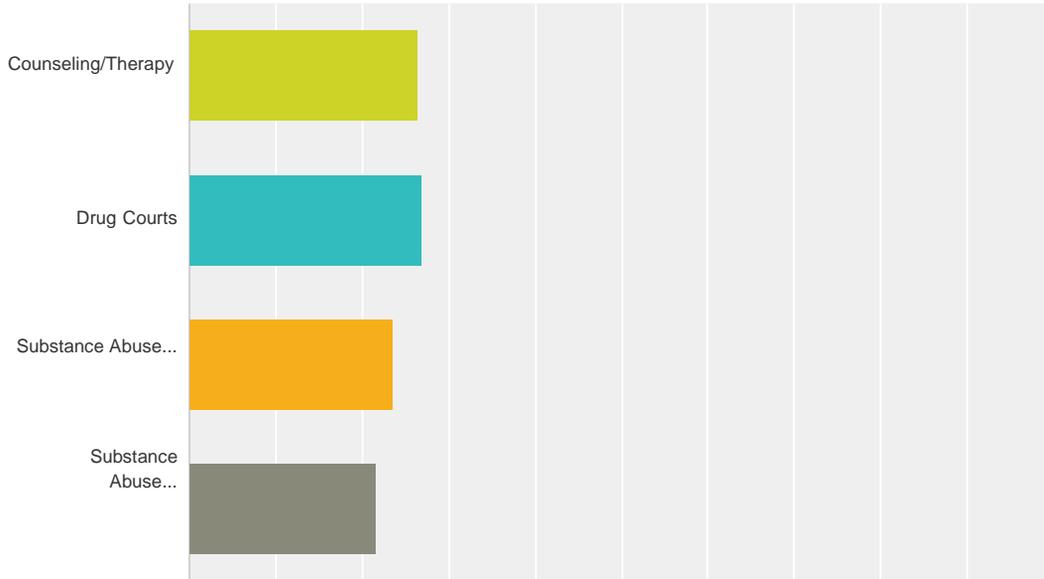
What do you think are the most important services to address substance abuse issues within your county?



	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
Alcohol Education Program for Minors	1.23% 2	40.49% 66	57.67% 94	0.61% 1	163	2.57
Alternatives to Incarceration	6.29% 10	37.11% 59	55.97% 89	0.63% 1	159	2.50
Counseling/Therapy	1.23% 2	25.93% 42	72.22% 117	0.62% 1	162	2.71
Culturally-Competent Services	3.77% 6	40.88% 65	53.46% 85	1.89% 3	159	2.51

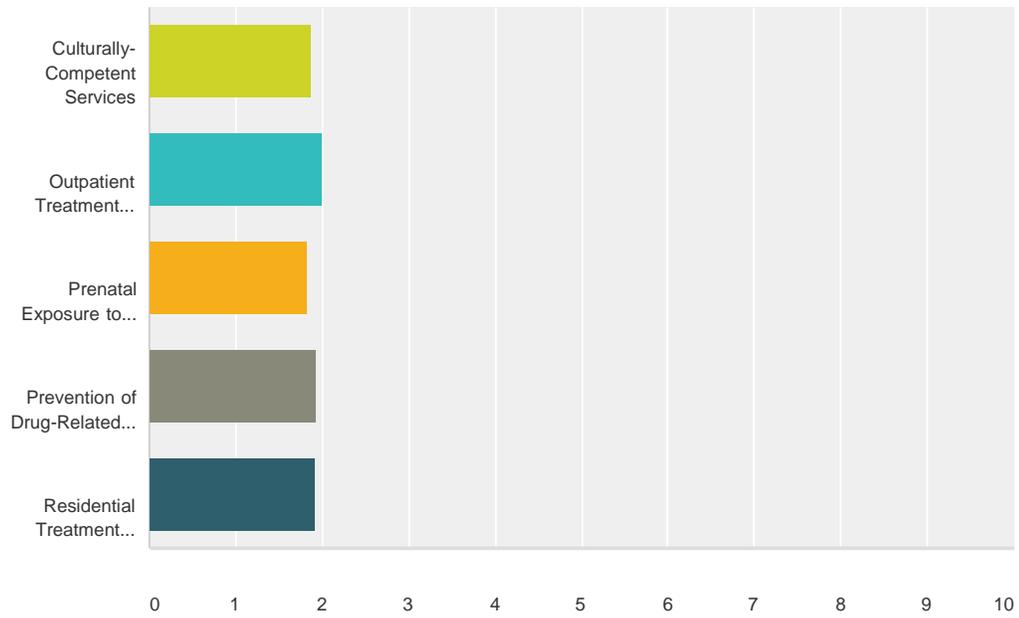
DWI Intervention	1.90% 3	29.11% 46	68.35% 108	0.63% 1	158	2.67
Outpatient Treatment Programs	0.00% 0	27.16% 44	72.84% 118	0.00% 0	162	2.73
Residential Treatment Programs	1.27% 2	24.68% 39	72.15% 114	1.90% 3	158	2.72
School-Based Prevention Programs	0.63% 1	23.27% 37	74.84% 119	1.26% 2	159	2.75
Substance Abuse Intervention	0.00% 0	18.52% 30	80.25% 130	1.23% 2	162	2.81
Substance Abuse Prevention	0.00% 0	23.42% 37	75.95% 120	0.63% 1	158	2.76
Tobacco Prevention Programs for Youth	8.13% 13	51.88% 83	39.38% 63	0.63% 1	160	2.31
Treatment Programs for Offenders	0.00% 0	27.16% 44	72.22% 117	0.62% 1	162	2.73

What do you think your community does best in serving individuals dealing with substance abuse issues in your county? (Please rank in order 1 being the best and 4 needing the most improvement)



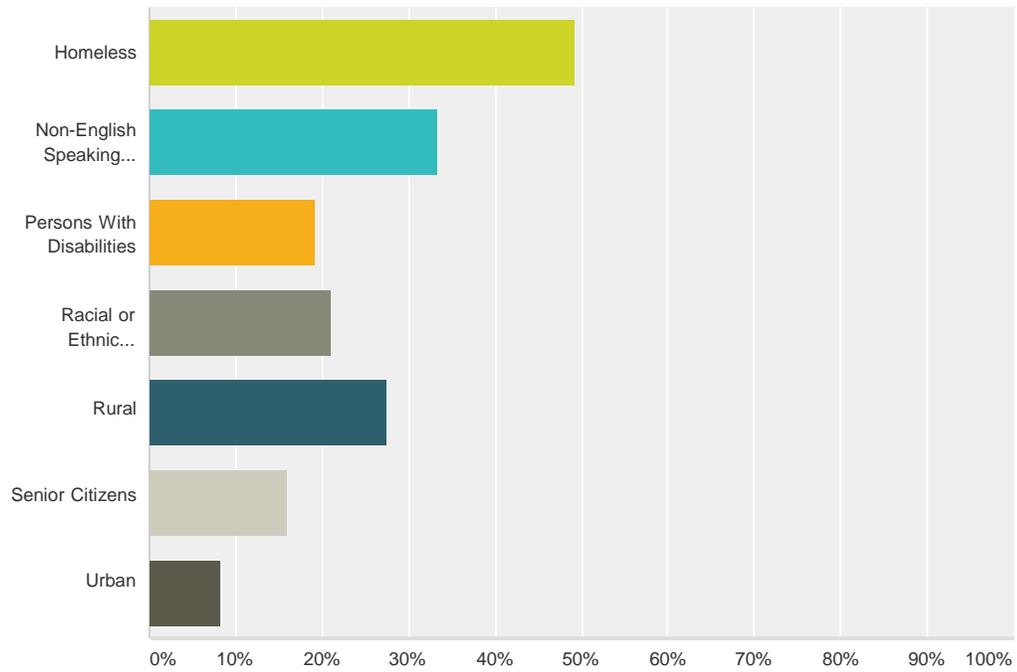
	1	2	3	4	Total	Score
Counseling/Therapy	27.73% 33	31.09% 37	20.17% 24	21.01% 25	119	2.66
Drug Courts	39.53% 51	17.83% 23	15.50% 20	27.13% 35	129	2.70
Substance Abuse Intervention	9.30% 12	31.78% 41	44.96% 58	13.95% 18	129	2.36
Substance Abuse Prevention	15.97% 23	21.53% 31	25.69% 37	36.81% 53	144	2.17

Which services have the most gaps?



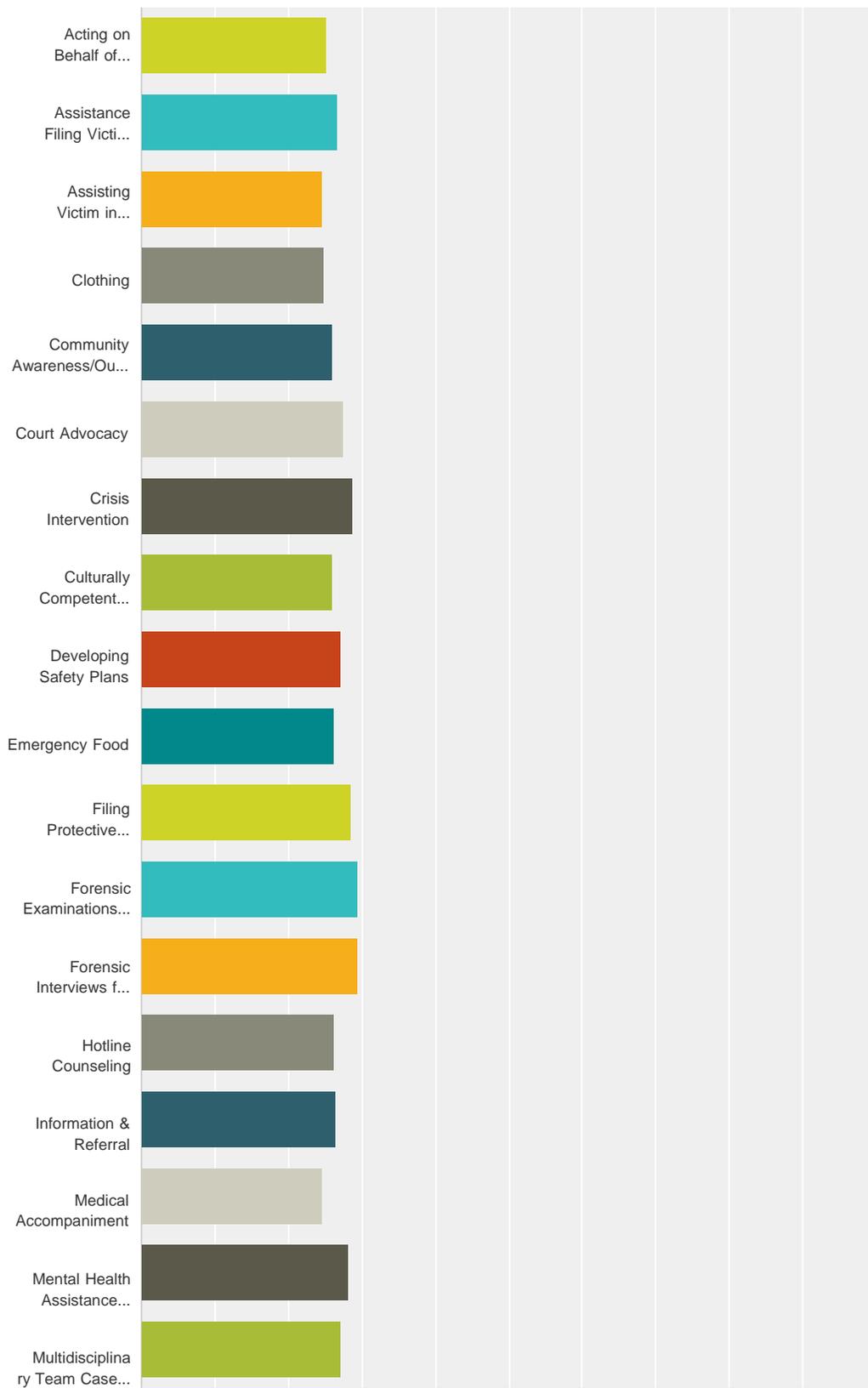
	Not Available	Available but Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
Culturally-Competent Services	20.29% 28	71.01% 98	8.70% 12	138	1.88
Outpatient Treatment Programs	8.45% 12	81.69% 116	9.86% 14	142	2.01
Prenatal Exposure to Illicit Drugs	22.14% 31	72.86% 102	5.00% 7	140	1.83
Prevention of Drug-Related Offenses	11.11% 16	84.03% 121	4.86% 7	144	1.94
Residential Treatment Programs	16.20% 23	75.35% 107	8.45% 12	142	1.92

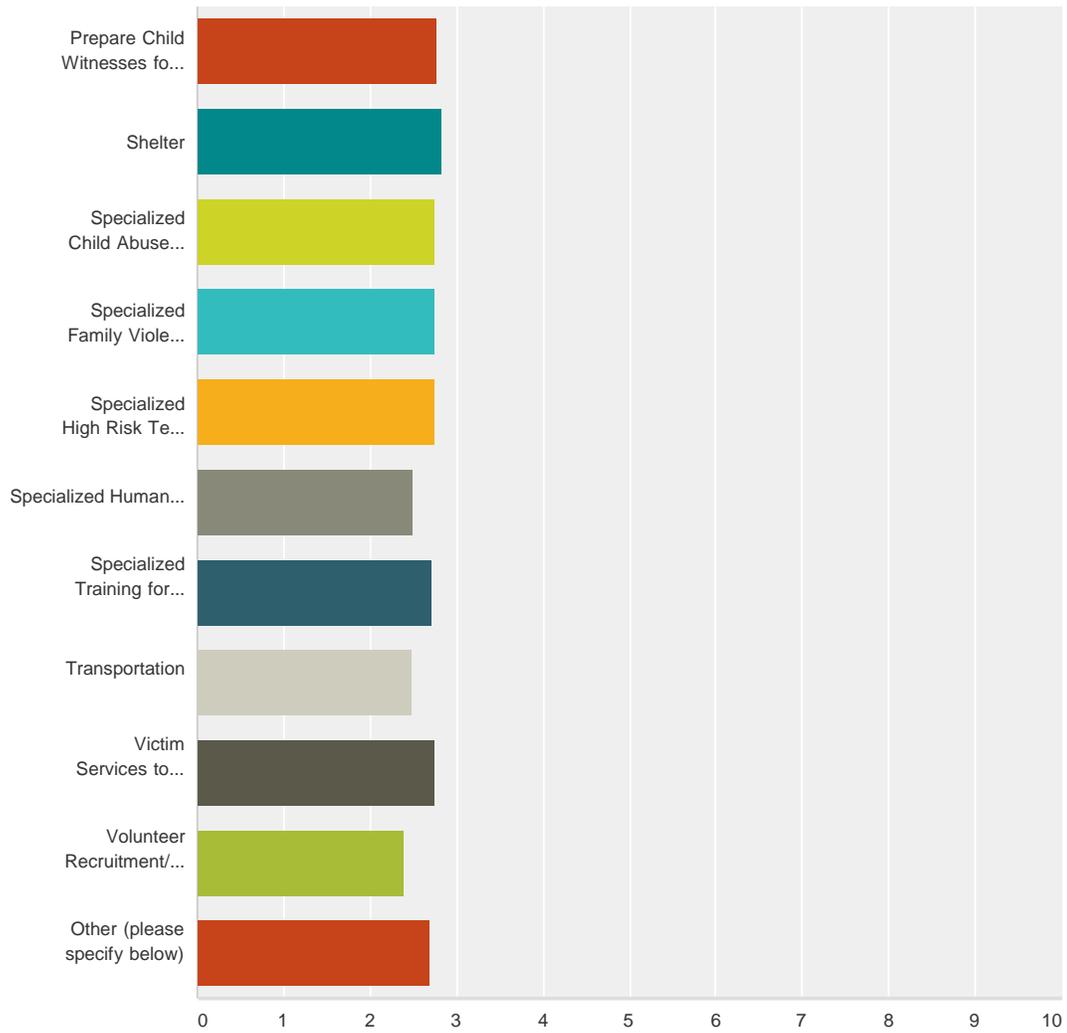
What are the most underserved populations in your county?



Answer Choices	Responses
Homeless	49.36% 77
Non-English Speaking Residents	33.33% 52
Persons With Disabilities	19.23% 30
Racial or Ethnic Minorities	21.15% 33
Rural	27.56% 43
Senior Citizens	16.03% 25
Urban	8.33% 13
Total Respondents: 156	

Please rank the following victim services in relation to how important they are to your county.





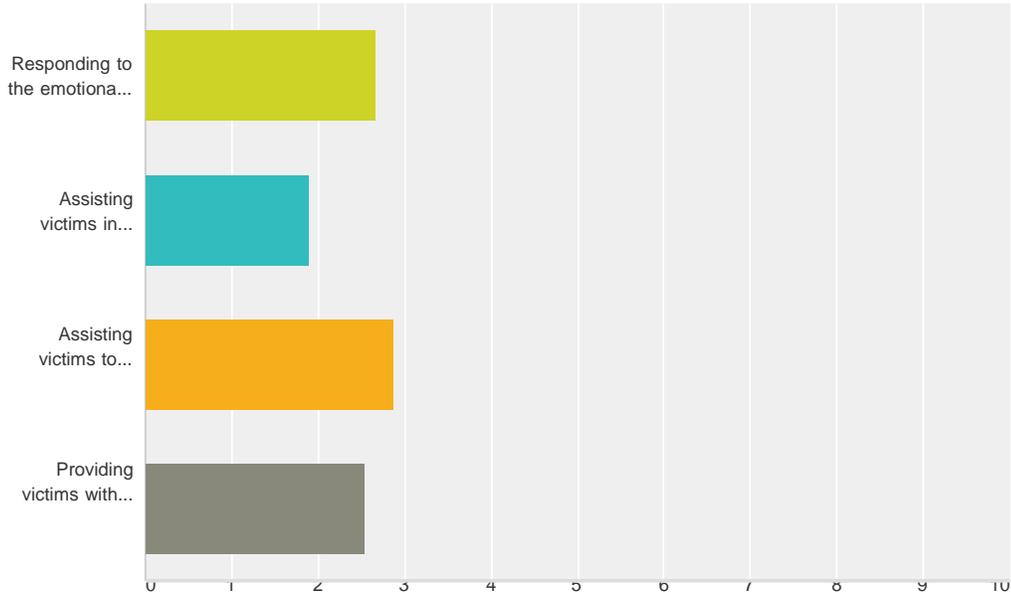
	Not Important	Somewhat Important	Very Important	N/A	Total	Weighted Average
Acting on Behalf of Victim for Other Service Providers, Creditors, Employers	2.47% 4	43.21% 70	53.70% 87	0.62% 1	162	2.52
Assistance Filing Victims Compensation Claims	1.22% 2	30.49% 50	67.68% 111	0.61% 1	164	2.67
Assisting Victim in Recovering Property Retained as Evidence	2.53% 4	47.47% 75	49.37% 78	0.63% 1	158	2.47
Clothing	5.00% 8	41.25% 66	53.13% 85	0.63% 1	160	2.48
Community Awareness/Outreach	3.14% 5	32.70% 52	63.52% 101	0.63% 1	159	2.61
Court Advocacy	1.23% 2	22.22% 36	75.93% 123	0.62% 1	162	2.75
Crisis Intervention	0.62% 1	9.32% 15	89.44% 144	0.62% 1	161	2.89
Culturally Competent Services	3.75% 6	31.25% 50	64.38% 103	0.63% 1	160	2.61

Developing Safety Plans	1.88% 3	24.38% 39	73.13% 117	0.63% 1	160	2.72
Emergency Food	1.89% 3	32.08% 51	65.41% 104	0.63% 1	159	2.64
Filing Protective Orders	0.62% 1	12.35% 20	86.42% 140	0.62% 1	162	2.86
Forensic Examinations for Sexual Assault Victims	0.00% 0	5.52% 9	93.87% 153	0.61% 1	163	2.94
Forensic Interviews for Child Abuse Victims	0.00% 0	5.56% 9	93.83% 152	0.62% 1	162	2.94
Hotline Counseling	1.26% 2	33.96% 54	64.15% 102	0.63% 1	159	2.63
Information & Referral	1.25% 2	31.25% 50	66.88% 107	0.63% 1	160	2.66
Medical Accompaniment	2.52% 4	47.17% 75	49.69% 79	0.63% 1	159	2.47
Mental Health Assistance (Counseling/Therapy)	0.00% 0	17.39% 28	81.37% 131	1.24% 2	161	2.82
Multidisciplinary Team Case Coordination	0.61% 1	26.99% 44	71.78% 117	0.61% 1	163	2.72
Prepare Child Witnesses for Court	0.00% 0	22.50% 36	76.88% 123	0.63% 1	160	2.77
Shelter	1.85% 3	11.73% 19	85.80% 139	0.62% 1	162	2.84
Specialized Child Abuse Courts	1.90% 3	20.89% 33	74.05% 117	3.16% 5	158	2.75
Specialized Family Violence Courts	1.23% 2	21.60% 35	74.07% 120	3.09% 5	162	2.75
Specialized High Risk Teams to Prevent Domestic Violence Homicides	1.30% 2	21.43% 33	74.03% 114	3.25% 5	154	2.75
Specialized Human Trafficking Programs	5.59% 9	36.02% 58	54.04% 87	4.35% 7	161	2.51
Specialized Training for Professionals	1.89% 3	24.53% 39	72.96% 116	0.63% 1	159	2.72
Transportation	5.66% 9	38.36% 61	54.09% 86	1.89% 3	159	2.49
Victim Services to Older Adults	1.26% 2	21.38% 34	76.73% 122	0.63% 1	159	2.76
Volunteer Recruitment/Training	5.06% 8	49.37% 78	44.30% 70	1.27% 2	158	2.40
Other (please specify below)	5.56% 2	5.56% 2	44.44% 16	44.44% 16	36	2.70

#	Please specify if Other option was chosen	Date
1	Domestic Violence Education, Case Management, and Prevention	1/7/2016 12:20 PM
2	I do not feel qualified to answer most of this survey, but have done so because it was requested. Please take into consideration, that most answers were based on perception rather than real data.	1/7/2016 11:51 AM
3	Legal Services, Divorce, Custody	1/7/2016 9:12 AM
4	Legal Representation for victims in family matters	1/5/2016 4:21 PM

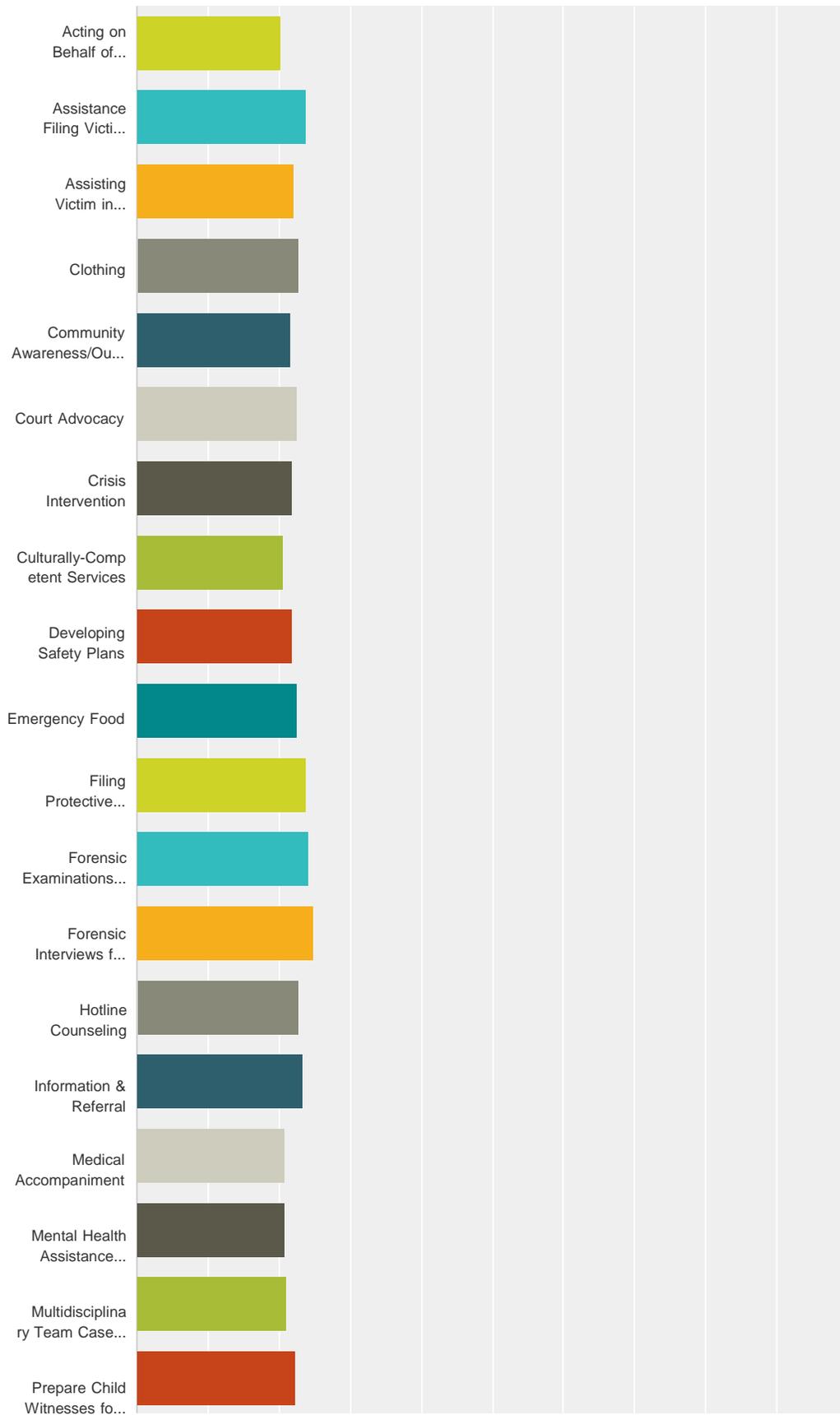
5	Lethality Assessment	1/5/2016 3:55 PM
6	Our community should ONLY have SANE facilities for sexual assault victims.	1/4/2016 10:42 AM
7	Fast track family violence cases!! Way too slow and lenient !!	12/31/2015 2:26 PM
8	Mental Health Assistance, housing, 24 hr care	12/29/2015 3:13 PM
9	just filling in to test	11/12/2013 4:58 PM

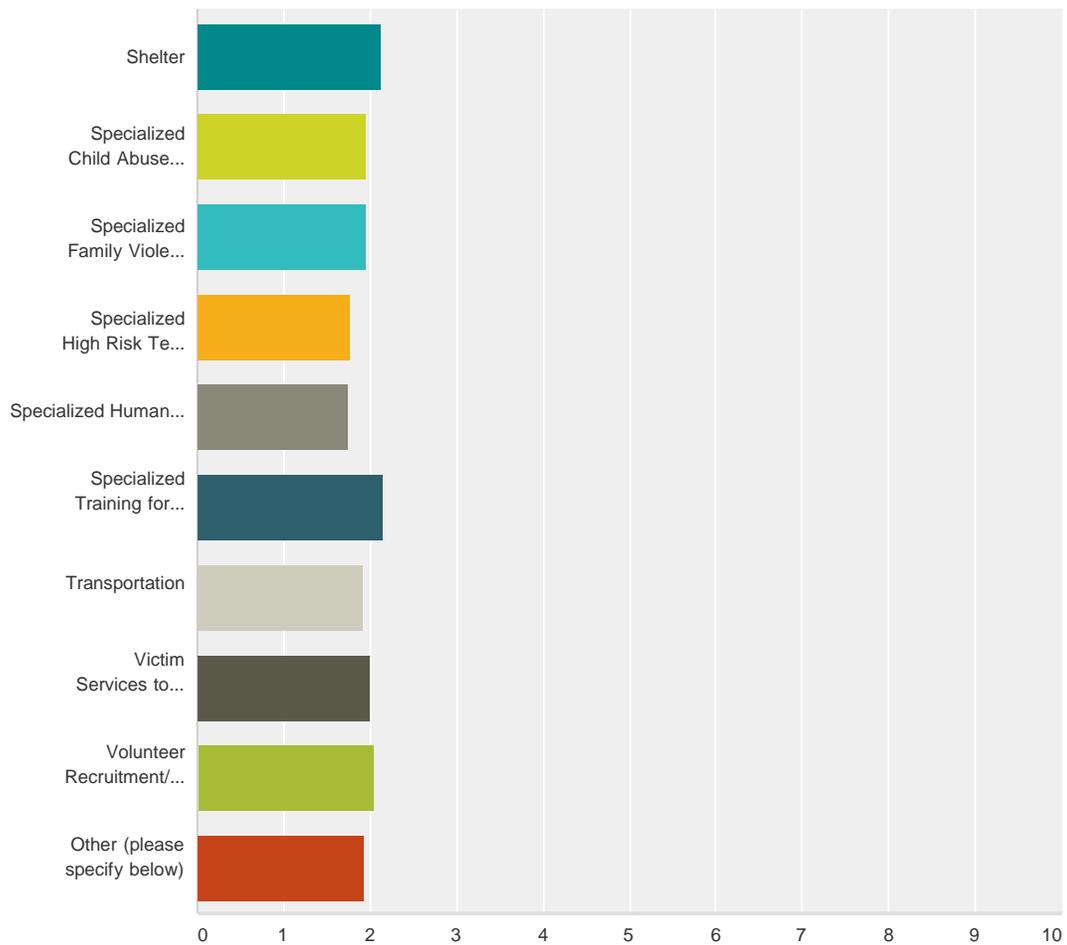
What do you think your community does best in serving victims of crime in your county? (Please rank in order 1 being the best, 4 needing the most improvement)



	1	2	3	4	Total	Score
Responding to the emotional and physical needs of crime victims	27.13% 35	27.91% 36	29.46% 38	15.50% 20	129	2.67
Assisting victims in stabilizing their lives after a victimization	6.87% 9	20.61% 27	26.72% 35	45.80% 60	131	1.89
Assisting victims to understand and participate in the criminal justice system	36.09% 48	27.07% 36	26.32% 35	10.53% 14	133	2.89
Providing victims with safety security	26.17% 39	27.52% 41	21.48% 32	24.83% 37	149	2.55

Which services have the most gaps?



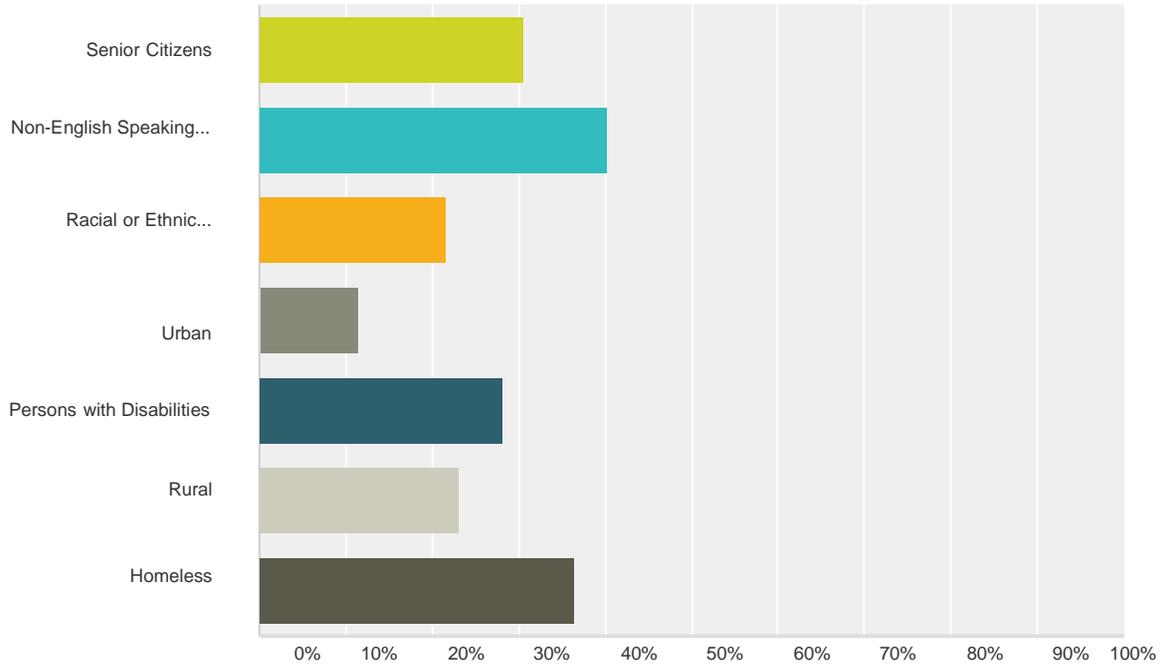


	Not Available	Available but Insufficient	Available and Sufficient	Total	Weighted Average
Acting on Behalf of Victim for Other Service Providers, Creditors, Employers	14.97% 22	66.67% 98	18.37% 27	147	2.03
Assistance Filing Victims Compensation Claims	6.04% 9	51.01% 76	42.95% 64	149	2.37
Assisting Victim in Recovering Property Retained as Evidence	9.59% 14	58.90% 86	31.51% 46	146	2.22
Clothing	4.08% 6	64.63% 95	31.29% 46	147	2.27
Community Awareness/Outreach	4.11% 6	74.66% 109	21.23% 31	146	2.17
Court Advocacy	2.72% 4	68.71% 101	28.57% 42	147	2.26
Crisis Intervention	4.08% 6	72.11% 106	23.81% 35	147	2.20
Culturally-Competent Services	8.39% 12	76.92% 110	14.69% 21	143	2.06
Developing Safety Plans	6.25% 9	67.36% 97	26.39% 38	144	2.20
Emergency Food	6.85% 10	60.27% 88	32.88% 48	146	2.26

Filing Protective Orders	2.67% 4	58.00% 87	39.33% 59	150	2.37
Forensic Examinations for Sexual Assault Victims	5.41% 8	47.30% 70	47.30% 70	148	2.42
Forensic Interviews for Child Abuse Victims	2.04% 3	46.94% 69	51.02% 75	147	2.49
Hotline Counseling	8.33% 12	55.56% 80	36.11% 52	144	2.28
Information & Referral	2.07% 3	61.38% 89	36.55% 53	145	2.34
Medical Accompaniment	10.42% 15	71.53% 103	18.06% 26	144	2.08
Mental Health Assistance (Counseling/Therapy)	2.68% 4	86.58% 129	10.74% 16	149	2.08
Multidisciplinary Team Case Coordination	10.20% 15	70.07% 103	19.73% 29	147	2.10
Prepare Child Witnesses for Court	8.28% 12	59.31% 86	32.41% 47	145	2.24
Shelter	6.71% 10	74.50% 111	18.79% 28	149	2.12
Specialized Child Abuse Courts	25.69% 37	52.08% 75	22.22% 32	144	1.97
Specialized Family Violence Courts	24.32% 36	54.05% 80	21.62% 32	148	1.97
Specialized High Risk Teams to Prevent Domestic Violence Homicides	33.33% 47	56.03% 79	10.64% 15	141	1.77
Specialized Human Trafficking Programs	32.88% 48	58.22% 85	8.90% 13	146	1.76
Specialized Training for Professionals	6.16% 9	73.29% 107	20.55% 30	146	2.14
Transportation	17.12% 25	72.60% 106	10.27% 15	146	1.93
Victim Services to Older Adults	6.90% 10	85.52% 124	7.59% 11	145	2.01
Volunteer Recruitment/Training	13.99% 20	67.83% 97	18.18% 26	143	2.04
Other (please specify below)	25.00% 9	55.56% 20	19.44% 7	36	1.94

#	Please specify if Other option was chosen	Date
1	Lethality Assessment	1/5/2016 3:55 PM
2	I would like to see our County discontinue the non-SANE rape crisis centers. (i.e. Parkland Hospital). We should only have SANE facilities.	1/4/2016 10:42 AM
3	Housing for victims of violent crimes	12/29/2015 11:03 AM

What are the most under-funded populations in your county?



Answer Choices	Responses
Senior Citizens	30.77% 48
Non-English Speaking Residents	40.38% 63
Racial or Ethnic Minorities	21.79% 34
Urban	11.54% 18
Persons with Disabilities	28.21% 44
Rural	23.08% 36
Homeless	36.54% 57
Total Respondents: 156	