City of San Antonio Curbside Organics Program

North Central Texas Stewardship Forum Webinar Series – May 2015 Nick Galus



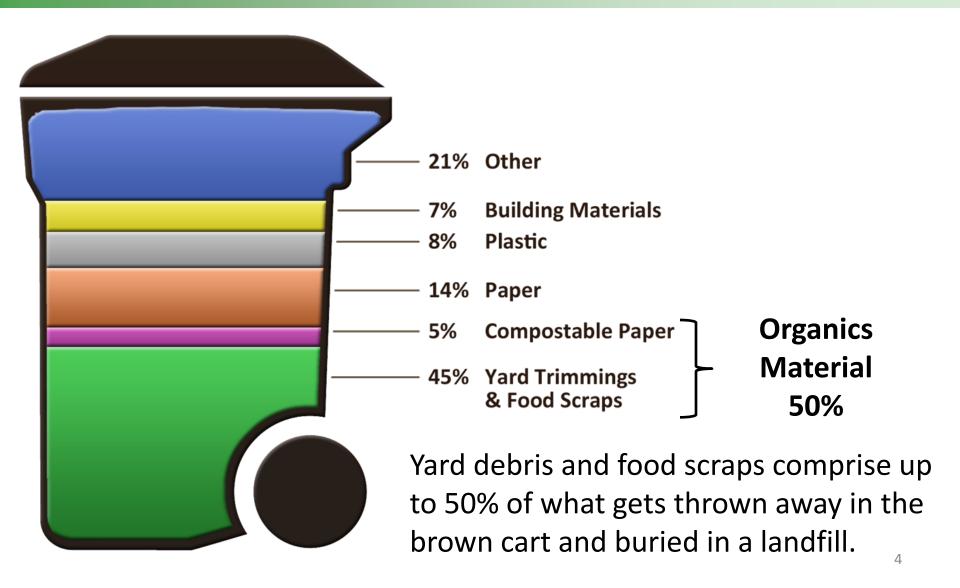
Agenda

- Why
- Overview
- Outreach
- Results
- Processing
- Future Outlook

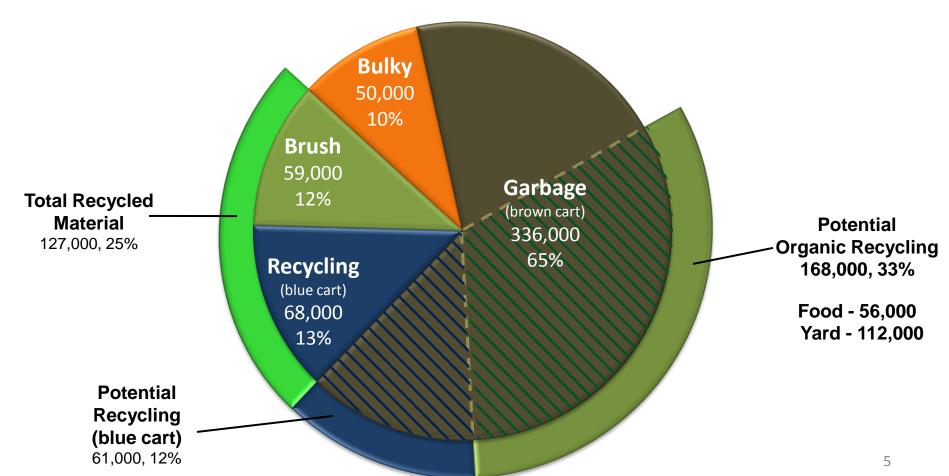


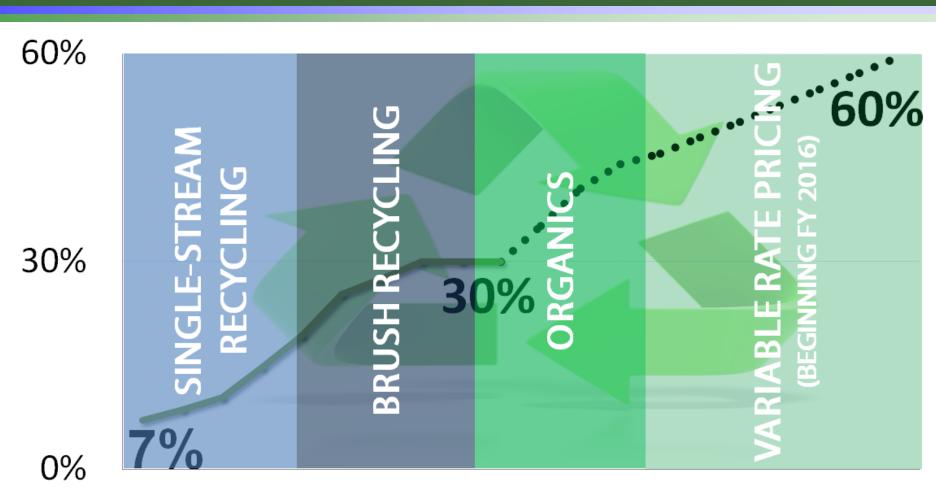
- Recycle and Resource Recovery Plan Adopted June 2010
- Goal of 60% recycling rate by 2025
- Organics is a major component





Annual Residential Materials Collected by Type: 513,000 tons Total SWMD Customers: 344,000





2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 2024

• • • Target — Actual

Overview

- Pilot Program
 - Started September 2011
 - 30,000 households
- Subscription Program
 - Started February 2013
 - Service area of 120,000 households
 - Approximately 20,000 subscribers

What Goes In The Cart

Yard trimmings

- Branches
- Leaves
- Grass clippings
- Hedge/floral trimmings

Food scraps

- Breads and grains
- Fruits and vegetables
- Spoiled food
- Leftovers
- Coffee grounds

Compostable Paper

- Pizza boxes
- Coffee filters
- Napkins
- Popcorn bags

Other

- Shredded paper
- Sawdust
- Dryer lint



Taking The Cart Curbside

ORGANICS ON



Yard Trimmings Grass clippings, flowers, and weeds



_eaves Leaves, twigs, and small branches (no more than 4 feet in length and 4 inches in diameter)



Food Scraps Bread, grains and pasta, coffee grounds with paper filter, dairy, eggshells and eggs, fruit (pits and shells too), leftovers and spoiled food, tea bags, and vegetables



Food-Soiled Paper Coffee filters, greasy pizza baxes, paper cups and plates, napkins, paper towels, paper take-out boxes and containers, and wooden chansticks



Shredded Paper Shredded office paper and confett

NOT ACCEPTABLE

- metal
 - · dirt
- · corks · rocks
 - stones
- glass
- · cloth and fabric ceramics
- pet waste styrofoam® Non-compostable plastic
- (including biodegradable plastic)
- · paper with wax or plastic coatings
- · cooking oil and grease in large concentrated quantities

For more information, please visit our website at www.sanantonio.gov/swmd or call 3-1-1.





Servicing the Carts

- Collection conducted with automated trucks
- Rear load trucks took longer
- Nothing special with the cart
- 96 gallon cart most effective

Outreach

- Block-walking is the primary outreach method
- Residents can subscribe online, fax, or email
- Fall and Spring seasons are ideal times to expand
- Pockets of subscribers observed
 - Neighbors influence each other's decision to subscribe

Outreach - Block Walking



- During Pilot City staff delivered kitchen bins by personally knocking on doors
- Residents were receptive
- Positive feedback

Outreach – Door Hangers

Subscription Program Outreach





Outreach - Welcome Packet



Outreach – Post Cards



Outreach – Post Cards

Not all trash is the same



Outreach – Community Events

- Community meetings with neighborhood leaders, HOAs, and Webinars
- Booths at schools, parks, and special events
- School presentations focused within the pilot

areas

Outreach – Truck Wraps



Common Concerns and Suggestions

Odors	 Freeze strong smelling foods and set-out on day of collection 	
Cleanliness	 Wrap messy and wet food scraps in newspaper or use paper bags 	
Rodents/Critters	 Same material you currently place in the brown cart 	
Storage & Space Constraints	 The City has smaller containers The footprint of 3 small containers is equal to 2 big ones 	

Using The Kitchen Bin







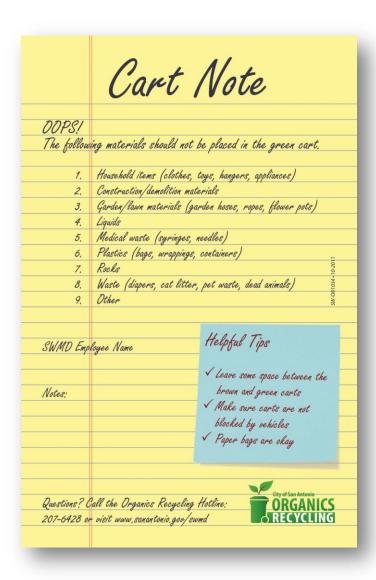


No Plastic Bags





Cart Notes



- Solid Waste Inspectors
- Tags are placed on cart to educate residents

Compost Giveaway



Residents within the pilot areas received an invitation

 Random and anonymous surveys conducted by local university

- Pilot Pre-Implementation
- Pilot Post-Implementation
- City-Wide to estimate demand

- Pre-Implementation Survey to establish baseline perception
 - Most residents favor the program
 - Most organic material goes into garbage
 - 49% would use it weekly
 - 32% would use it occasionally

- Post-Implementation Survey to gauge cart usage and issues
 - Green cart mainly used for yard waste
 - Minimal issues with odors, rodents, or space constraints
 - 90% little to no effort required
 - 80% set cart out at least every other week;
 15% used the cart occasionally; 5% didn't use the cart

- City-Wide Survey to estimate demand
 - Respondents who already knew of program were more than twice as likely to subscribe
 - Most interest in NW and NE areas
 - 23% of residents would subscribe
 - 48% knew of the program
 - 28% by news
 - 11% by friends or family

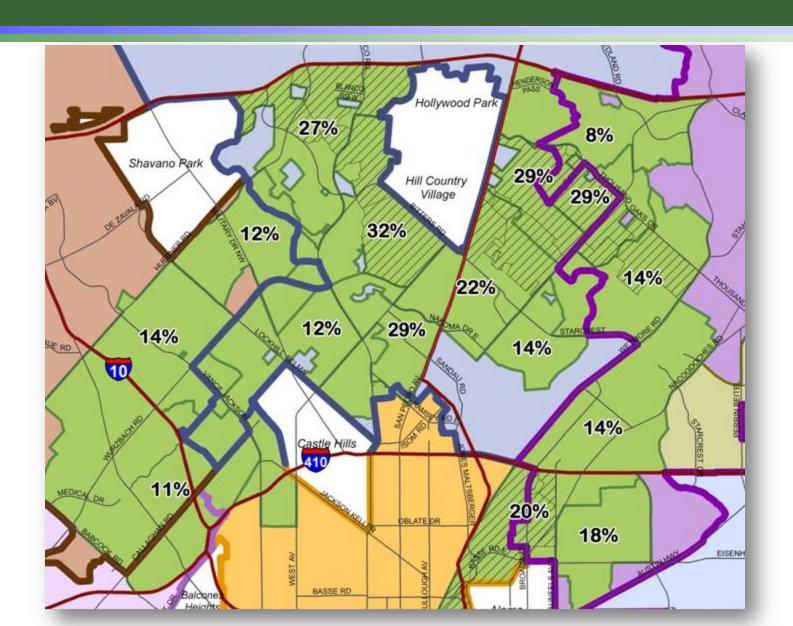
Results – Pilot Program

- Commenced Fall 2011
- 30,000 homes got a green cart
- 1,800 homes per route
- 425 lbs per account
- 26% average setout
- 1% towards recycle rate

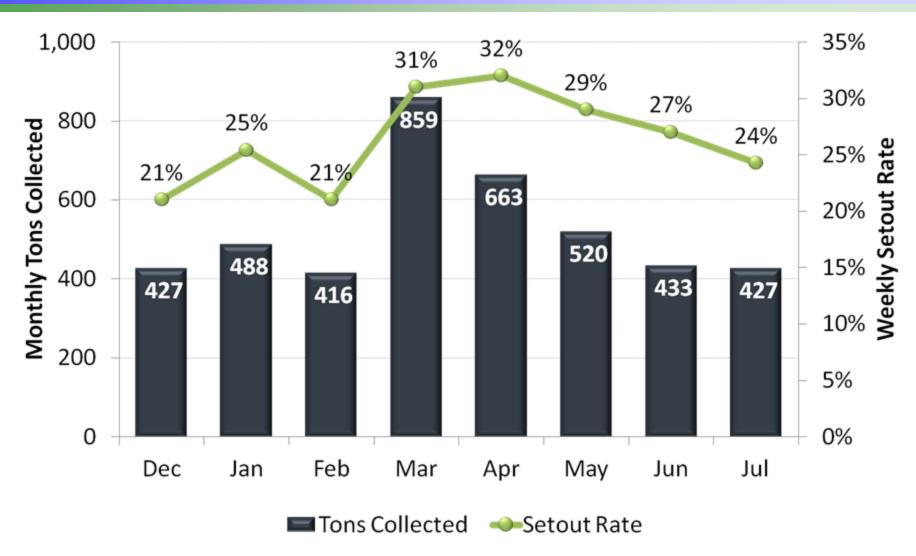
Results – Subscription Program

- Transitioned Pilot Spring 2013
- Offered to 120,000 homes
- \$3 monthly fee
- 3,600 homes per route
- 750 lbs per account
- 17% subscription rate

Subscription Rates - NE San Antonio



Seasonality



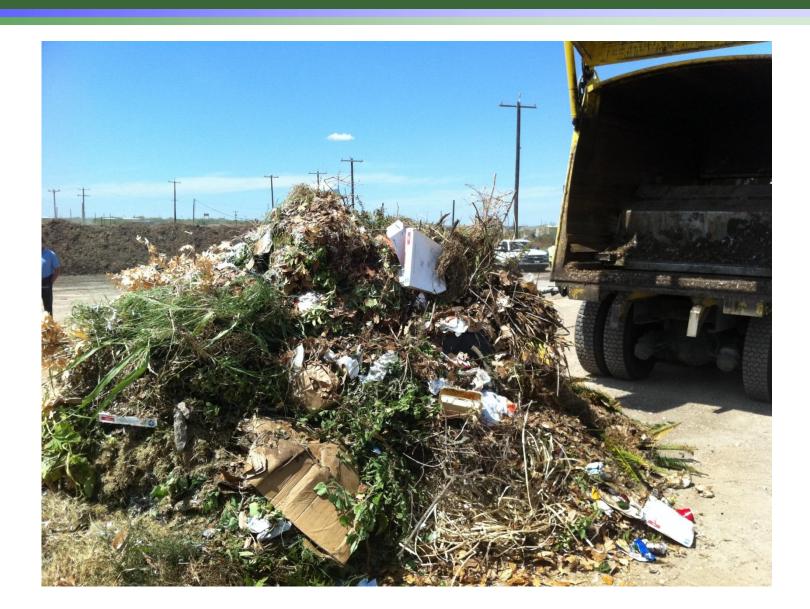
Compost Facility - New Earth







Processing the Loads



Waste Characterization

Category	Characteristic	Cubic Yards	Lbs.
Contamination	Metal	0.58	60
Contamination	Plastic	6.25	546
Contamination	Styrofoam®	2.17	118
Contamination	Other	8.30	1,747
Organic	Food	1.29	518
Organic	Paper	24.82	2,728
Organic	Yard Waste	412.01	151,723
TOTALS		455.42	157,440
Contamination by Volume	3.80%		
Contamination by Weight	1.60%		34

Future Outlook

- Variable Rate Pricing with Organics
- FY2015 Program Development
- FY2016 Implementation
- FY2017 Complete Implementation
- Expected contribution to 60% recycling rate goal by 2025
 - 15% 20% from Organics Recycling

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