

NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS EAST FORK TRINITY DISCOVERY FINDINGS MEETING

JULY 31, 2019







DISCOVERY | CONTACT

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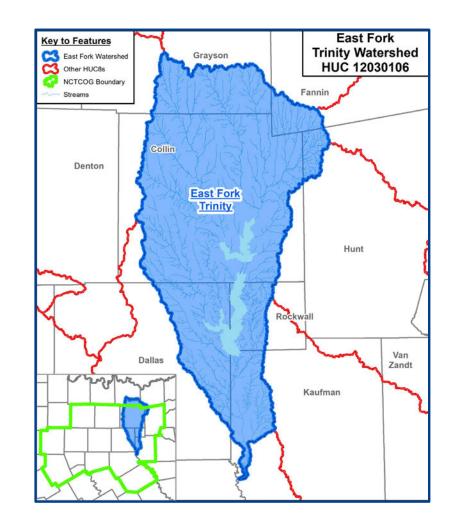






NCTCOG Overview

- Risk MAP Overview
- East Fork Trinity Discovery
 - Activities
 - Findings
- Base Level Engineering
- Post Meeting Coordination





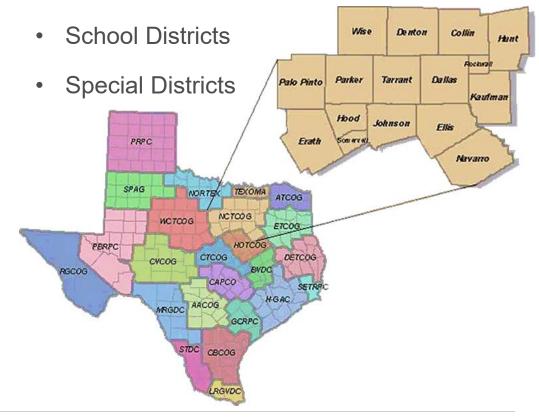




VOLUNTARY ASSOCIATION OF, BY, AND FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, ESTABLISHED IN 1966, TO HELP THEM:

- Plan for common needs
- Strengthen their individual and collective power
- Recognize regional opportunities
- Resolve regional problems
- Make joint decisions/cooperate for mutual benefit

- 230+ Member Governments
 - Cities
 - Counties







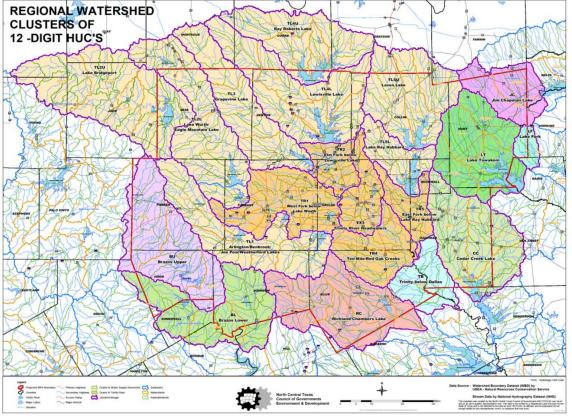


NCTCOG ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PROGRAM:

Focus on water quality, stormwater, and floodplain topics/issues.

Floodplain

- NCT region does not have a flood control district. Lots of local/regional entities working in their own jurisdictions.
- NCTCOG will never replace a flood control district, but as an agency, we work toward regional cooperation on flooding issues to help everyone accomplish common goals together.

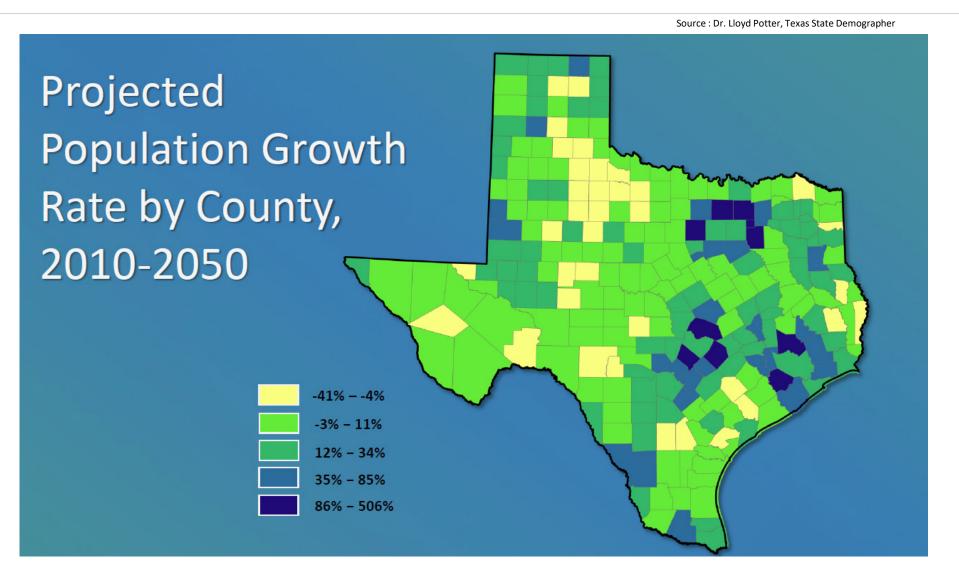








NCTCOG | WHAT IS NCTCOG'S ROLE?



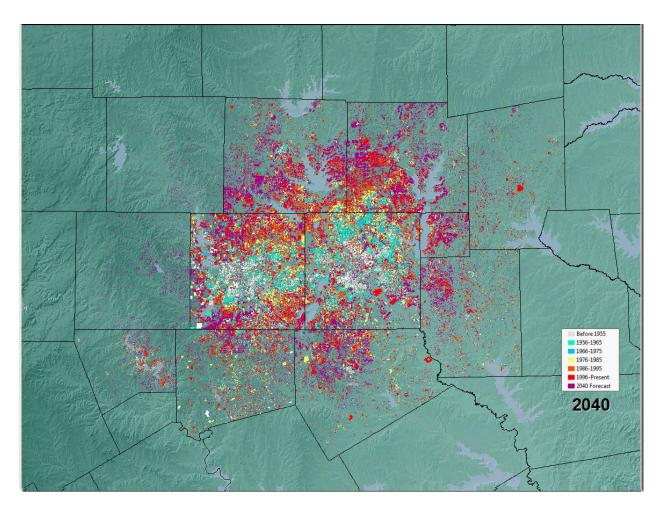






NCTCOG | WHAT IS NCTCOG'S ROLE?

NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS 1950-2040 GROWTH









NCTCOG | WHAT IS NCTCOG'S ROLE?

NCTCOG GOALS AS A COOPERATING TECHNICAL PARTNER

Direct Goals:

- Better data for better decision making
- Coordination between communities and local/regional/state/federal organizations (what COGs do best!)
- Partnerships
- Indirect Goals:
 - Higher Standards







DISCOVERY | OVERVIEW

FEMA'S RISK MAPPING, ASSESSMENT, AND PLANNING (MAP) PROGRAM

- Provide flood information and tools for better protection
- Action -Driven through local understanding and ownership of risk





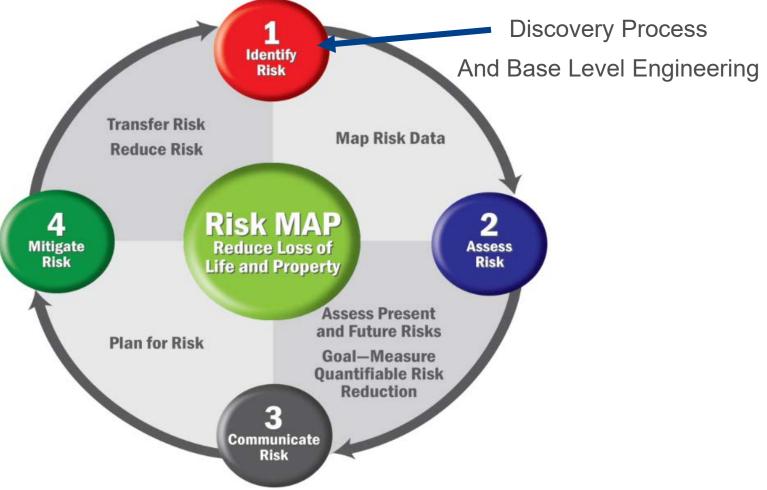




DISCOVERY | OVERVIEW

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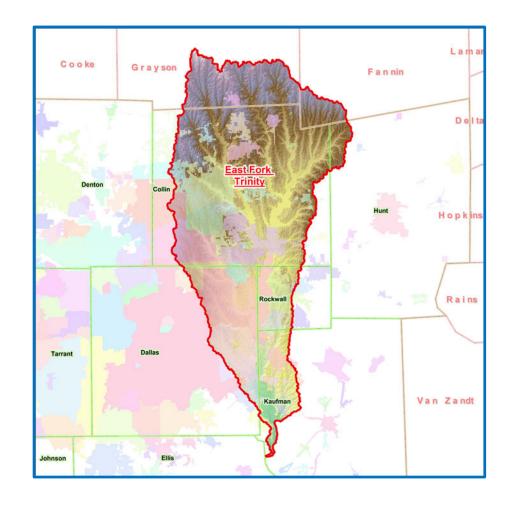


DISCOVERY | GOALS

NCTCOG LEADING EAST FORK

TRINITY DISCOVERY

- Gather Information
 - Local flood risks and hazards
 - Current mitigation efforts
- Provide Information
 - Mitigation planning and actions
 - -Risk communication

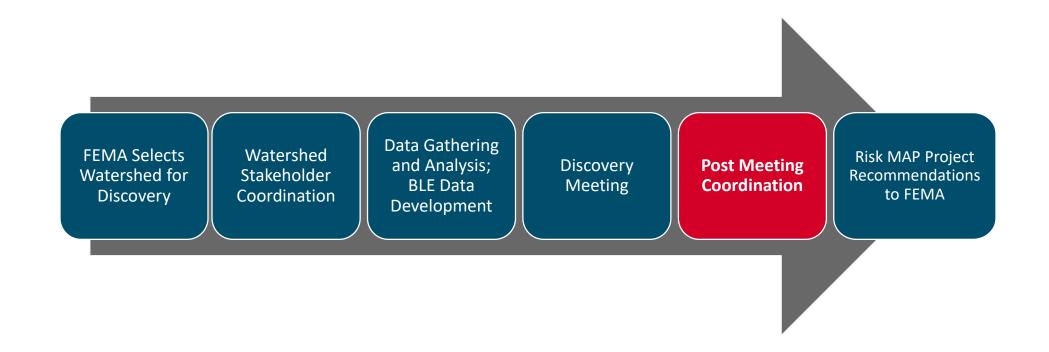








DISCOVERY | DISCOVERY PROCESS





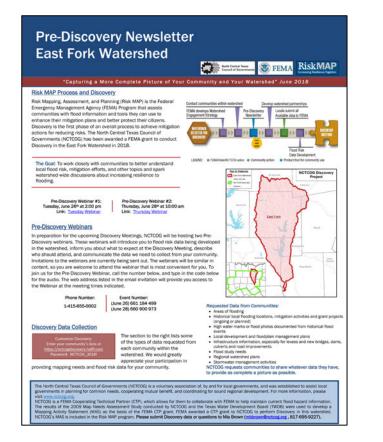


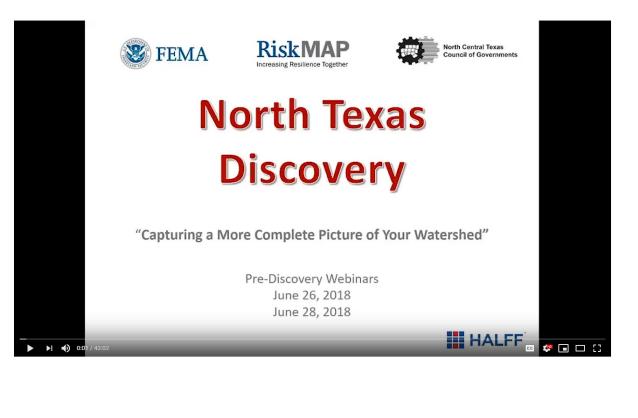


DISCOVERY | ACTIVITIES

PRE-DISCOVERY WEBINARS

■ Inform communities of process and timeline







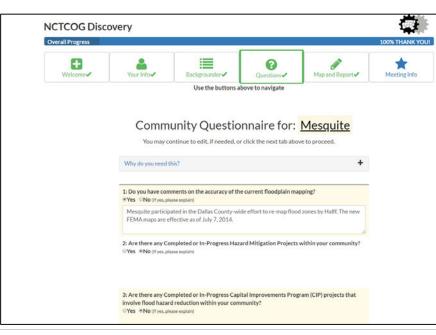


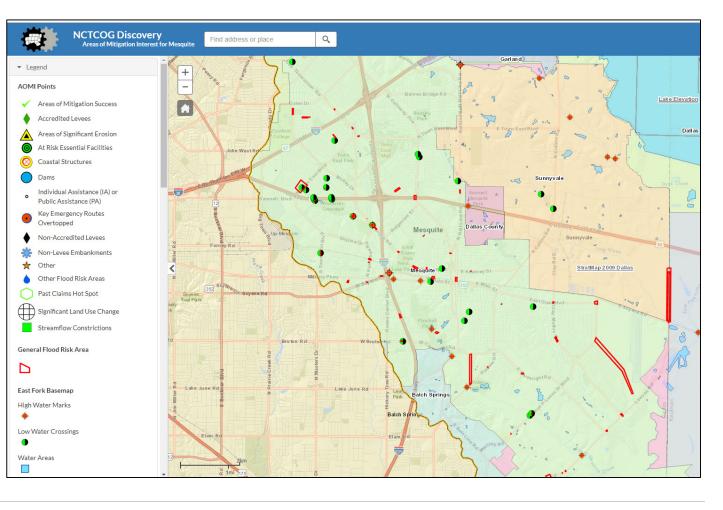


DISCOVERY | ACTIVITIES

COMMUNITIES SUBMITTED FLOOD RISKS ONLINE

- Low Water Crossings
- Flooding Concerns
- Significant Land Use Change
- Issues with Effective Mapping











DISCOVERY | ACTIVITIES

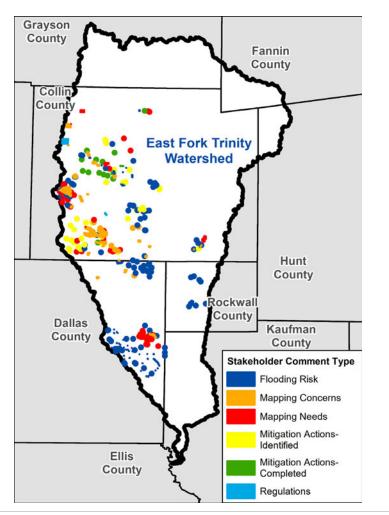








326 STAKEHOLDER COMMENTS SUBMITTED



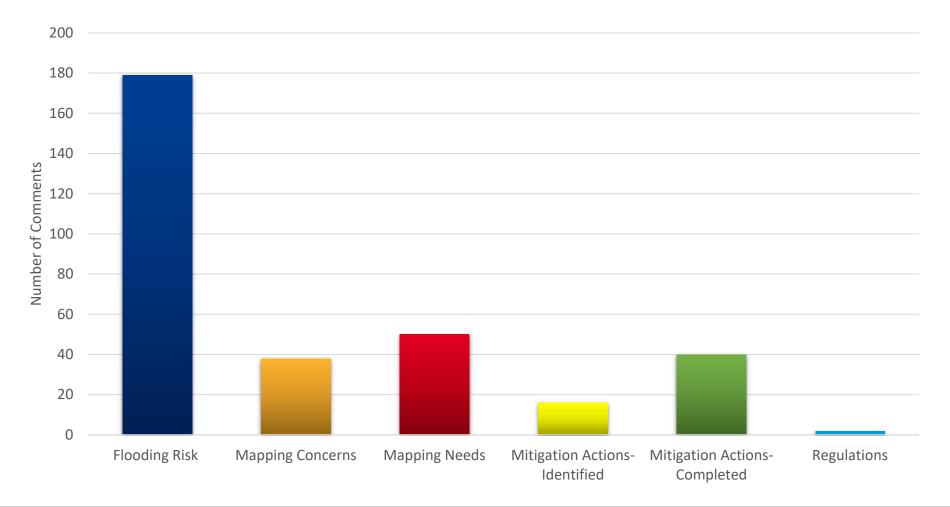
| Number of Comments | Community |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| 3 | Allen |
| 4 | Anna |
| 5 | Celina |
| 24 | Collin County |
| 1 | Dallas County |
| 25 | Frisco |
| 7 | Garland |
| 2 | Kaufman County |
| 1 | Heath |
| 13 | Lavon |
| 15 | Lowry Crossing |
| 21 | Lucas |
| 41 | McKinney |
| 79 | Mesquite |
| 1 | Parker |
| 54 | Plano |
| 1 | Prosper |
| 5 | Richardson |
| 9 | Rockwall |
| 1 | Rowlett |
| 16 | Sachse |
| 28 | Sunnyvale |
| 4 | Wylie |







STAKEHOLDER COMMENTS BY TYPE

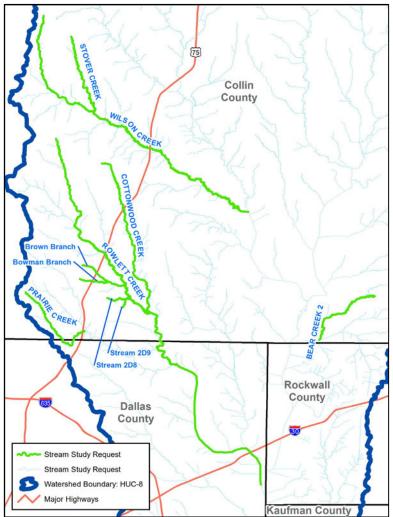




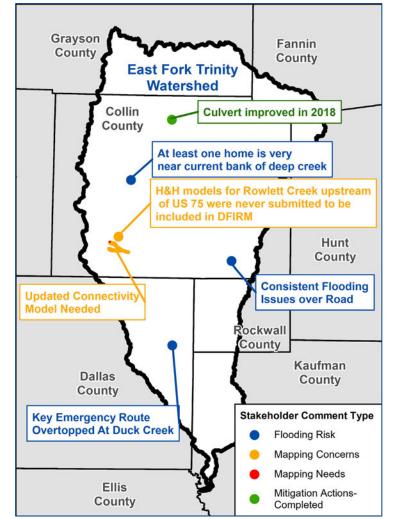




REQUESTED STUDY STREAMS



SAMPLE COMMENTS SUBMITTED



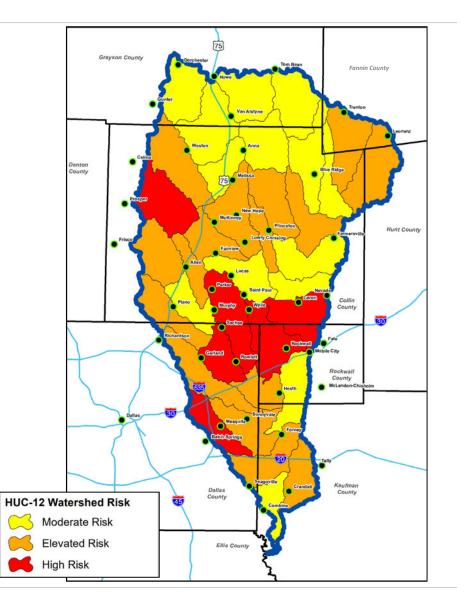






HUC-12 WATERSHED PRIORITIZATION

| Criteria No. | Description | Max Weight | |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--|
| 1 | 1 Population density (whole number) | | |
| 2 | Population change (decimal) | 10 | |
| 3 | Predicted population growth (whole number) | 10 | |
| 4 | History of flood claims (whole number) | 10 | |
| 5 | History of flood events (whole number) | 10 | |
| 6 | Number of Letters of Map Change (LOMR/LOMA) (whole number) | | |
| 7 | Available current topography (Y/N for LiDAR) | 10 | |
| 8 | Age of technical data – hydrology (num. of years) | 5 | |
| 9 | Age of technical data – hydraulics (num. of years) | 5 | |
| 10 | 10 Ability to leverage current studies (Y/N) | | |
| 11 | Potential for local funding (Y/N) | 5 | |
| 12 | Potential for local "work in kind" (Y/N) | 3 | |
| 13 | Previous contribution to a FEMA study (Y/N) | 2 | |
| 14 | Stakeholder mapping request (number) | 10 | |









BASE LEVEL ENGINEERING

- Requires LiDAR
- Automated hydraulic modeling
 Model Review and Adjustments
- Gage Review included in hydrology



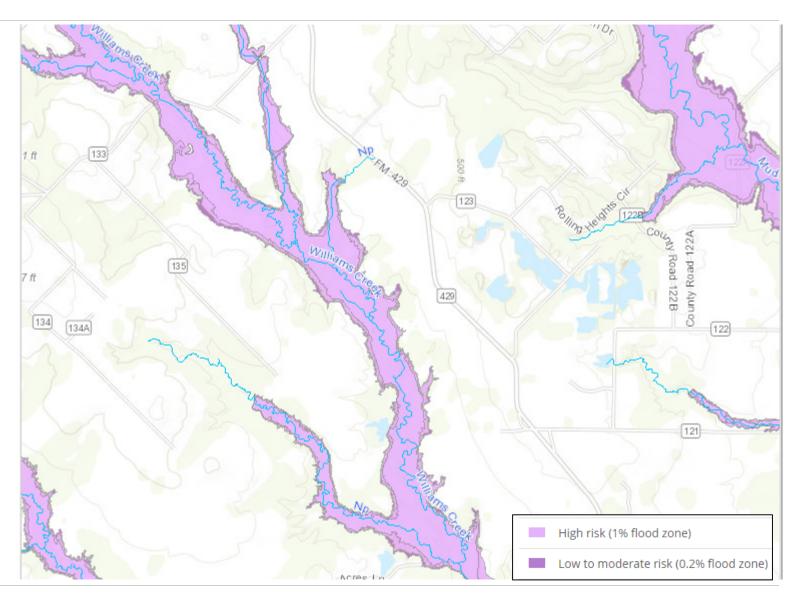






BASE LEVEL ENGINEERING

- Hydraulic modeling
- 10%, 4%, 2%, 1% and 0.2% storm events
- Floodplain Boundaries
- 10%, 1% and 0.2%



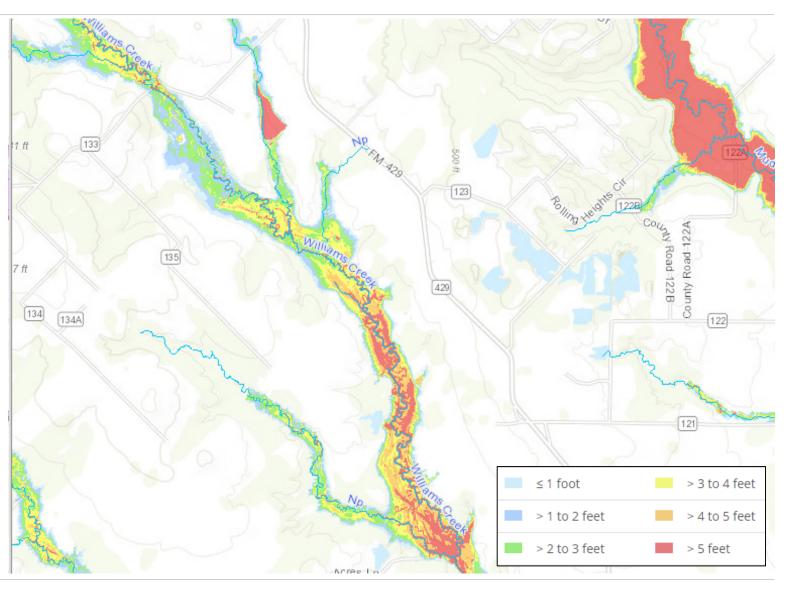






BASE LEVEL ENGINEERING

- Depth and Analysis Grids
- Areas of Expanded Flood Risk
- Flood Risk Assessment



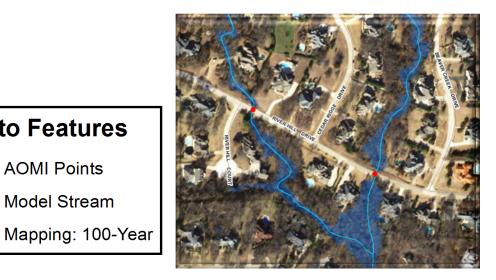


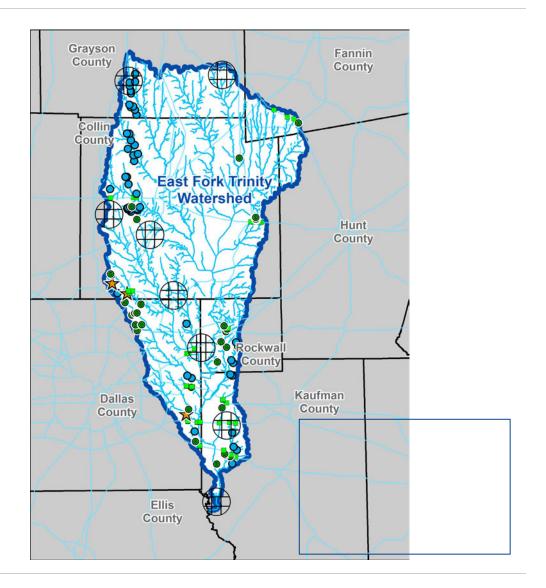




AREAS OF MITIGATION INTEREST (AOMI)

- Structure inventory for future Discovery/Mitigation efforts
- Places with unknown or increased flood risk
- Identified by communities







Key to Features

AOMI Points

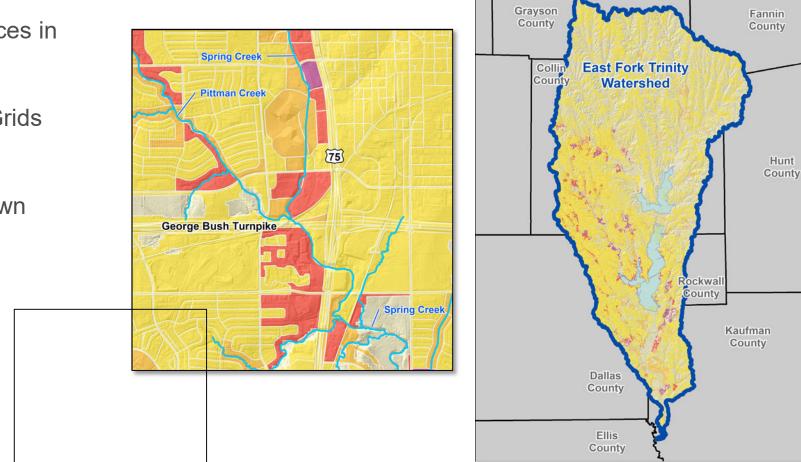
Model Stream





HAZUS-BASED AVERAGE ANNUALIZED LOSS ESTIMATES

- Identify flooding consequences in damages and other losses
- Based on 100 Year Depth Grids and at-risk assets
- Can be further narrowed down

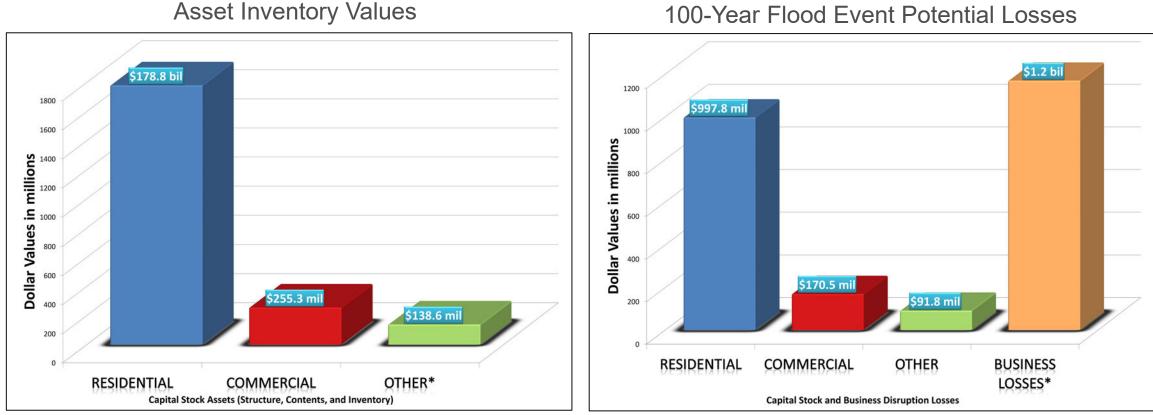








HAZUS-BASED AVERAGE ANNUALIZED LOSS ESTIMATES



*Other: structure types include Industrial, Agricultural, Education, Religious, and Government structures.

*Business Losses are the sum of Inventory Loss, Relocation Costs, Income Loss, Rental Income Loss, Wage Loss, and Direct Output Loss.



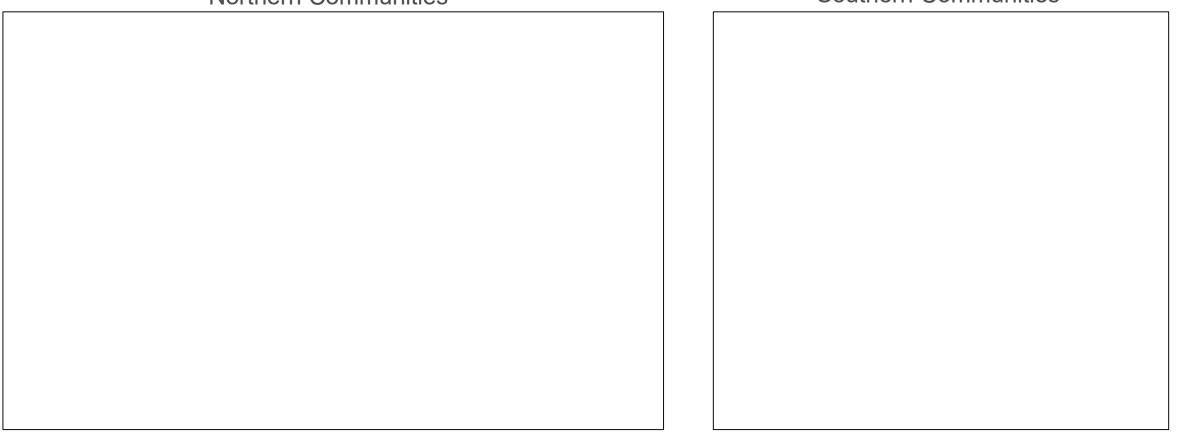




HAZUS-BASED AVERAGE ANNUALIZED LOSS ESTIMATES

Northern Communities

Southern Communities



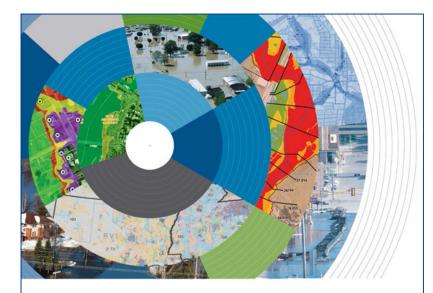






FLOOD RISK REPORT

- Prioritization Results
- Figures and Maps
- Summary of Discovery Activities
- BLE Report



Flood Risk Report East Fork Trinity Watershed HUC8 12030106

September 2019









FLOOD RISK REPORT

Community SnapshotsHistorical Flooding

Stakeholder Comments

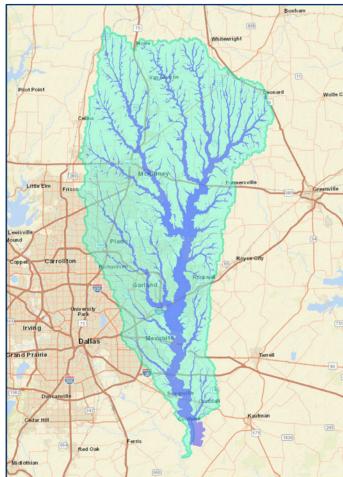




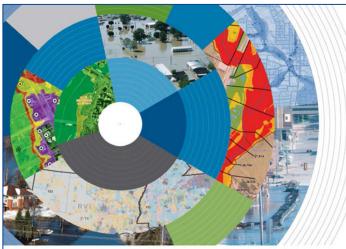




BLE DATASET



FLOOD RISK REPORT

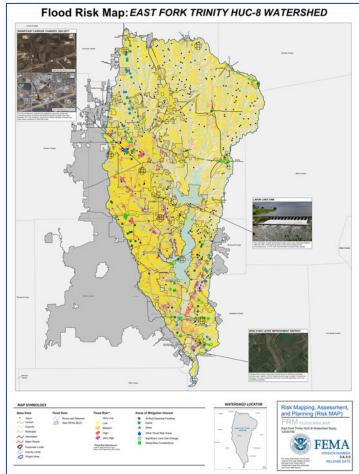


Flood Risk Report East Fork Trinity Watershed HUC8 12030106

September 2019



FLOOD RISK MAP



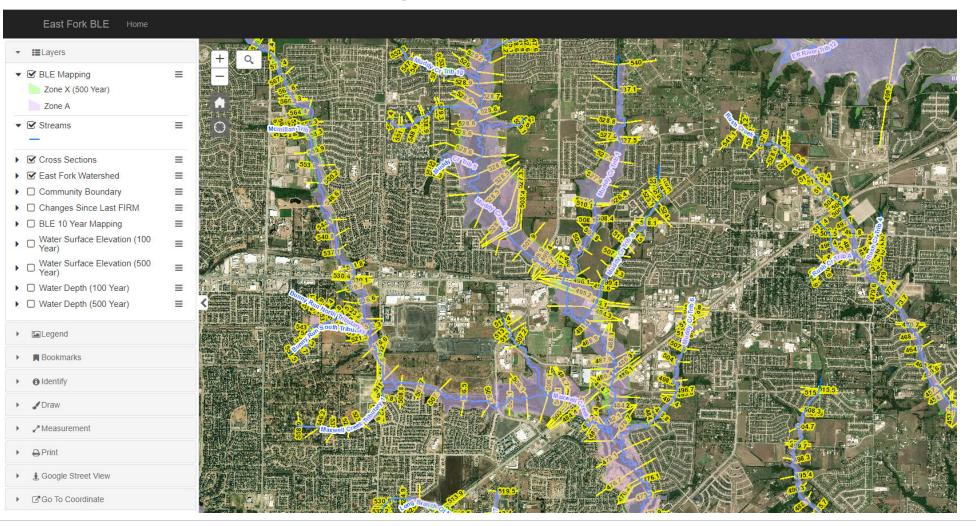






BLE OVERVIEW | NCTCOG EAST FORK BLE VIEWER

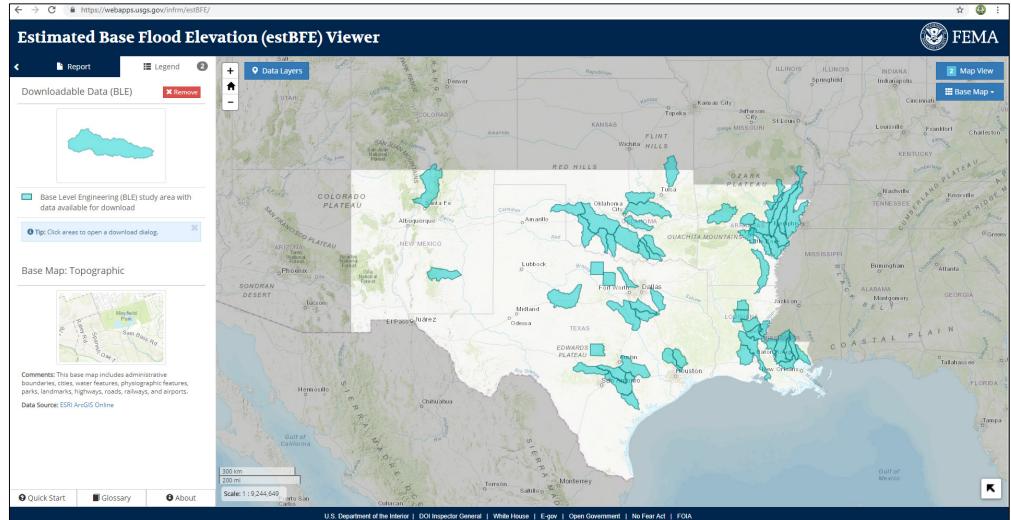
https://nctcogeastforkble.halff.com/

















https://webapps.usgs.gov/infrm/estBFE/

Welcome to the

Base Level Engineering assessments are produced using high resolution ground data to create technically creditable flood hazard information that may be used to expand and modernize FEMA's current flood hazard inventory.



View Base Level Engineering Data

Access all available Base Level Engineering data without GIS software.

- Click the DATA LAYERS button to add or remove map layers.
- Click the LEGEND tab to view an explanation of all data shown.
- Click the MAP VIEW button to open or close a second viewing window for side-by-side comparisons.

Estimated Base Flood Elevation Viewer



Download Datasets & Models

Download the Base Level Engineering data presented in the viewer.

- Click the DATA LAYERS button and add the DOWNLOADABLE DATA layer.
- Click shaded areas in the map to open a dialog for choosing datasets to download.



Property Look Up

Where data is available, produce a property-specific report with estimated base flood information.

Click the REPORT tab to create a flood risk report for a specific location.

Click a topic to get started!







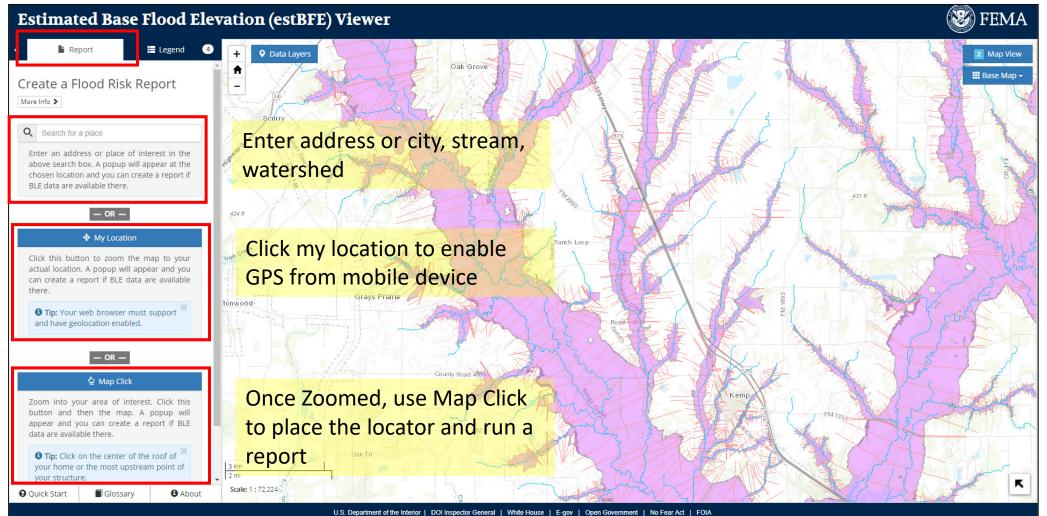
https://webapps.usgs.gov/infrm/estBFE/ 😵 FEMA **Estimated Base Flood Elevation (estBFE) Viewer** 5 Report Legend + Oata Layers • Data Layers 1 Map View Estimated Flood Extent X Remove Base Level Engineering 3 shown Base Level Engineering 1 shown (1% and 0.2%) Estimated flood extent (1% and 0.2%) Estimated flood extent (1% and 0.2%) Estimated flood extent (10%) Estimated flood extent (10%) Flood depth (1%) Flood depth (1%) Elood depth (0.2%) Flood depth (0.2%) 50% 50% Opacity: Opacity: 2D BLE elevations 2D BLE elevations High risk (1% flood zone) ID BLE cross-sections 1D BLE cross-sections Stream center lines Stream center lines Low to moderate risk (0.2% flood zone) Stream center line labels Stream center line labels Comments: Properties within high risk areas have a 1 Opacity: 100% Opacity: 100% percent (1/100) chance of flooding in any year, while properties within low to moderate risk areas have a 0.2 percent (1/500) chance of flooding in any year. > Downloadable Data (BLE) > Downloadable Data (BLE) Detailed Studies (FIRM) Detailed Studies (FIRM) Flood Depth (1%) X Remove X Close O Clear Map X Close O Clear Map County Road 406 County Road 40 Kemr ≤ 1 foot > 3 to 4 feet > 1 to 2 feet > 4 to 5 feet > 2 to 3 feet > 5 feet Comments: Depicts estimated water depths above land 3 km surface during a 1% annual chance storm event (a storm 2 mi that has a 1/100 chance of occurring in any calendar year). ĸ Scale: 1:72,224 **O**uick Start Glossary About

U.S. Department of the Interior | DOI Inspector General | White House | E-gov | Open Government | No Fear Act | FOIA















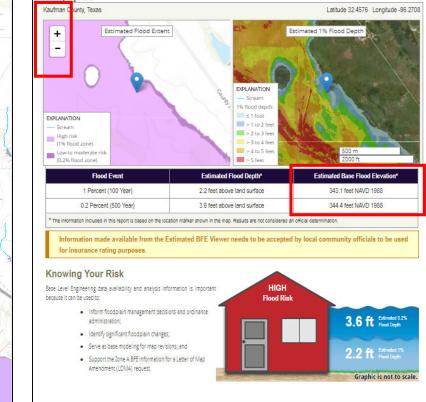
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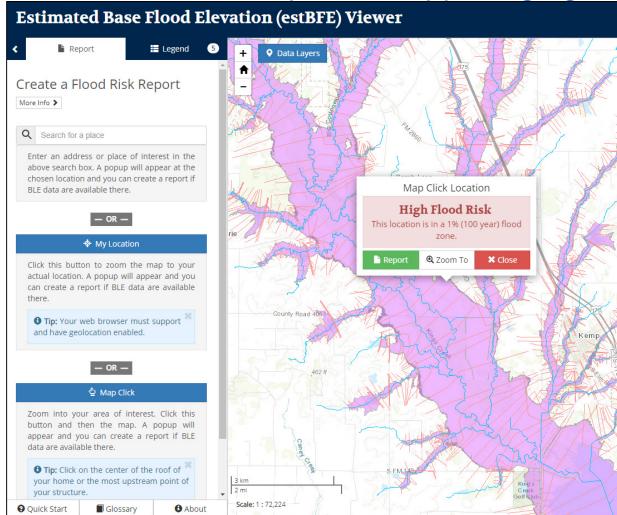
Estimated Base Flood Elevation (estBFE)

😵 FEMA

Flood Risk Information Report

FEMA is providing a look at flood data availability and relative Base Level Engineering analysis through the Estimated Base Flood Elevation Viewer (Estimated BFE Viewer). Base Level Engineering uses high resolution ground elevation data, flood flow calculations, and fundamental engineering modeling techniques to define flood extents for streams. The viewer is an effective tool for property owners, community officials, and land developers to identify flood risk, estimated flood elevations, and flood depths for watersheds where Base Level Engineering has been prepared.











https://webapps.usgs.gov/infrm/estBFE/

FEMA's Estimated Base Flood Ele × S FEMA's Estimated Base Flood Ele × +

- 🔶 C 🔒 https://webapps.usgs.gov/infrm/estBFE/report.html?lat=32.457632308087675&lng=-96.27079010009767

Print Tip: The map's zoom level can be adjusted by

using the +/- zoom buttons. Users should zoom in and verify the location of the marker prior to printing.

 Tip: The web address can be used to share or bookmark the report for this location.

Estimated Base Flood Elevation (estBFE)

Flood Risk Information Report

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🛞 FEMA

Using This Data

🛞 FEMA

Consult the local floodplain manager and building department in your community before making any building or land modifications. Local officies may use this information to regulate development new flooding sources to create more flood-realient communities. Local building and permitting requirements vary by community and are based on local decisions and ordinances.

Everyone is a triak. The charces of experiencing a flood can key due to unexelvated conditions, such as the unstudied effects of community growth and development or intense storms underacertatic to historical tends. Maintaining or obtaining a flood insurance policy is essential to ensure a property owner is covered if a flood occurs. Visit http://FloodSmarg.yow frome information on the costs of flooding and to locate a insurance agent jour area.

Base Level Engineering and the Estimated BFE Viewer tool help identify the BFE in effective Zone As. If a property owner believes that a structure is above or outside of the base flood externl in an effective Zone A, a LOMA request may be submitted and the flood risk report from the Estimated BFE Viewer should be included. To complete an application, use the online web-state boar or owning and the paper forms (functionary Jones Team Provide Sectionary Jones Team Provide Sectionary Jones Team Provide Sectionary Jones Team Provide Sectionary (functionary Sectionary Sectionary

Copy of a plat map that identifies the property and includes the locality's recording information

Copy of the property deed with both locality's recording information and the property's written legal description and a parcel or tax map identifying the location.

 Elevation information indicating the lowes adjacent grade to the building certified by a licensed land surveyor or registered professional engineer, except for buildings clearly shown outside the STHA. If built recently, building permit files may contain this information. Note the professional may use the estimated BF (estBF) results for the BF stude on the elevation from or enfiniste.

- The Estimated BFE flood risk information report relative to the property indicating the estimated flood level and model.
- A letter of acceptance and support from your local floodplain administrator for the Estimated BFE information included in your report.

the other types of development may require additional documentation and possibly an application fee. A LDNA may result in removal of the SFHA designation and the equimement for flood insurance. However, maintaining a flood policy may still be required by the lender. Rood insurance coverage to repair damage caused by flooding lote for areas outcide the SFHA.

king Action

eds can happen anywhere at any time, which is why it is important to be prepared and to take steps before a flood event to protect your property from costly damage. Egation measures to consider include the following:

- Elevating. Elevating the lowest floor of new or existing buildings above the BFE reduces risk and may lower flood insurance premiums.
- Interior Modification. Raising the equipment servicing the building or infilling basements susceptible to flooding.
- Dry Hoodproofing. Sealing your structure to prevent floodwaters from entering. Residential property insurance is not reduced if dry floodproofing is used. Only commercial properties receive reduced flood insurance when dry floodproofing is used.
- Wet Floodproofing and Flood Vents. Making portion of a building more resistant to flood damage or, in some cases, allowing water to enter during a flood to prevent damages by equalizing pressure on walls and foundations.

iding on the right method to mitigate future damage and loss requires an assessment of various factors: the hazards to your home, permit requirements, the technical lations of the methods, and cost.

uss the potential mitigation options with your local floodplain administrator and building department to determine the next appropriate steps.

Using This Data

Consult the local floodplain manager and building department in your community before making any building or land modifications. Local officials may use this information to regulate development near flooding sources to create more flood-resilient communities. Local building and permitting requirements vary by community and are based on local decisions and ordinances.

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Base Level Engineering and the Estimated BFE Viewer tool help identify the BFE in effective Zone As. If a property owner believes that a structure is above or outside of the base flood extent in an effective Zone A, a LOMA request may be submitted and the flood risk report from the Estimated BFE Viewer should be included. To complete an application, use the online web-based tool or download the paper forms (https://www.fema.gov/letter-map-changes). Items needed to apply include the following:

- Copy of a **plat map** that identifies the property and includes the locality's recording information
- OR

Copy of the property deed with both locality's recording information and the property's written legal description and a parcel or tax map identifying the location.

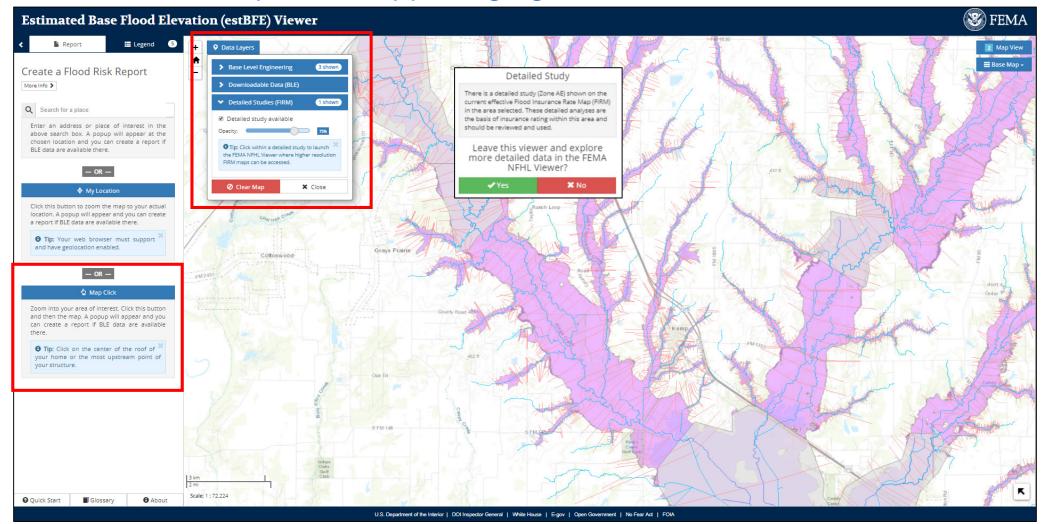
- Elevation information indicating the lowest adjacent grade to the building certified by a licensed land surveyor or registered professional engineer, except for buildings dearly shown outside the SFHA. If built recently, building permit files may contain this information. Note the professional may use the estimated BFE (estBFE) results for the BFE value on the elevation form or certificate.
- The Estimated BFE flood risk information report relative to the property indicating the estimated flood level and model.
- A letter of acceptance and support from your local floodplain administrator for the Estimated BFE information included in your report.

Please note other types of development may require additional documentation and possibly an application fee. A LOMA may result in removal of the SFHA designation and the Federal requirement for flood insurance. However, maintaining a flood policy may still be required by the lender. Flood insurance coverage to repair damage caused by flooding is available for areas outside the SFHA.





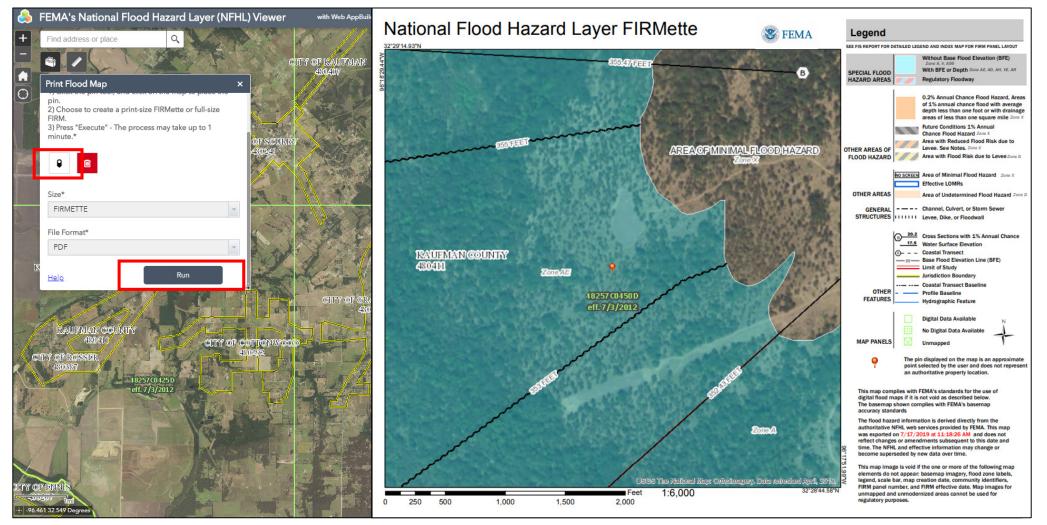








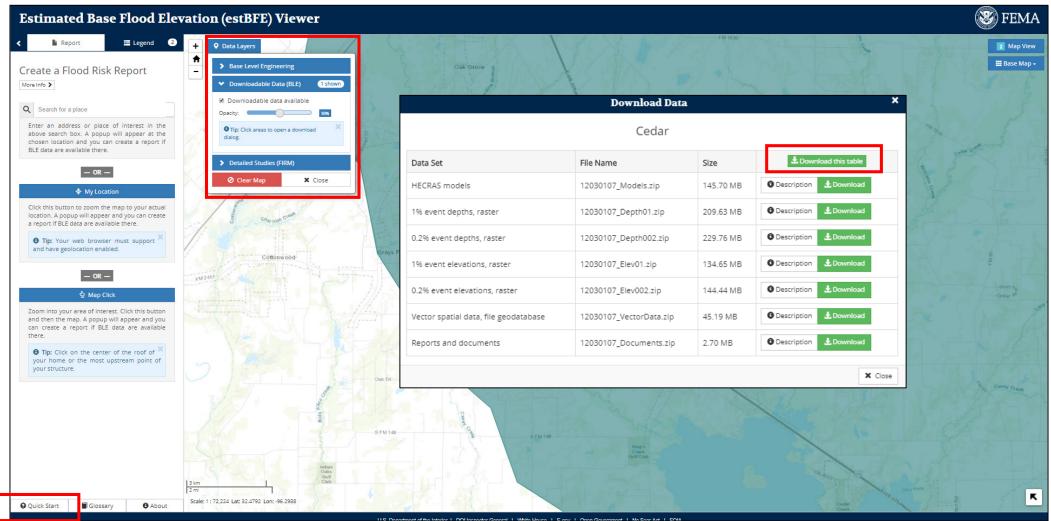


















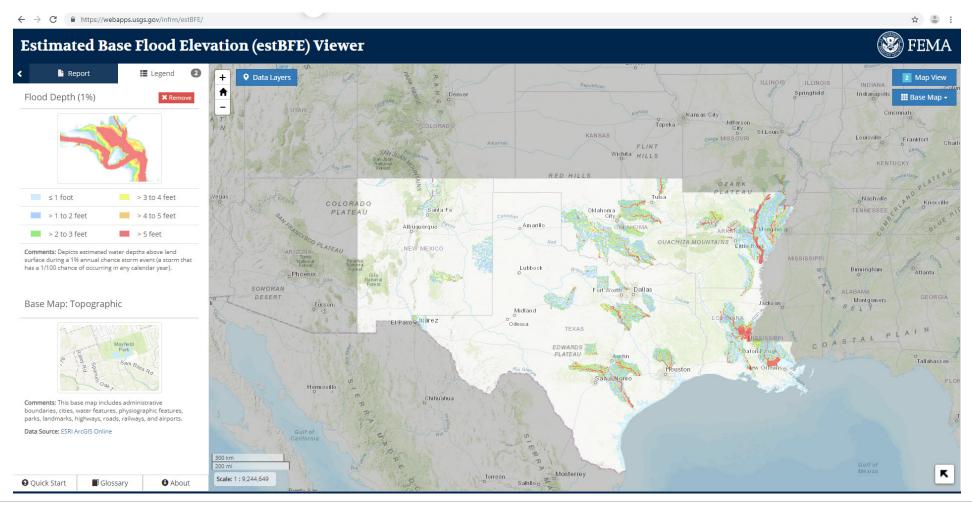
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| 1 Download | FileName | FileSize | DataSet | Description | | | | | | |
| 2 Download | 12030107_Models.zip | 145.70 MB | HECRAS models | A folder containing HECRAS models for streams. | | | | | | |
| 3 Download | 12030107_Depth01.zip | 209.63 MB | 1% event depths, raster | A raster representing the estimated depth of floodwaters from a 1% event. | | | | | | |
| 4 Download | 12030107_Depth002.zip | 229.76 MB | 0.2% event depths, raster | A raster representing the estimated depth of floodwaters from a 0.2% event. | | | | | | |
| 5 Download | 12030107_Elev01.zip | 134.65 MB | 1% event elevations, raster | A raster representing the estimated elevation of floodwaters from a 1% event. | | | | | | |
| 6 Download | 12030107_Elev002.zip | 144.44 MB | 0.2% event elevations, raster | A raster representing the estimated elevation of floodwaters from a 0.2% event. | | | | | | |
| 7 Download | 12030107_VectorData.zip | 45.19 MB | Vector spatial data, file geodatabase | A file geodatabase containing vector spatial data representing stream centerlines, study areas, cross sections, flood hazard areas, and more. | | | | | | |
| 8 Download | 12030107_Documents.zip | 2.70 MB | Reports and documents | A folder containing the Base Level Engineering report, and other documents. | | | | | | |
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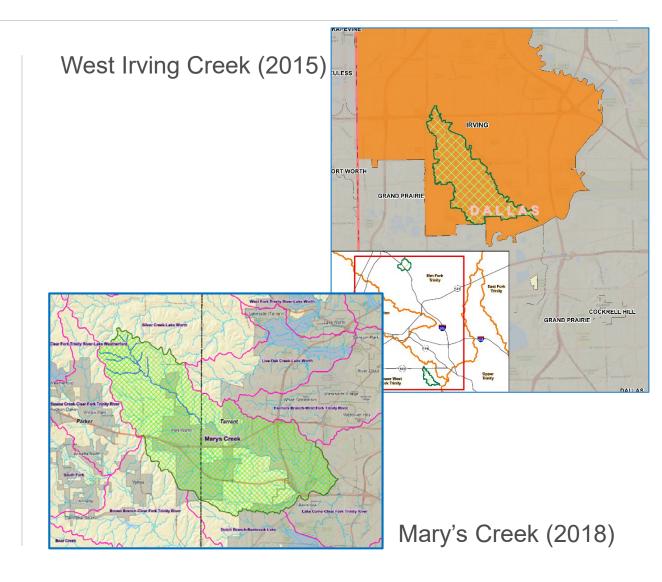


DISCOVERY | RISK MAP PROJECT RECOMMENDATIONS TO FEMA

RECOMMENDED STUDIES FROM

DISCOVERY BECOME NEW PROJECTS

- 2013 Village Creek (Kennedale)
- 2014 Bear Creek (Southlake and Colleyville)
- 2015 Lynchburg Creek (Shady Shores and Corinth)
- 2015 West Irving Creek (Irving)
- 2016 McAnear Creek (Cleburne)
- 2016 Silver Creek (Tarrant County)
- 2017 Town Creek (Weatherford)
- 2017 Clear Fork Tributary 5 (Benbrook)
- 2018 Mary's Creek (Parker County)



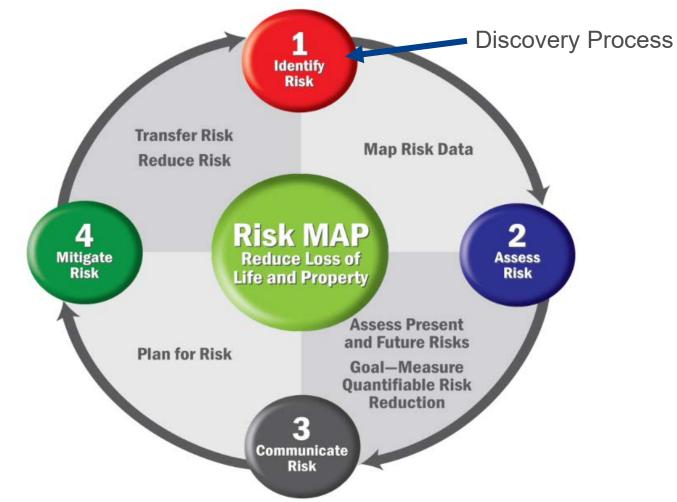






DISCOVERY | OVERVIEW

FEMA'S RISK MAPPING, ASSESSMENT, AND PLANNING (MAP) PROGRAM









DISCOVERY | OVERVIEW

QUESTIONS?









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