Recommended Amendments to the 2000 International Fuel Gas Code

North Central Texas Council of Governments region

**Section 101.2

{Local amendments to Section 101.2 may be necessary to correspond with the State Plumbing Licensing Law.}

**Section 102.2; add an exception to read as follows:

Exception: Existing dwelling units shall comply with Section 620.2.

(Reason: Previous code provisions made unvented heater provisions retroactive except as provided for in local amendment. This amendment and amendment to IFGC 620.2 better clarify what the code already states: existing systems may stay unless considered unsafe.)

**Section 102.8; change to read as follows:

102.8 Referenced codes and standards. The codes and standards referenced herein shall be those that are listed in Chapter 7 and such codes, when specifically adopted, and standards shall be considered part of the requirements of this code to the prescribed extent of each such reference. Where differences occur between provisions of this code and the referenced standards, the provisions of this code shall apply. Whenever amendments have been adopted to the referenced codes and standards, each reference to said code and standard shall be considered to reference the amendments as well. Any reference to NFPA 70 or the ICC *Electrical Code* shall mean the Electrical Code as adopted.

(Reason: Legal wording to recognize locally adopted codes and amendments adopted with referenced codes.)

**Section 202; amend definition of "Unvented Room Heater" to add a sentence to read as follows:

For the purpose of installation, this definition shall also include "Unvented Decorative Appliances."

(Reason: Clarifies installation for these devices.)

**Section 302.3; change to read as follows:

302.3 Cutting, notching and boring in wood members. When permitted by the *International Building Code*, the The cutting, notching and boring of wood members shall comply with Sections 302.3.1 through 302.3.3.

(Reason: Reference IBC and its restrictions. Consistent with regional amendment to IMC 302.3.)

**Section 305.4; delete.

(Reason: This provision does not reflect standard practice in this area. Consistent with regional amendment to IMC 304.5.)

**Add Section 305.5 to read as follows:

305.5 Clearances from grade. Equipment and appliances installed at grade level shall be supported on a level concrete slab or other approved material extending above adjoining grade a minimum of 3 inches (76 mm) or shall be suspended a minimum of 6 inches (152 mm) above adjoining grade.

(Reason: Consistent with current local practice. Consistent with regional amendment to IMC 304.8.)

**Section 306.3; change to read as follows:

306.3 Appliances in attics. Attics containing appliances requiring access shall be provided . . . {bulk of paragraph unchanged} . . . side of the equipment. The clear access opening dimensions shall be a minimum of 20 inches by 30 inches (508 mm by 762 mm), or larger where such dimensions are not large enough to allow removal of the largest appliance. As a minimum, access to the attic space of residential uses shall be provided by one of the following:

- 1. A permanent stair.
- 2. A pull down stair.
- 3. An access door from an upper floor level.

Exception: The passageway and level service space are not required where the appliance is capable of being serviced and removed through the required opening.

(Reason: To provide a safe means of accessibility. Consistent with regional amendment to IMC 306.3.)

**Section 306.3.1; add a sentence to read as follows:

Low voltage wiring of 50 Volts or less shall be installed in a manner to prevent physical damage.

(Reason: To call attention to the need for care while installing lighting wiring in attic. Consistent with IMC amendments.)

**Section 306.4.1; add a sentence to read as follows:

Low voltage wiring of 50 Volts or less shall be installed in a manner to prevent physical damage.

(Reason: To call attention to the need for care while installing lighting wiring under floors. Consistent with IMC amendments.)

**Section 306.5; change to read as follows:

306.5 Appliances on roofs or elevated structures. Where appliances requiring access are installed on roofs or elevated structures at a height exceeding 16 feet (4877 mm), such access shall be provided by a permanent approved means of access, the extent of which shall be from Permanent exterior ladders providing roof access need not extend closer than 8 feet (2438 mm) to the finish grade or floor level below and shall extend to the appliance's level service space. Such access shall . . . {bulk of section to read the same}. . . on roofs having a slope greater than 4 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33-percent slope).

(Reason: To assure safe access to roof appliances. Consistent with IMC amendments.)

**Add Section 306.5.1.1 to read as follows:

<u>306.5.1.1 Catwalk.</u> On roofs having slopes greater than 4 units vertical in 12 units horizontal, a catwalk at least 16 inches in width with substantial cleats spaced not more than 16 inches apart shall be provided from the roof access to the working platform at the appliance.

(Reason: To assure safe access to roof appliances. Consistent with IMC amendments.)

**Section 306.5.2; add a sentence to read as follows:

Low voltage wiring of 50 Volts or less shall be installed in a manner to prevent physical damage.

(Reason: To call attention to the need for care while installing outlet wiring on roofs. Consistent with IMC amendments.)

**Add Section 306.7 to read as follows:

<u>306.7 Water heaters above ground or floor.</u> When the attic, roof, mezzanine or platform in which a water heater is installed is more than eight (8) feet (2438 mm) above the ground or floor level, it shall be made accessible by a stairway or permanent ladder fastened to the building.

<u>**306.7.1.**</u> Whenever the mezzanine or platform is not adequately lighted or access to a receptacle outlet is not obtainable from the main level, lighting and a receptacle outlet shall be provided in accordance with Section 306.3.1.

(Reason: To provide safe access to water heaters. Consistent with regional amendments to IPC 502.7 and IMC 306.7.)

**Section 401.5; add a second paragraph to read as follows:

Both ends of each section of medium pressure corrugated stainless steel tubing (CSST) shall identify its operating gas pressure with an approved tag. The tags are to be composed of aluminum or stainless steel and the following wording shall be stamped into the tag:

"WARNING 1/2 to 5 psi gas pressure Do Not Remove"

(Reason: To protect homeowners and plumbers.)

**Section 402.3; add an exception to read as follows:

Exception: Corrugated stainless steel tubing (CSST) shall be a minimum of 1/2".

(Reason: Pipe less than 1/2" has a history in this region of causing whistling.)

**Section 404.6; change to read as follows:

404.6 Piping in solid floors. Piping in solid floors shall be laid in channels in the floor and covered in a manner that will allow access to the piping with a minimum amount of damage to the building. Where such piping is subject to exposure to excessive moisture or corrosive substances, the piping shall be protected in an approved manner. As an alternative to installation in channels, the piping shall be installed in accordance with Section 404.11 a casing of schedule 40 steel, wrought iron, PVC or ABS pipe with tightly sealed ends and joints. Both ends of such casing shall extend not less than 2 inches (51 mm) beyond the point where the pipe emerges from the floor.

(Reason: Referencing Section 404.11 provides CSST piping with outside venting.)

**Section 404.9; change to read as follows:

404.9 Minimum burial depth. Underground piping systems shall be installed a minimum depth of <u>42 18</u> inches (305 458 mm) below grade, except as provided for in Section 404.9.1.

(Reason: To provide increased protection to piping systems. Consistent with regional amendments to IMC 304.11 and IRC M1304.2.)

**Section 404.9.1; delete.

(Reason: Individual lines should also be buried to 18 inches.)

**Section 406.4; add a sentence to read as follows:

The equipment used shall be of an appropriate scale such that pressure loss can be easily determined.

(Reason: To stress need for appropriate test equipment.)

**Section 406.4.1; change to read as follows:

406.4.1 Test pressure. The test pressure to be used shall be not less than 1 1/2 times the proposed maximum working pressure, but not less than 3 10 psig (20 68.9 kPa gauge), or at the discretion of the Code Official, the piping and valves may be tested at a pressure of at least six (6) inches (152 mm) of mercury, measured with a manometer or slope gauge. irrespective of design pressure. Where the test pressure exceeds 125 psig (862 kPa gauge), the test pressure shall not exceed a value that produces a hoop stress in the piping greater than 50 percent of the specified minimum yield strength of the pipe. For welded piping, and for piping carrying gas at pressures in excess of fourteen (14) inches water column pressure (3.48 kPa), the test pressure shall not be less than sixty (60) pounds per square inch (413.4 kPa).

**Section 406.4.2; change to read as follows:

406.4.2 Test duration. Test duration shall be held for a length of time satisfactory to the Code Official, but in no case for not less than fifteen (15) minutes. For welded piping, and for piping carrying gas at pressures in excess of fourteen (14) inches water column pressure (3.48 kPa), the test duration shall be held for a length of time satisfactory to the Code Official, but in no case for less than thirty (30) minutes. 1/2 hour for each 500 cubic feet (14 m³) of pipe volume or fraction thereof. When testing a system having a volume less than 10 cubic feet (0.28 m³) or a system in a single-family dwelling, the test duration shall be permitted to be reduced to 10 minutes. For piping systems having a volume of more than 24,000 cubic feet (680 m 3), the duration of the test shall not be required to exceed 24 hours.

(Reason: In this region, specific test methods were defined in amendments to the 1996 International Mechanical Code. Amendments to Sections 406.4.1 and 406.4.2 retain those standards, which are now standard practice.)

**Add Section 409.1.4 to read as follows:

409.1.4 Valves in CSST installations. Shutoff valves installed with corrugated stainless steel (CSST) piping systems shall be supported with an approved termination fitting, or equivalent support, suitable for the size of the valves, of adequate strength and quality, and located at intervals so as to prevent or damp out excessive vibration but in no case greater than 12-inches from the center of the valve. Supports shall be installed so as not to interfere with the free expansion and contraction of the system's piping, fittings, and valves between anchors. All valves and supports shall be designed and installed so they will not be disengaged by movement of the supporting piping.

(Reason: To provide proper security to CSST valves. These standards were established in this region in 1999 when CSST was an emerging technology.)

**Section 410.1; add a second paragraph and exception to read as follows:

Access to regulators shall comply with the requirements for access to appliances as specified in Section 306.

Exception: A passageway or level service space is not required when the regulator is capable of being serviced and removed through the required attic opening.

(Reason: To require adequate access to regulators.)

**Section 613.6; add a sentence to read as follows:

The size of duct shall not be reduced along its developed length nor at the point of termination.

(Reason: To clarify the size requirement. Consistent with regional amendment to IMC 504.6.)

**Section 613.6.1; change to read as follows:

613.6.1 Maximum length. The maximum length of a clothes dryer exhaust duct shall not exceed 25 feet (7620 mm) from the dryer location to the outlet terminal <u>with not more than two bends</u>. <u>When extra bends are installed</u>, the maximum length of the duct shall be reduced 2.5 feet (762 mm) for each 45-degree (0.79 rad) bend and 5 feet (1524 mm) for each 90-degree (1.6 rad) bend <u>that occur after the first two bends</u>, measuring in the direction of airflow.

{Exception is unchanged}

(Reason: To make more consistent with regional practice. Dryer technology has improved to the point where they should be capable of handling this. Consistent with regional amendment to IMC 504.6.1.)

**Section 620.2; change to read as follows:

620.2 Prohibited use. One or more unvented room heaters shall not be used as the sole source of comfort heating in a dwelling unit.

Exception: Existing approved unvented heaters may continue to be used in dwelling units, in accordance with the code provisions in effect when installed, when approved by the Code Official unless an unsafe condition is determined to exist as described in Section 108.7.

(Reason: Gives code official discretion. Correlates with amendment in IMC Section 102.2)

**Section 623.1.1; change to read as follows:

623.1.1 Installation requirements. The requirements for water heaters relative to <u>access</u>, sizing, relief valves, drain pans and scald protection shall be in accordance with the *International Plumbing Code*.

(Reason: To clarify installation requirements. Also corresponds with amendments regarding water heater access.)

END