

How did they get here?

- Domesticated pigs 1st introduced by early Spanish explorers
- Wild boars were introduced for hunting in 1930s



Distribution: 2004



Distribution: 2010





- · Reproduce quickly
- · Low natural mortality rates
- · Highly adaptable generalist





- Sexual maturity at 6-10 months
 - 1st litter at ~13 months
- Capable of producing 2
 litters/year
- Year-round breeding
 - Seasonal peaks in late winter/early spring and midsummer
- Litter size typically 3-8
- Good habitat results in higher reproductive rates

Population Growth

- 1.8-3.4 million hogs in Texas
- 18-21% annual population growth
- 66% population removal required to stop growth



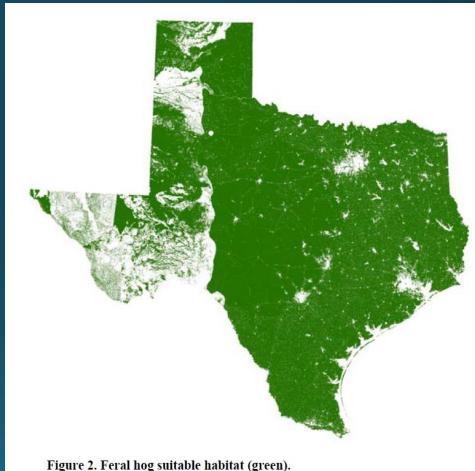
Population Control

- 29% population removal currently in Texas
 - Without harvest, population would triple in 5 years
 - Under current harvest rates, population expected to double every 5 years
- Intense, strategic, adaptive, collaborative approach is necessary



Suitable Habitat

- Adaptable generalist
- Prefer riparian and wetland areas
- Thick vegetation for shelter
- Crops and wildlife feeding stations are attractive food sources



Source: Feral Hog Statewide Population Growth and Density, Texas A&M AgriLife Extension

Disease Vectors

- Brucellosis
- Leptospirosis
- Salmonella
- Toxoplasmosis
- Sarcoptic Mange
- · E. coli
- Trichinosis
- Pseudorabies
- Tuberculosis
- Vesicular Stomatis
- Swine Fever
- Hoof-and-Mouth Disease



