Energy Management for Local Governments:

Legislative Requirements, Benchmarking, and Tools to Measure Energy and Water Use

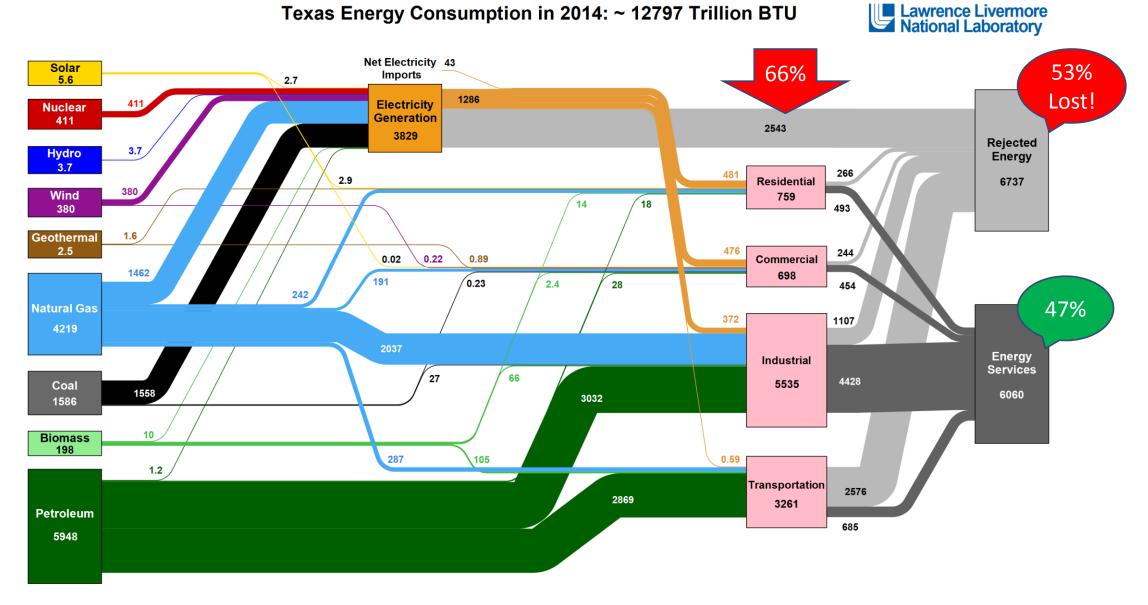
NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS

MAY 23, 2019



Importance of Energy Management

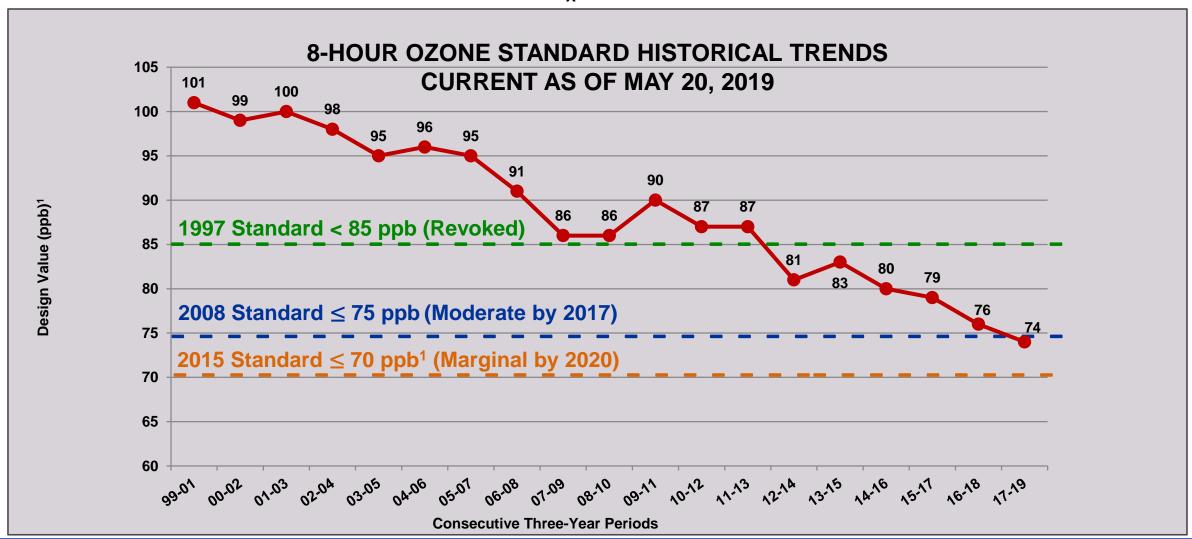
BY THE NUMBERS



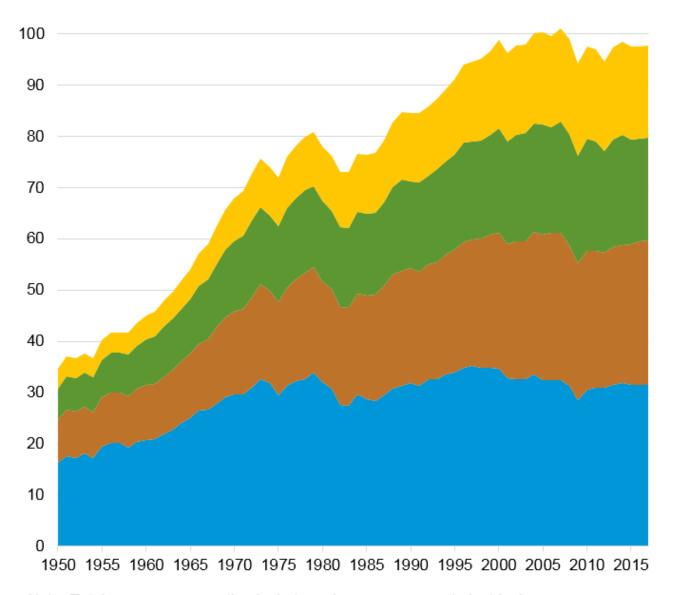
Source: LINL August, 2016. Data is based on DOE/FIA SEDS (2014). If this information or a reproduction of it is used, credit must be given to the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory and the Department of Energy, under whose auspices the work was performed. Distributed electricity represents only retail electricity sales and does not include self-generation. EIA reports consumption of renewable resources (i.e., hydro, wind, geothermal and solar) for electricity in BTU-equivalent values by assuming a typical fossil fuel plant heat rate. The efficiency of electricity production is calculated as the total retail electricity delivered divided by the primary energy input into electricity generation. End use efficiency is estimated as 65% for the residential sector, 65% for the commercial sector, 80% for the industrial sector, and 21% for the transportation sector. Totals may not equal sum of components due to independent Rounding. LLNL-MI-410527

North Texas Air Quality Impact

~5% of Ozone-Forming Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) Attributable to Electricity Generation



U.S. total energy consumption by end-use sector, 1950–2017 quadrillion British thermal units



In 2018, the residential and commercial sectors accounted for about 40% of total U.S. energy consumption.



Note: Total energy consumption includes primary energy and electrical energy. Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, *Monthly Energy Review*, Table 2.1, April 2018



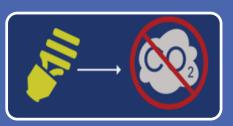
Energy Use by Type of Building

The top five energy-consuming building categories used about half of the energy consumed by all commercial buildings in 2012

% Consumption	Top five energy-consuming building categories:
15%	Mercantile and service - Malls and stores, Car dealerships, Dry cleaners, Gas stations
14%	Office - Professional and Government Offices, Banks
10%	Education - Elementary, Middle, and High School, Colleges
8%	Health care - Hospitals, Medical offices
6%	Lodging - Hotels, Dormitories, Nursing homes

Consider the Benefits

IMPROVE AIR QUALITY



1 CFL bulb in every American house = emissions reductions equivalent to taking 800,000 cars off the road*

SAVE MONEY



Energy Star certified office buildings cost \$0.50 less per square foot to operate than their peers**

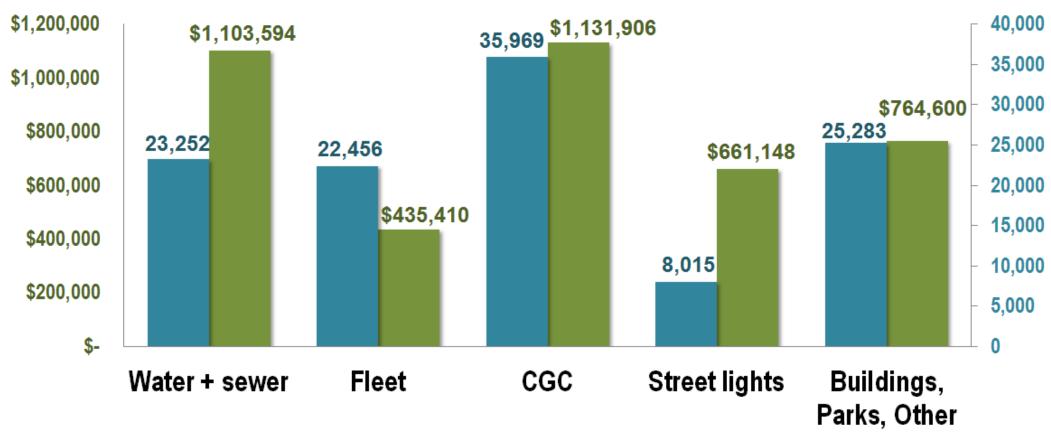
Sources:

https://www.energysage.com/energy-efficiency/why-conserve-energy/

^{**}https://www.energystar.gov/buildings/facility-owners-and-managers/existing-buildings/earn-recognition/energy-star-certification/ten-reasons-pursue-energy-sta

Whitehorse, Canada

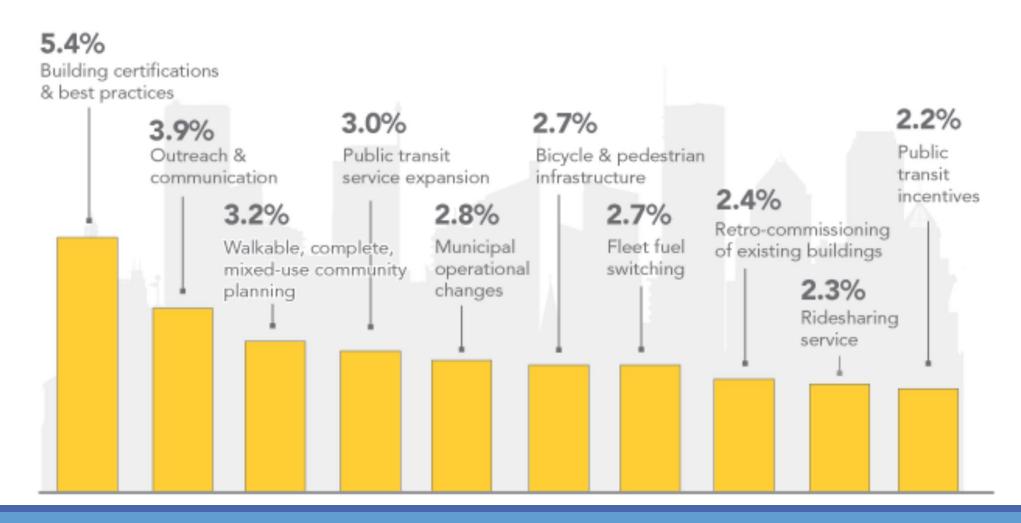




■ Energy Cost (\$) ■ Energy Consumption (Gigajoules)

10 Most Common City Actions

This chart shows the most common actions taken by the sampled cities to impact energy use.



BY TAKING ACTION TO IMPROVE ENERGY **EFFICIENCY, CHICAGO'S LARGEST BUILDINGS** ARE MAKING OUR CITY MORE:



ENERGY BENCHMARKING HELPS BUILDINGS TAKE CONTROL OF ENERGY USE



Building evergy use drives

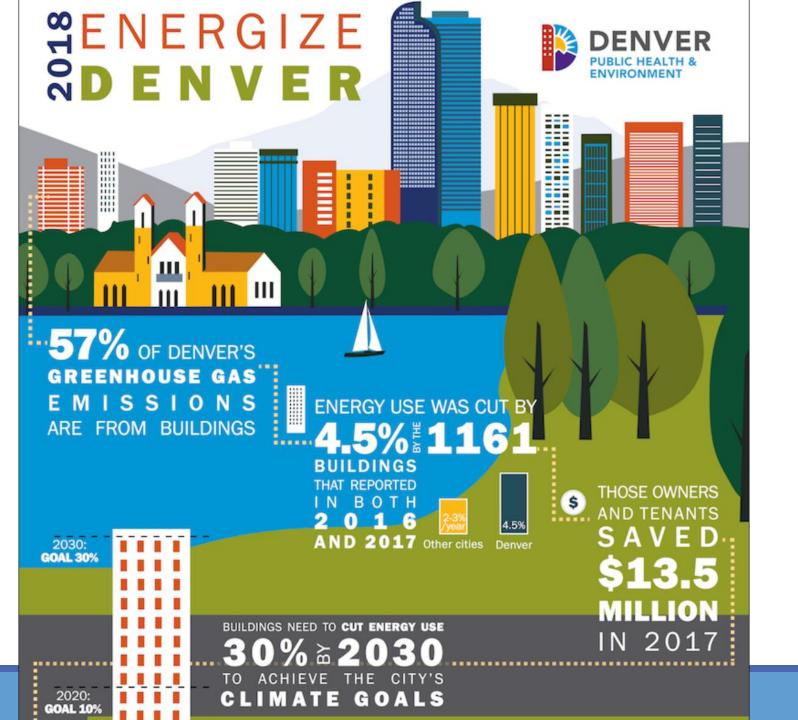
of citywide greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions

POTENTIAL SAVINGS **IDENTIFIED FROM 2014 ENERGY BENCHMARKING**



Denver 2016

Requirement Benchmarking Denver, Energize



Regional Energy Manager Project

PARTNERSHIP WITHIN NCTCOG, BETWEEN TRANSPORTATION AND ENVIRONMENT & DEVELOPMENT STAFF

Project Overview



Purpose

- Expand Local Government Staff Capabilities in Energy Management Topics and Compliance to SB 898 Reporting
- Increase Use of Energy and Water Benchmarking Tools
- Improve Accuracy of Emissions Reduction Data Associated with Reduced Energy Use



Outcome

- Demonstrate the value and benefits of increasing regional energy education
- Quantify facility energy consumption via benchmarking
- Assess energy reduction impacts on regional Air Quality data in order to serve as a regional template for other regions to utilize.

Project Timeline and Deliverables

February 2019

Deploy a survey to identify the energy management needs and interests of the region

May-August 2019

Publish digital resources (energy assessments, project-related analysis etc.) on Conserve North Texas Website

August 2019

Complete Project

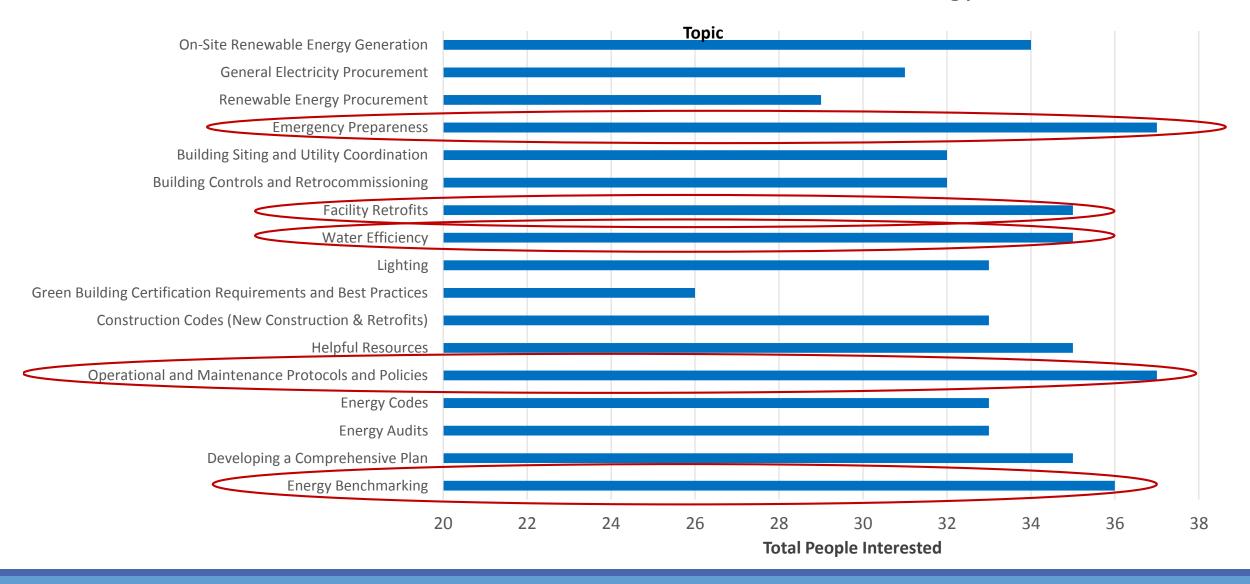


Develop workshops and trainings based on regional interests identified in survey

Create three (3) local government case studies

Regional Survey Results

Overall Interest to Lower Energy Use via:



Upcoming Workshops + Trainings

May

Workshop 1

May 23

- SB 898
- Value of Benchmarking and Building Portfolio Manager

June

Workshop 2

June 28

- SB 898
- Lower energy usage through energy planning and coordination

August

Workshops 3 & 4

August 21

Workshop 3 (9am-12pm)

 Lower energy usage through energy efficiencies in and around buildings

Workshop 4 (1pm -4pm)

 Emergency preparedness and the energy supply

Senate Bill 898 (82R) – Local Government Energy Reporting

Purpose: Lower Local Government Energy Consumption

Requirements: Requires all political subdivisions, institutes of higher education, and state agencies in the 42 Ozone Nonattainment and Near Non Attainment Counties to establish a goal of reducing electric consumption by at least 5% each state fiscal year for 10 years beginning September 1, 2011 and to Submit Annual Reporting

Issues: Lack of Awareness, Non-Compliance with Annual Reporting Requirement

Senate Bill 898 (82R) – Local Government Energy Reporting

Who Reports?

The following entities in 42 <u>Nonattainment or</u> Near Nonattainment counties:

Cities and Counties

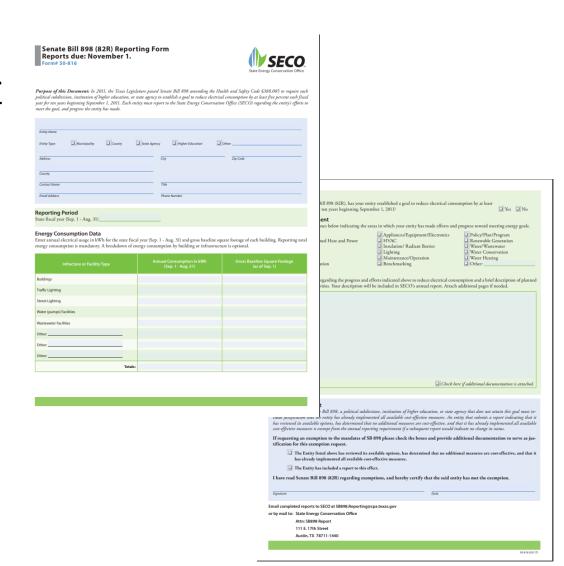
State Agencies

Institutes of Higher Education

What's Due:

SB 898 report to SECO regarding the entity's efforts and progress to meet the 5% energy reduction goal

DUE: November 1 (annually)



FOR MORE INFORMATION

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