The meeting will begin shortly



Please mute your microphone until called on for questions.



Questions will be addressed at end of each section. Please insert questions in chat or raise hand to speak.



This meeting will be recorded.



Recording and presentation will be shared after the meeting: www.NCTCOG.org/LUTTF





2024 Task Force Meeting Schedule

January 25th
April 25th
July 18th
October 17th

www.NCTCOG.org/LUTTF



Today's Meeting

Local Updates

NCTCOG 2022/2023 Regional Transit On-board Survey NCTCOG Demographics Forecast

Transit-Supportive Land Uses & Affordable Housing

- Public Facilities Corporations and TOD, Dallas
- Supporting Affordable Housing and eTOD, Austin
- Cavile Place Project and Stop Six Neighborhood Transformation Plan, Fort Worth

Panel Discussion

Announcements







Survey Purpose





- Used By NCTCOG to update the regional travel model which is used to support regional long-range transportation planning
- Collect recent travel pattern data to be used in applications for Federal Transit Authority (FTA) Grant programs. The last regional transit survey took place in 2014.
- Meet the Title VI Civil Rights Requirements per the latest FTA guidance





Survey Description

Collaborative Effort by:









2022-2023 Total Ridership:

Agency	# Bus Routes/ Rail Lines Surveyed	Fixed Route Ridership	# On-Demand Zones	On-Demand Ridership
DART	96	143,930	33	3,864
DCTA	19	10,853	2	2,015
Trinity Metro	38	14,486	4*	376
TRE	1	3,826		
Arlington			1	2,578
Regional Total	154	173,094	40	8,833



^{*} Only 4 of 5 Trinity Metro ZIPZONES surveyed.

Data Collection

Sample Size:

- 10 percent of Weekday Ridership on all fixed routes, including local and express bus, commuter rail, light rail, streetcar, and trolley
- 10 percent of Weekday Mobility On-Demand

Survey Period: September 2022 – May 2023

- Fall 22 DCTA and Trinity Metro
- Spring 23 DART and TRE

Method:

- On-Board, Face-to-Face Interviews
- Randomly selected riders were asked to participate
- Survey instrument interface on Tablet PC's
- 50 percent of surveyors were Bilingual

Surveys Collected:

Fixed Routes: 32,976 Surveys

Mobility On-Demand: 1,534 Surveys





Help Us Make Regional Transit Better For You

How do you use transit services? We want to know. Be on the lookout for a survey team. The information you provide will help us better serve your needs.

> For more information, please call 817-608-2343 or visit www.nctcog.org/transitsurvey.



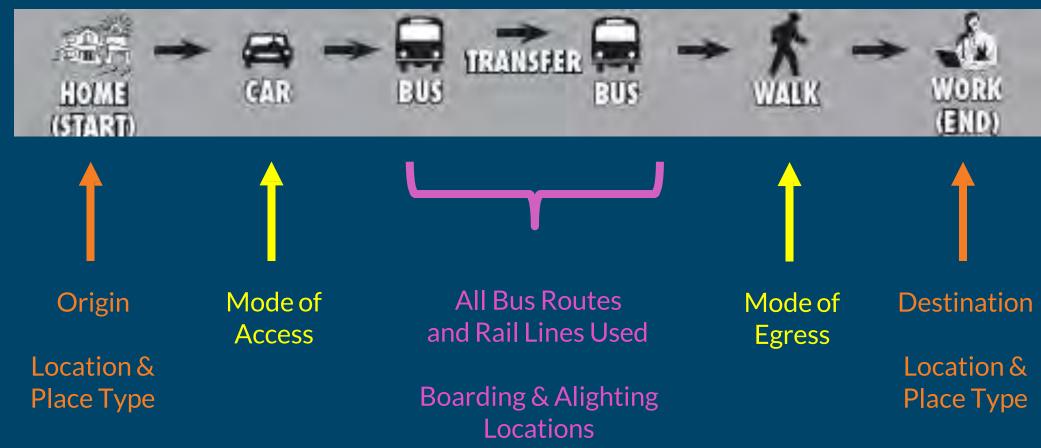






Main Survey Questions (p. 1 of 2)

One-Way Trip:





Main Survey Questions (p. 2 of 2)

Person Demographics:

- Age
- Gender
- Race/Ethnicity
- Worker Status
- Student Status
- Language spoken at home
- Disability
- Resident/Visitor

Household Demographics:

- Household Income
- # Persons in the Household
- # Registered Vehicles in the Household
- # Workers in the Household









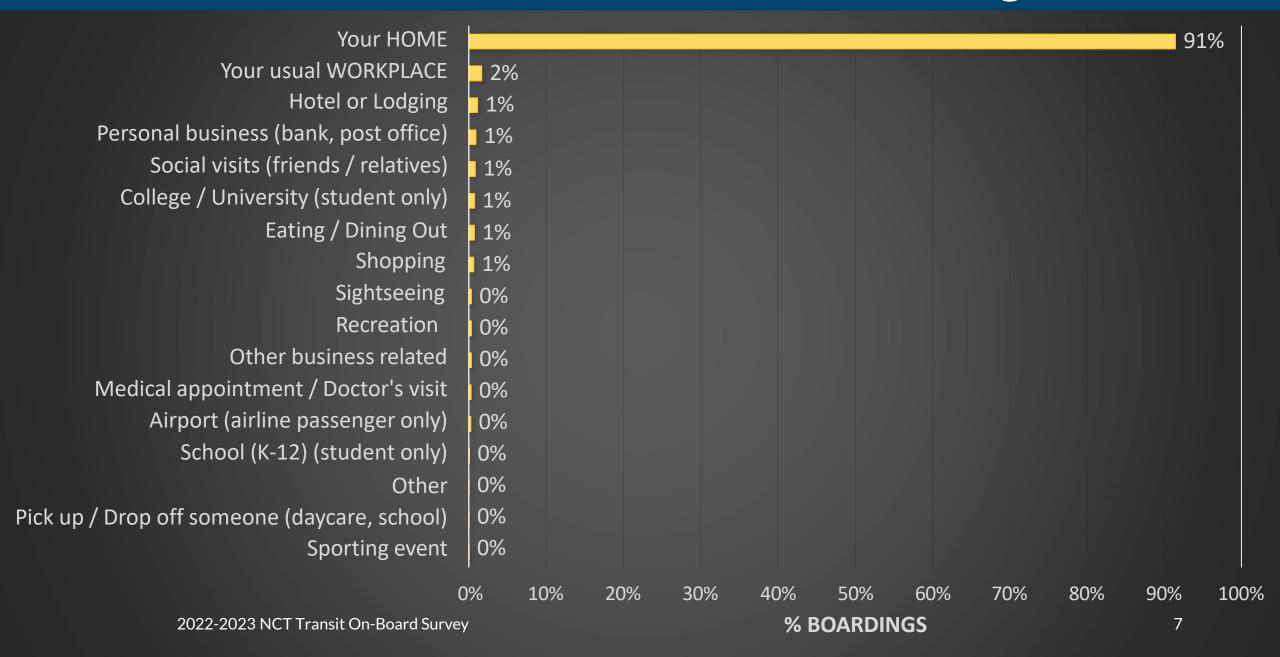




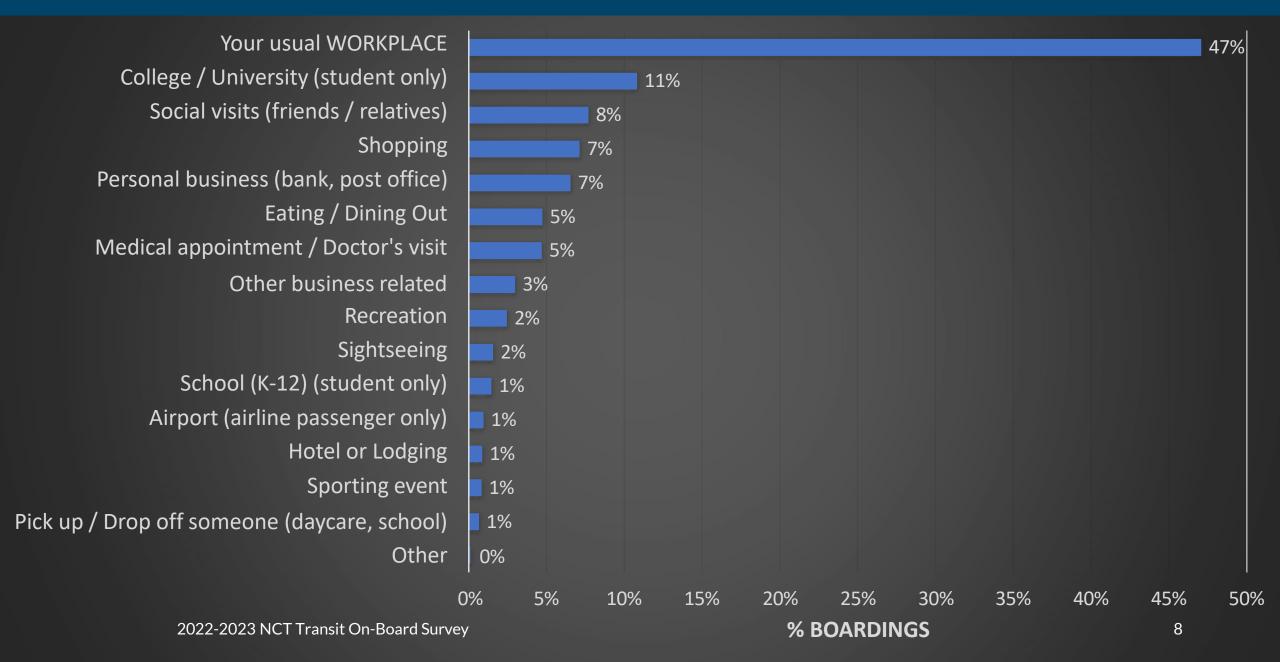
Other Questions Included

Fare, Payment, Trip Planning, Transit Use Frequency, Wait Time

Production Location: Home or Origin

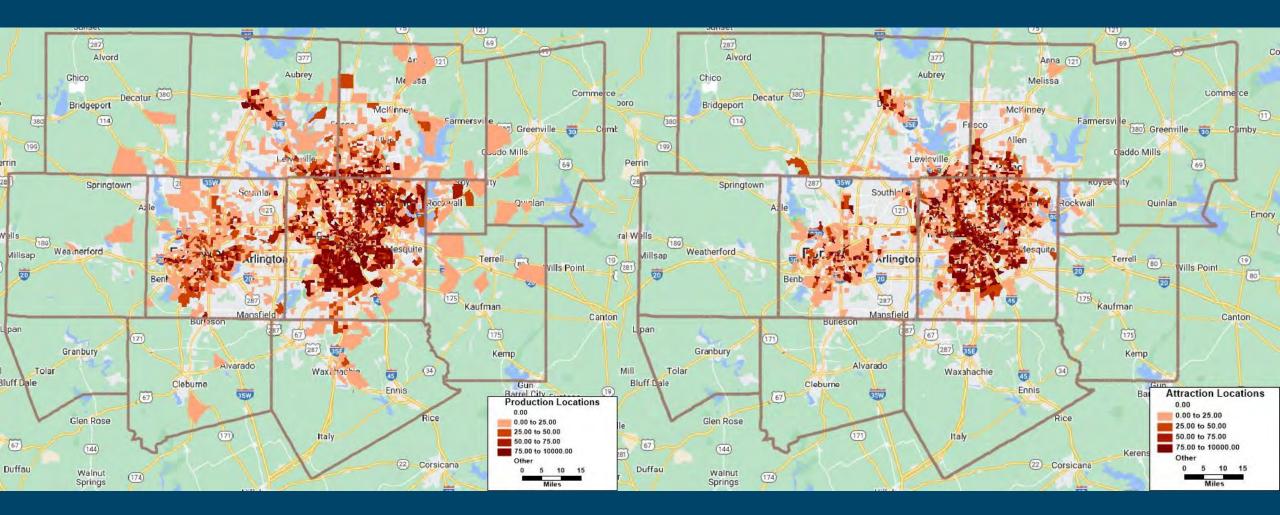


Attraction Location: Non-Home or Destination



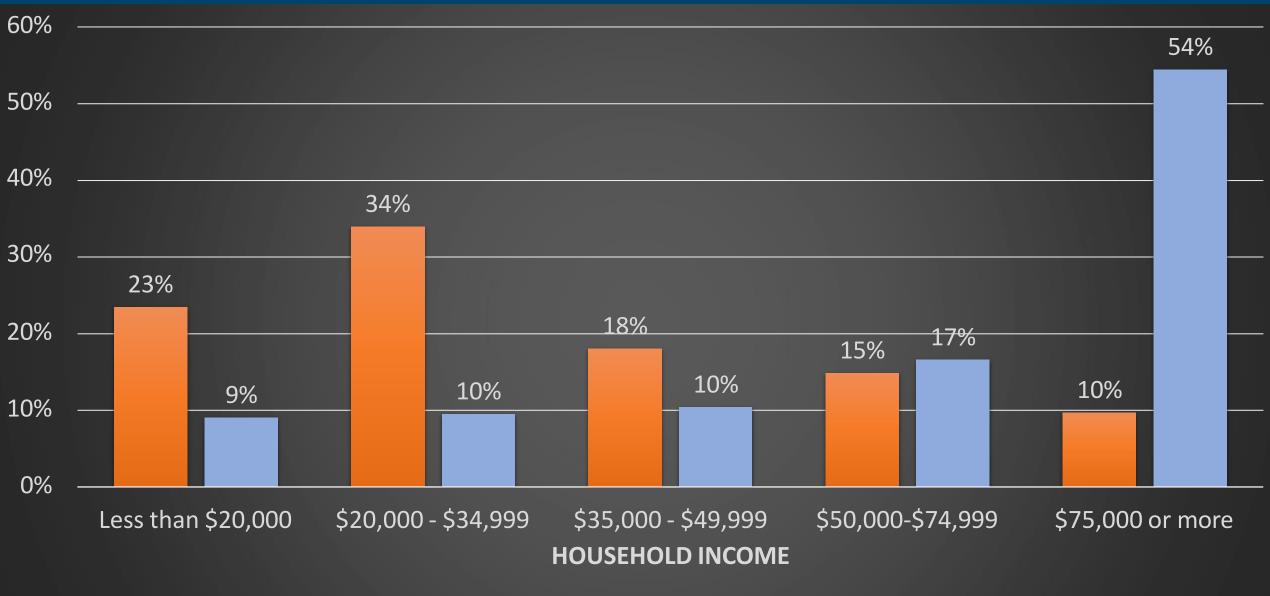
Trips Produced From (Home or Origin)

Trips Attracted To (Non-Home or Destination)

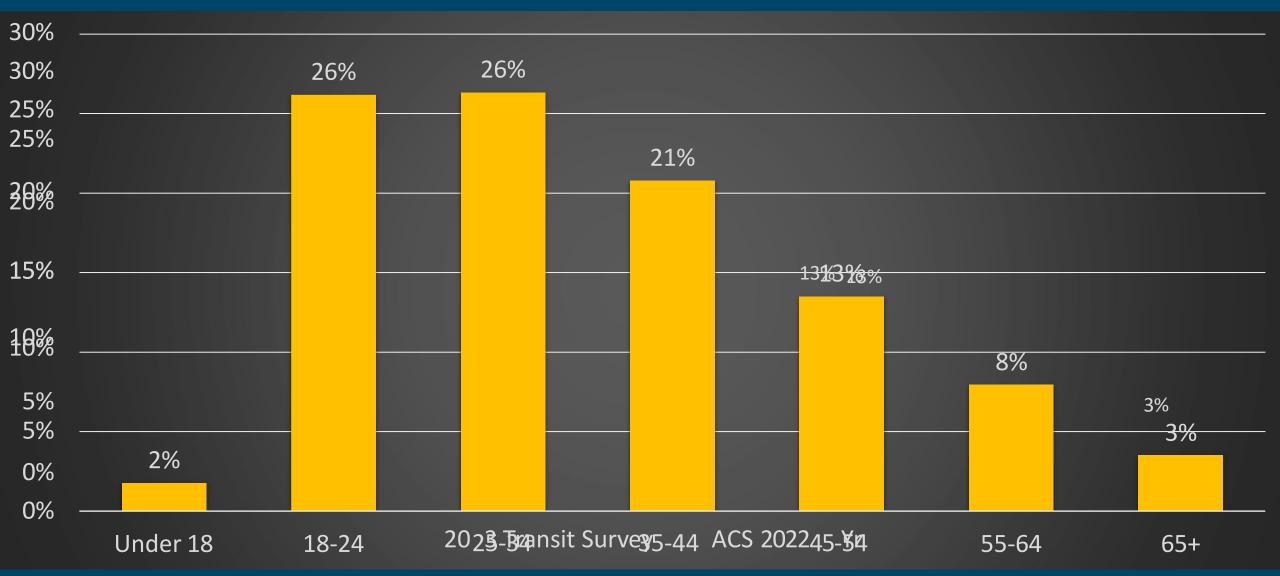




Household Income (vs ACS 2022)



Age





Travel Survey Reports

Airport Surveys

- 2015 Dallas Fort Worth International Airport Originating Passenger Survey
- 2015 Dallas Love Field Airport Originating Passenger Survey
- 2014 Dallas Love Field Airport Originating Passenger Survey

Household Survey Information

- Review and Analysis of the 2009 National Household Travel Survey (NHTS)
- Reweighting the data in the 2009 National Household Travel Survey for the NCTCOG region

Roadway Facilities Surveys

2022 Limited Access Facilities Survey (Toll roads, Managed Lanes, General Purpose lanes)

Transit Surveys

2022-2023 North Central Texas Regional Transit On-Board Survey

CONTACT US



Kathy Yu Principal Transportation System Modeler kyu@nctcog.org



Arash Mirzaei Senior Program Manager, Model & Data Development amirzaei@nctcog.org

NCTCOG DEMOGRAPHIC FORECASTING PROGRAM

Overview

The demographic forecasts provide a common base for regional planning and resource allocations. The forecasts are widely used by cities, counties, and partner agencies.

Development of the forecasts is a joint effort between the NCTCOG Research and Information Services and Transportation departments.

The current forecast extends to the year 2045 and was adopted by the NCTCOG Executive Board in February 2022.

Overview

NCTCOG has been developing demographic forecasts since the 1970's, with new or updated forecasts generally every 3-5 years.

The demographic forecasting process at NCTCOG is a data-driven, analytical approach with consideration of stakeholders' feedback.

Current effort will result in new forecasts for 2050 and include projections of households, household population, and employment at a sub-county— Transportation Analysis Zone—level.

Regional Controls

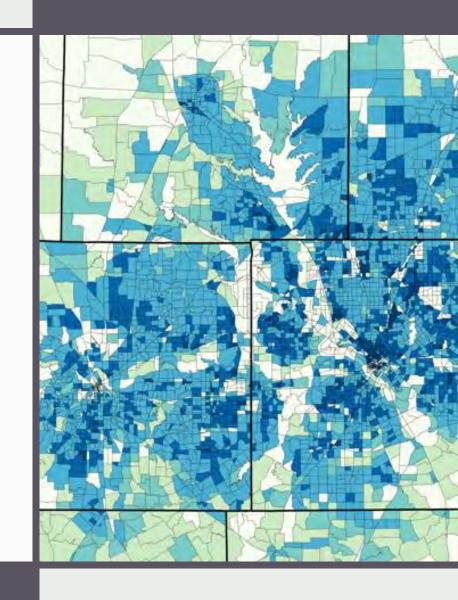
	2019 (base year)	2050 Control	2019 - 2050 Change
Households	2,799,440	4,299,727	1,500,287
Household Population	7,641,955	12,305,759	4,663,804
Employment	5,290,312	8,698,026	3,407,714

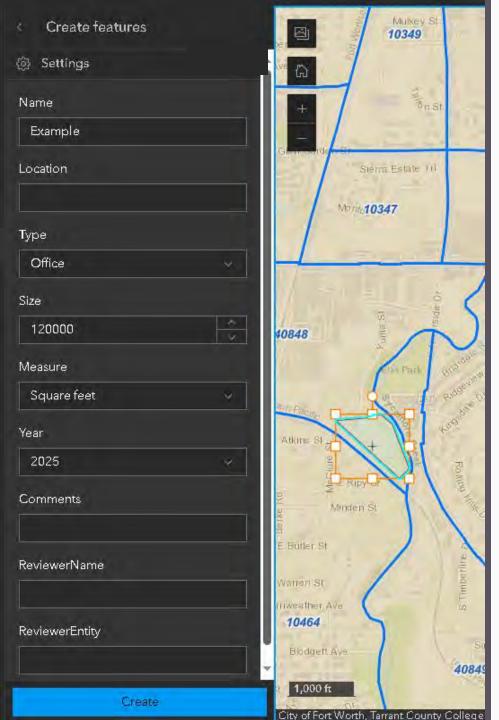
Forecast Development

Regional controls are allocated to very small areas using statistical models.

Estimated/observed data serve as inputs along with local future land use plans.

Local review is a critical part of the process!





Local Review

While the best available data were used, there are likely to be imperfections in the base-period data.

Statistical modeling is inherently subject to various types of error.

Local review provides additional information that NCTCOG staff can use to refine the forecasts.

Focus of local review:

- Correctable errors in the base data
- Activity that has either occurred or is certain to occur, but was not captured by the models

2022 - 2023

Develop inputs

Determine control targets

January – June 2024

Develop draft forecasts

July – August 2024

Conduct local review

September – October 2024

Incorporate local input

October or November 2024

Seek Executive Board approval

Approximate Timeline

THANK YOU

Mark Folden mfolden@nctcog.org

Donna Coggeshall dcoggeshall@nctcog.org



Affordable Housing and Transit



When affordable housing is allowed near transit, both ridership and ridership frequency increase.



Other regions in the U.S have found that residents in affordable and low/moderate rent areas use transit more frequently. (1,2,3,4)



Transit ridership rises due to improved access to job opportunities trough public transport. (6,7,8,9)



Residents who more or live near TODs and station areas typically decrease driving and increase public transit Use. (2,3,5)



References

- 1. The Influence of Transit Oriented Developments on Housing Cost and Ridership in Denver, Colorado, (https://repository.gatech.edu/entities/publication/3a75c86b-169d-4613-823c-9a75e753c63e)
- 2. Travel of TOD Residents in San Francisco Bay Area: Examining the Impacts of Affordable Housing (https://escholarship.org/uc/item/1r20w0tv)
- 3. Affordable Housing in Transit-Oriented Developments: Impacts on Driving and Policy Approaches (https://dot.ca.gov/-/media/dot-media/programs/research-innovation-system-information/documents/f0016779-ca17-2983-finalreport.pdf)
- 4. Is transit-oriented development affordable for low- and moderate-income households?

 (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S026427512300584X#:~:text=As%20of%20July%202021%2C%20there,others%20as%20much%20as%2070%20%25.)
- 5. Assessing the Travel Demand and Co-Benefit Impacts of Affordable Transit-Oriented Developments (https://www.urbandisplacement.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/08/assessing_travel_demand.pdf)
- Transit Ridership Growth Study. Chicago Metropolitan Agency for Planning .2017.
 (https://www.cmap.illinois.gov/documents/10180/0/Transit+Ridership+Growth+Study_final.pdf)
- 7. Factors influencing Light Rail Station Boarding in the United States. Michael Kuby *, Anthony Barranda, Christopher Upchurch.2003 (UNT Library Access)
- 8. The Relation Ship Between Rail Transit Ridership and Built Environment and Transport Systems. Szu-Han Chen. 2009. (https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/82835)
- Jobs/housing balance and employer-based travel demand management program returns to scale: Evidence from Los Angeles
 Jiangping Zhou, Yin Wang, Lisa Schweitzer,. 2012. (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0967070X11001314)



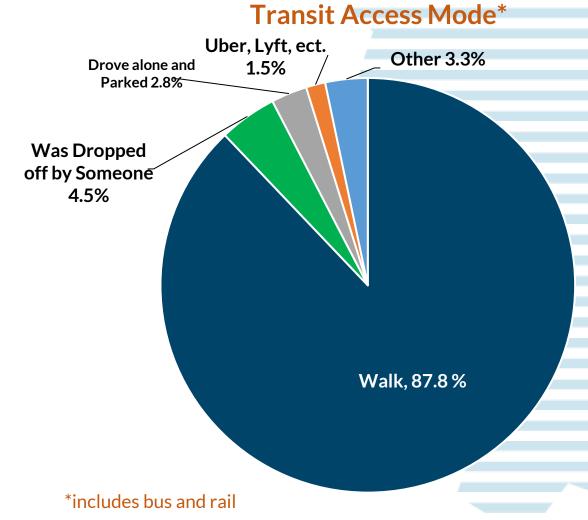
NTX On-Board Transit Survey 2022-2023

63 % of riders have an annual household income less than \$50,000

Dallas-Fort Worth MSA*

- Median Gross rent: \$1,467
 - Annual income needed: \$58,680
- Median Owner cost (with mortgage): \$2,166
 - Annual income needed: \$86,640

*2022 ACS 1 year for the Dallas -Fort Worth-Arlington Metropolitan Statistical Area (table DP04). Assumes housing cost is 30% of annual HH income.





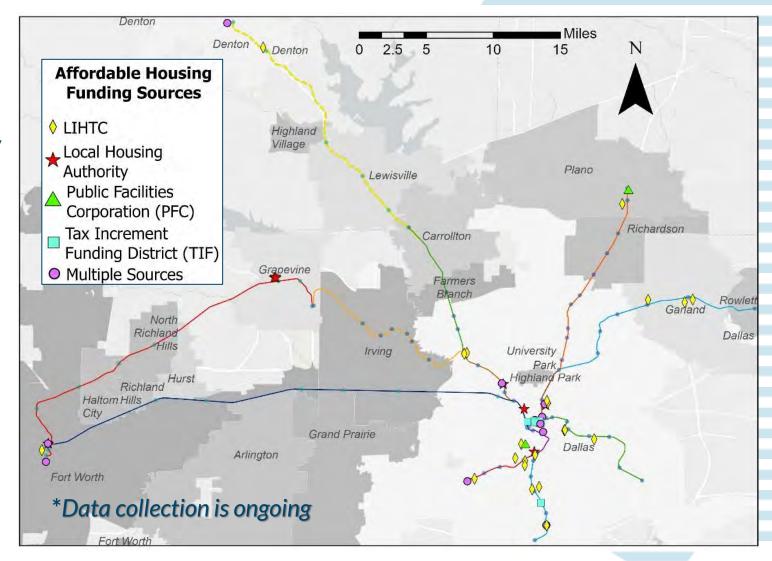
DRAFT* Affordable Housing and Rail Stations Map

Funding Sources Reviewed

- Dallas Tax Increment Financing Districts
- Low Income Housing Tax Credit
- City of Dallas Housing Opportunity Fund
- TDHCA Texas Credit Assistance Program
- Public Facilities Corporation
- Dallas Housing Finance Corporation
- HUD Section 108 Financing

Housing Authorities

- Grapevine Housing Authority
- Dallas Housing Authority
- Denton Housing Authority
- Fort Worth Housing Solutions





NCTCOG – TOD and Affordable Housing Infrastructure Support

2005-2006 Call for Projects: Fiji/Compton Affordable Senior Housing

8th & Corinth DART Station

Project cost: \$3,514,983

Funds supported pedestrian amenities, and landscaping to support the infill/TOD development.

Mockingbird Station Park and Ride Redevelopment (2022)

SMU/Mockingbird DART Station

NCTCOG provided a \$20 Million in funding swap to enable Phase 1: 725 space surface parking becomes 500 space underground garage

Phase 2: 429-unit apartment unit apartment complex with 86 units reserved for affordable housing (20 %)





THE STANDARD AT ROYAL LANE DALLAS, TX

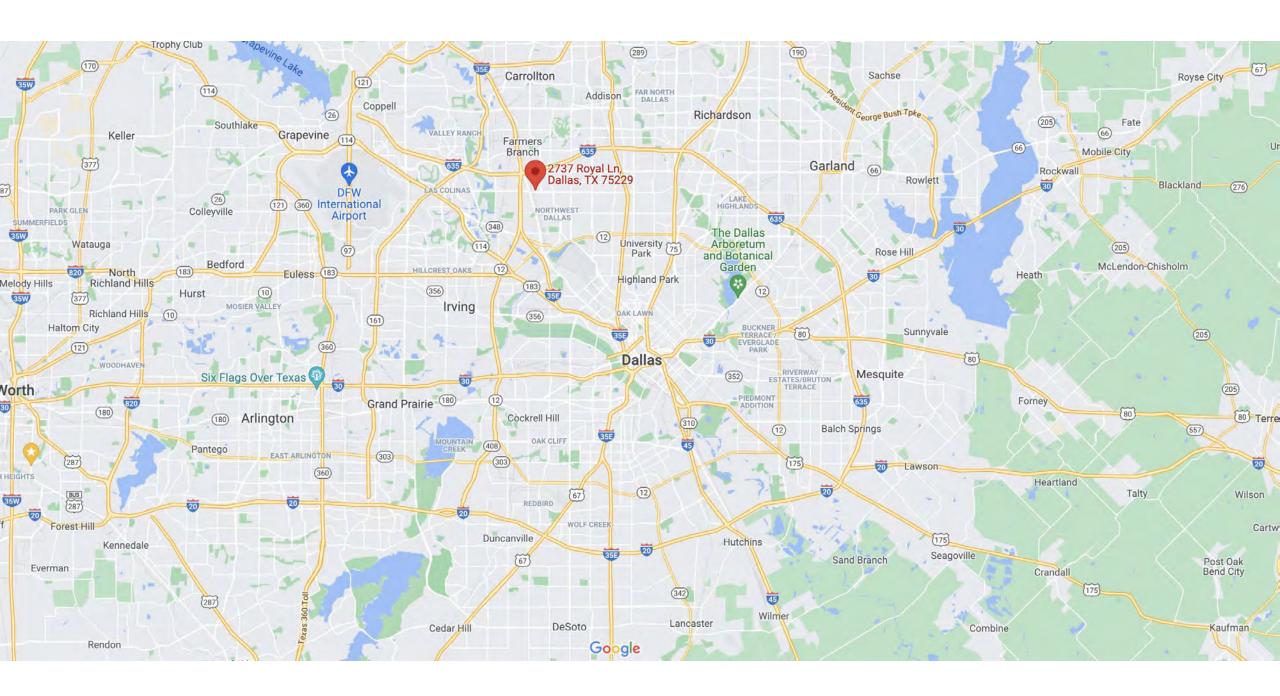


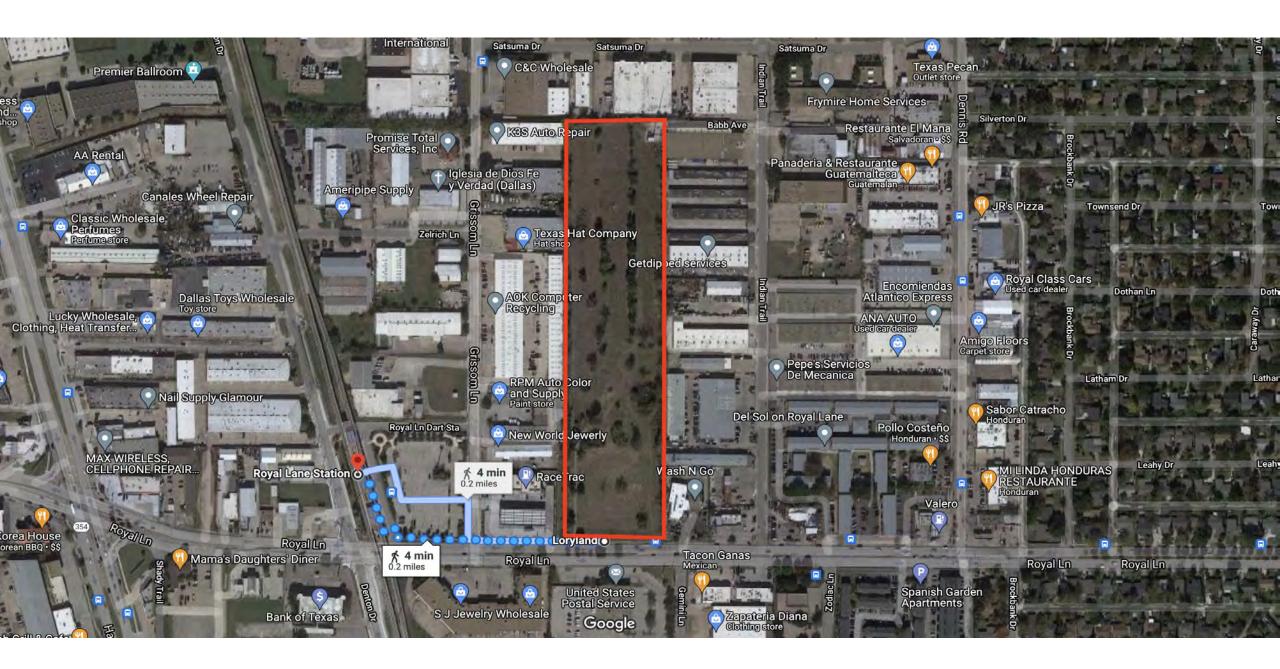




DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY

Development Name	The Standard at Royal Lane	
Address:	2737 Royal Lane., Dallas, TX	
Existing Zoning:	PD 899 – Allows for multifamily development by right	
Units / Acres	300 units / 12.77 acres = 23 units per acre	
Unit Mix	1 bedroom (12.67%), 2 bedroom (42.67%), 3 bedroom (40.67%), and 4 bedroom (4%)	
Affordability	50% at Market Rate, 40% at 80% AMI, 10% at 60% AMI – Adjusted for family size	
Amenities	 Double amenities Pool (2) Fitness Center (2) Clubhouse Business Center 	
Green Space	+/-2 acres	
Miscellaneous	 Previously approved by City Council for LIHTC No bond volume cap> PFC deal 0.1 miles from Royal Lane DART Light Rail Station Added infrastructure> Sidewalk, lighting, traffic improvements 24-hour community 	





0.2 miles from the Royal Lane DART Light Rail Station



2727 ROYAL LANE, DALLAS, TX - LDG

KELLY GROSSMAN





CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS





Print #240701511 Date: 07/01/24 Lat/Lon: 32.895794 -96.885351 Order No. 77066

CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS





INTERIOR DESIGN









AMENITIES & COMMON AREAS









TERM SHEET SUMMARY

- Dallas PFC will receive:
 - \$250,000 Structuring Fee payable at Closing
 - \$400,000 annual payment w/ 3% annual escalator (top of waterfall)
 - o 15% of net proceeds from initial capital event
 - 2% of net proceeds from all subsequent capital events
 - Fee equal to 25% of the sales tax saving on all construction materials (half at closing/half at final CO)



Housing and Transit-Supportive Land Use in Austin

July 18, 2024



Agenda

- Equitable Transit-Oriented Development (ETOD) Overlay
- Home Phase 2
- Downtown Parking Modifications
- Bonus! Citywide Compatibility Changes
- Future Work



Agenda

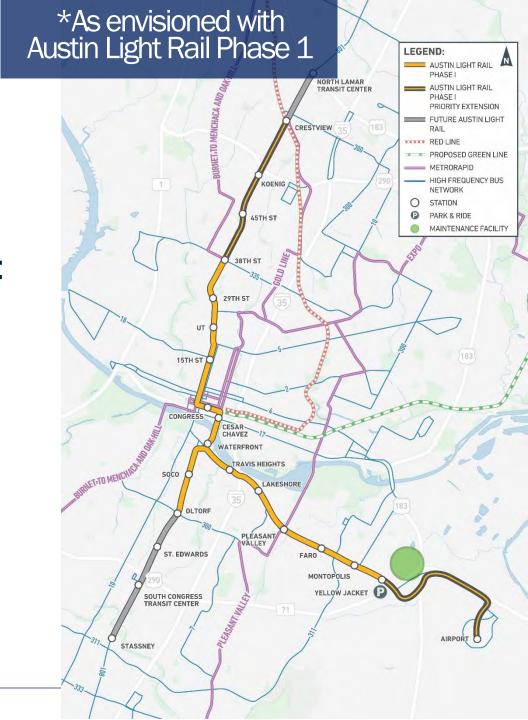
- Equitable Transit-Oriented Development (ETOD) Overlay
- Home Phase 2
- Downtown Parking Modifications
- Bonus! Citywide Compatibility Changes

Why these code amendments, and why now?



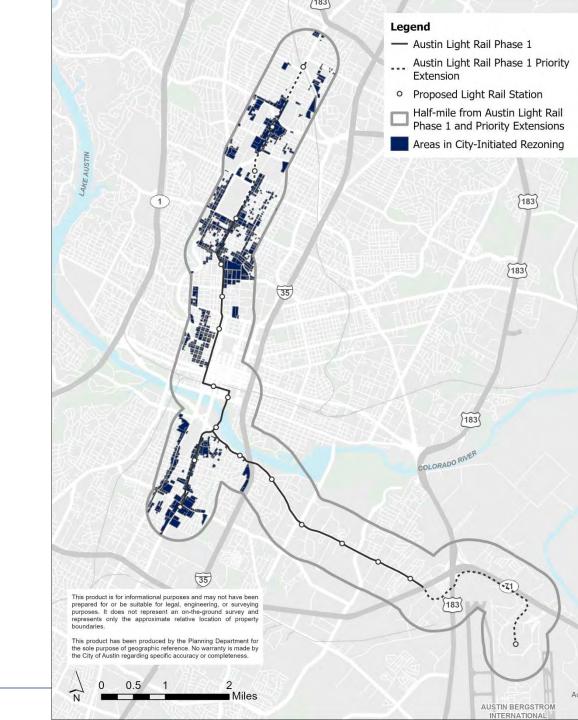
Project Connect*

- Transit investment approved by Austin voters in November 2020 that includes:
 - Light Rail
 - Commuter Rail ****
 - Bus Rapid Transit ——
- Funding through Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Capital Investment Grant (CIG) Program
 - Initial scoring deadline August 2024
 - Considers "Economic Development" (plans and policies in place that can shape transitsupportive + housing growth in the future)





- Applied to ½ mile around Austin Light Rail Phase 1 + Priority Extensions
- ETOD Overlay Combining District
 - Restricts non-transit-supportive uses
- ETOD Density Bonus District
 - Increases max building heights (up to 120 feet), relaxes compatibility, supersedes other restrictions, allows residential uses
 - In exchange, requires affordable housing, redevelopment protections for residential and nonresidential tenants, and higher mixed use design standards





Prohibited Uses in ETOD

Commercial

- Automotive Sales
- Agricultural Sale and Services
- Automotive Rentals
- Automotive Repair
 Services
- Building Maintenance Services
- Campground
- Carriage Stable
- Convenience Storage
- Drop-off Recycling Collection Facility
- Electronic PrototypeAssembly
- Electronic Testing
- Equipment Repair Services

Commercial (cont.)

- Equipment Sales
- Exterminating Services
- Funeral Services
- Marina
- Recreational Equipment Maintenance & Storage
- Recreational Equipment Sales
- Research Assembly Services
- Research Testing Services
- Research Warehousing Services
- Scrap and Salvage
- Service Station
- Stables
- Vehicle Storage

Industrial

- Basic Industry
- General Warehousing and Distribution
- Recycling Center
- Resource Extraction

Agricultural

- Animal Production
- **Crop Production**
- Indoor Crop Production

Conditional Uses in ETOD

Commercial

- Alternative Financial Services
- Automotive Washing
- Bail Bond Services
- Commercial Blood Plasma Center
- Commercial Off-Street Parking
- Communications Services
- Construction Sales and Services
- Electric Vehicle Charging*
- Kennels
- Monument Retail Sales
- Off-Site Accessory Parking
- Pawn Shop Services
- Pedicab Storage and Dispatch
- Special Use Historic

Industrial

- Custom Manufacturing
- Light Manufacturing
- Limited Warehousing and Distribution

Agricultural

Horticulture

*EV Charging permitted by-right if converting an existing or former service station use



Projects using DBETOD would be required to adhere to the following affordability requirements:

Ownership:

- To achieve max height (either 90 or 120 feet depending on location):
 - 12% of total units must be affordable to households earning 80% of the Median Family Income (MFI) and below
 - OR fee-in-lieu provided equal to 125% of above requirement, spent within the ½ mile boundary

Rental (tiered approach):

To Achieve:	Applicant Must Provide:
60 feet	10% of units at 60% MFI or less
90 feet	12% of units at 60% MFI OR 10% of units at 50% MFI or less
120 feet	15% of units at 60% MFI OR 12% of units at 50% MFI or less



Lessons Learned: ETOD Overlay

- Leverage existing programs/approaches instead of starting from scratch
- Avoid "cannibalization" of existing programs/approaches
- Have recordkeeping process in place if anticipating later phases



HOME Phase 2

Overview of Adopted Changes:

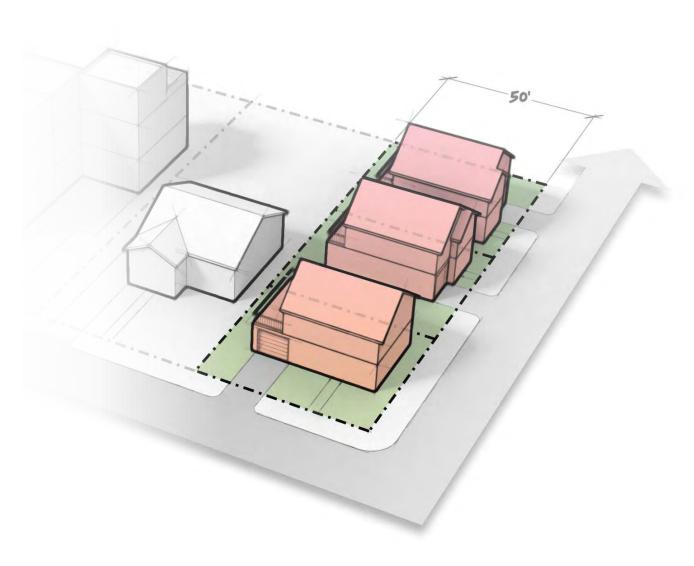
- Minimum lot size reduced from 5,750 sq feet for one unit to 1,800 sq ft
- Changes apply to most single-family zones
- Restrictions on height and unit size
- Minimum lot width and setbacks reduced to allow a variety of housing types, including flag lot homes and attached townhomes



HOME Phase 2

Unit Size Limiters:

- Greater of 1,650 sq ft of floor area or 0.55 FAR allowed
- Maximum unit size of 2,300 sq ft
- Unit size limits only apply in the central city





Home Phase 2

Site Development Regulation	Existing Standard Lot Requirement for One Unit		Adopted HOME 2 Small Lot Requirement
	SF-1	SF-2 & SF-3	SF-1, SF-2 & SF-3
Lot Size (min.)	10,000 sq ft	5,750 sq ft	1,800 sq ft
Lot Width (min.)	60 ft	50 ft	15 - 20 ft ¹
Units per lot (max.)	One	One	One
Setbacks (min.)			
Front	25 ft	25 ft	10 ft ²
Side Street	15 ft	15 ft	5 ft - 10 ft ³
Side	5 ft	5 ft	5 ft ⁴
Rear	10 ft	10 ft	5 ft
Attached Units/ Between Small Lots	N/A	N/A	0 ft
Impervious Cover (max.)	40%	45%	Base Zoning
Building Cover (max.)	35%	40%	N/A
Height (max.)	35 ft ⁵	35 ft ⁵	35 ft

¹ 20 ft is required for a flag lot

² 5 ft for flag lots

³ Varies based on street type and curb location

⁴ Reduced to 0 ft adjacent to the "flagpole" of a flag lot

⁵ In areas subject to Residential Design and Compatibility Standards ("McMansion"), additional height restrictions apply



Lessons Learned: HOME Phase 2

 Constant and consistent interdepartmental coordination always needed



Downtown Parking Modifications Phase 1

Problem:

 Downtown projects provide too much parking, disincentivizing use of transit and active transportation and hurting FTA grant competitiveness

Solution:

 Create regulations that require and incentivize developers to provide less parking Downtown

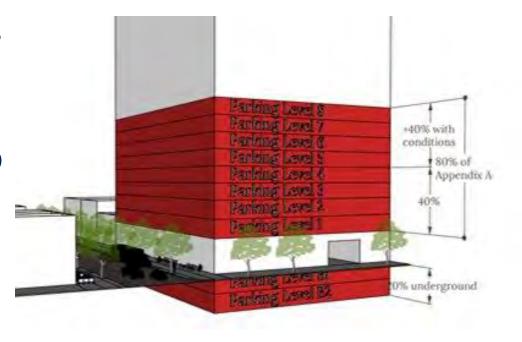




Downtown Parking Modifications Phase 1

Adopted Changes:

- Lower the existing maximum parking requirements from 110% to 80%
- Lower the existing "soft parking cap"
- Allow more parking than the soft cap under certain conditions
 - Parking is underground, used as shared parking, designed as potentially occupiable space, or is "decoupled"
 - Or a fee is paid





Lessons Learned: Downtown Parking Modifications

 Working with downtown stakeholders helped move the needle further toward lowering parking maximums





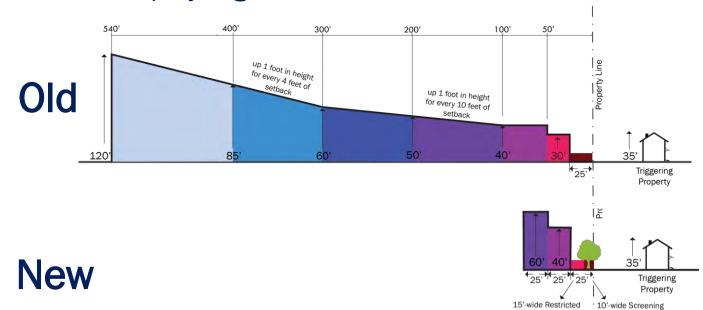


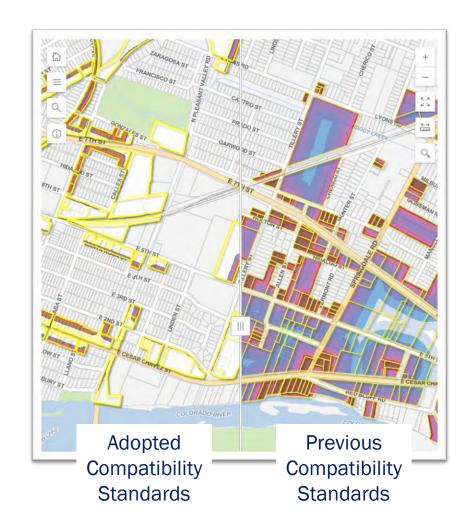


Citywide Compatibility Changes

Overview of Adopted Changes

- End compatibility at 75'
 - New buffer and screening requirements
- Limit applicability
- Simplify regulations



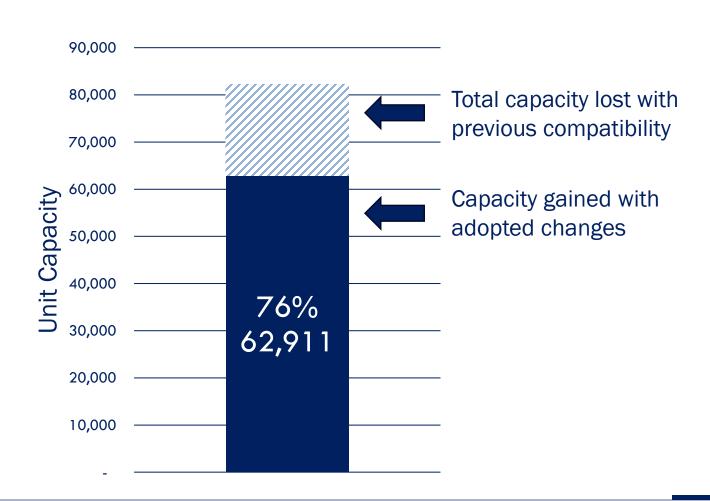




Citywide Compatibility Changes

Housing Capacity

- Previous rules reduced housing capacity by ~82,000 units
- Capacity for ~63,000 housing units gained back with adopted changes





Lessons Learned: Compatibility

- Always coordinate with reviewers when crafting regulations
- Use caution with peer city data land use regulations are a moving target



Lessons Learned: Overall

- Coordinate!
- If taking on multiple code amendments at once, ensure there is a streamlined process in place
 - Ensure you know the process to update them in the future
- More time is always preferred!
 - Advocate for what needs to be prioritized
- Make yourself as available as possible to the public (with consideration for capacity)
- Take time to train staff on the changes





Future Transit-Supportive Work

- Analysis and calibration of existing density bonus programs
- Future phases of spring 2024 code amendments
 - ETOD Overlay Phase 2
 - Downtown Parking Modifications Phase 2
 - HOME
- Updates to existing programs and plans
 - Density Bonus 90
 - Existing Transit Oriented Development (TOD) Plans/Other regulating plans
 - University Neighborhood Overlay
- New zoning district + density bonus program (South Central Waterfront)



Thank You!

Lucy.Hall@AustinTexas.gov



Reference Slides



DBETOD Affordable Housing Requirements (Rental)

Rental requirements are tiered based on height sought:

To Achieve:	Applicant Must Provide:
60 feet	10% of units at 60% MFI or less
90 feet	12% of units at 60% MFI OR 10% of units at 50% MFI or less
120 feet (Only available in Subdistrict 1)	15% of units at 60% MFI OR 12% of units at 50% MFI or less

Matches VMU

Matches DB90



DBETOD Affordable Housing Requirements (Ownership)

Ownership requirements can be fulfilled in one of two ways:

Option 1: Onsite Set-Aside	Option 2: Offsite Fee-in-Lieu*
12% of units at 80% MFI or less	Equivalent to 125% of the required onsite percentage based on the fee schedule in effect at site plan submittal

*Offsite fee-in-lieu must be used within the ½-mile boundary of Phase 1 Austin Light Rail and Priority Extensions (see **Part 7** of Ordinance No. 20240516-005.

DBETOD Redevelopment Requirements* (Residential)



Replace all units rented at rates affordable to households earning 70% MFI and below in previous 12 months (or latest lease term)

Must be replaced as income-restricted units (at 60% MFI and below) with at least as many bedrooms as existing units

Maximum number of replaced units is **2x the minimum affordability requirements** of DBETOD



Notify tenants about redevelopment

Tenant can terminate lease without penalty

Tenant has security deposit returned to them



Provide tenants with relocation benefits

Must cover 4 months rent + fees + moving expenses



Offer original tenants lease

Lease must be for at least 12 months

Unit must have **same number of bedrooms** and be of **same size** as previous unit

*All <u>residential</u> redevelopment requirements can be waived by Council with a public hearing (see §4-18-33)



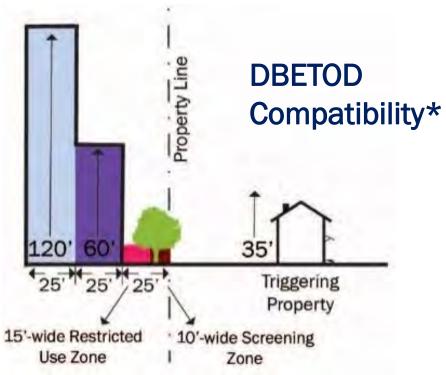
DBETOD Redevelopment Requirements (Non-Residential)

 Non-residential uses that trigger redevelopment requirements:

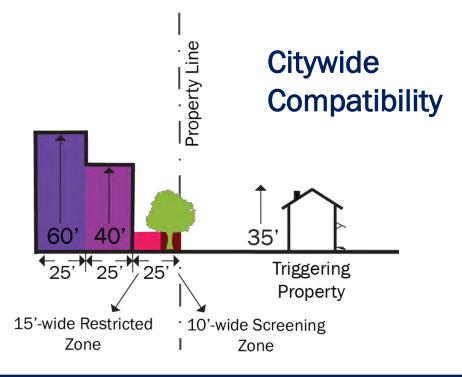
Use	Required Tenure	Required Size
Adult care/Childcare services (general or limited)	≥ 12 months	-
Creative space	≥ 3 years	-
Cocktail lounges	≥ 10 years	-
General retail sales	≥ 10 years	\leq 5,000 sq ft
Personal services	≥ 10 years	\leq 5,000 sq ft
Restaurant (general or limited)	≥ 10 years	≤ 5,000 sq ft
Food sales	≥ 10 years	≤ 20,000 sq ft

- Protections when requirements triggered:
 - Replace all existing non-residential space with comparable sized space for a period of 5 years
 - Notify tenants about redevelopment
 - Provide tenants with relocation benefits (6 months rent)
 - Offer tenants lease of comparably sized space





Dista	nce from Lot Line of Triggering Property:	Maximum Building Height
	Less than 25'	0' (Compatibility Buffer)
	Between 25' and 50'	60'
	Greater than 50'	120' (Subdistrict 1) OR
		90' (Subdistrict 2)



Distance from Lot Line of Triggering Property:	Maximum Building Height
Less than 25'	0' (Compatibility Buffer)
Between 25' and 50'	40'
Between 50' and 75'	60'
Greater than 75'	Set by base zoning

*DBETOD Compatibility requirements apply only to projects that opt into the bonus. Other projects with ETOD/DBETOD zoning would comply with Citywide Compatibility requirements(see §25-2-10)







Stop Six Choice Neighborhood Transformation Plan



- Developed by residents, community leaders and stakeholders over several years, revised and finalized in 2019
- A shared vision for a vibrant, safe and sustainable community with quality education, healthcare, services and amenities
- Plan details strategies to create a "Neighborhood of Choice"
- HUD awards competitive, \$35 million
 Choice Neighborhood Grant in April 2020
 to seed revitalization



Plan Pillars

PEOPLE



Former Cavile Place residents supported, thriving throughout the transformation, invited to return to new, mixed-income properties.

HOUSING



300 Cavile Place public housing units replaced with approximately 1,000 units of attractive, mixed-income housing in multiple phases.

NEIGHBORHOOD



East Rosedale Street activated to create open spaces, central neighborhood hub for essential services and amenities.

Phases of Transformation

2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
	Phase I						
	Cowan Place Senior Living						
	174 units						
		Phase II					
		Hughes House					
		162 units					
			Phase III				
			Babers Manor				
			80 units				
				Phase IV			
				Hughes House II			
				302			
					Phase V		
					Hughes House III		
					78 units		
						Phase VI	
						128 units	
	June 2022						
	CFW Bond Election - Passed					Community Hub construction	

MILESTONES

OCTOBER 2019 FWHS + City of FW submit CNI application to HUD



OCTOBER 2020 Cowan Place Senior Living design released for Phase I





MARCH 2021 CFW proposes list of Critical Community Improvements for Stop Six CNI MAY 2021 City of Fort Worth proposes 2022 bond program with \$24.5m for new Stop Six Community Hub + aquatics center





SEPTEMBER 2021 Cowan Place Groundbreaking Celebration kicks off 24-month construction phase

APRIL 2020 HUD awards FWHS and City of Fort Worth \$35m competitive Choice Neighborhood grant



DECEMBER 2020 Demo begins of 1950s era Cavile Place public housing community

JANUARY 2021 Phase II named for legendary Dunbar Coach Robert Hughes Sr.





APRIL 2021 22-acre Cavile site cleared for future development

JUNE 2021 Rosedale Park mosaic sculpture by John Yancey installed





DECEMBER 2021 Final design phase for Hughes House, Housing Phase II

MILESTONES

DECEMBER 2022 Texas QAP was changed to give CNI projects priority funding





MAY 2023 Congressional Community Project Funding Award \$4mil NOVEMBER 2023 Cowan Place Senior Living Grand Opening





MAY 2024 Congressional Community Project Funding Award \$4/1mil

APRIL 2023 CNI Supplemental Grant Award \$5mil





JUNE 2023 Hughes House Groundbreaking Celebration **GMA**

JANUARY 2024 General Contractor announced for Babers Manor - GMA Construction (1st Minority Owned GC)

COWAN PLACE

SENIOR LIVING AT STOP SIX

5400 E. Rosedale St. at Stalcup Road

- Grand Opening Nov. 13, 2023
- 174-unit, mixed-income community
- Designed with residents 62+ in mind and common areas for recreation and supportive services
- McCormack Baron Management is the property management agent



HOUSING - PHASE I



Affordability

48 units reserved for former Cavile Place residents 9 Permanent Supportive Housing units for chronically homeless residents

1 bedrooms

78 units at 60% AMI*
73 units at 50% AMI
12 units at 30% AMI

2 bedrooms

11 units at 50% AMI

*Based on HUD's 2021 Median Family Income calculation of \$80,800 for the Fort Worth-Arlington area

COWAN PLACE

SENIOR LIVING AT STOP SIX

5400 E. Rosedale Street at Stalcup Rd. Lease-Up Progress:

- Building is fully leased-up and occupied
- 100% occupancy achieved May 10, 2024











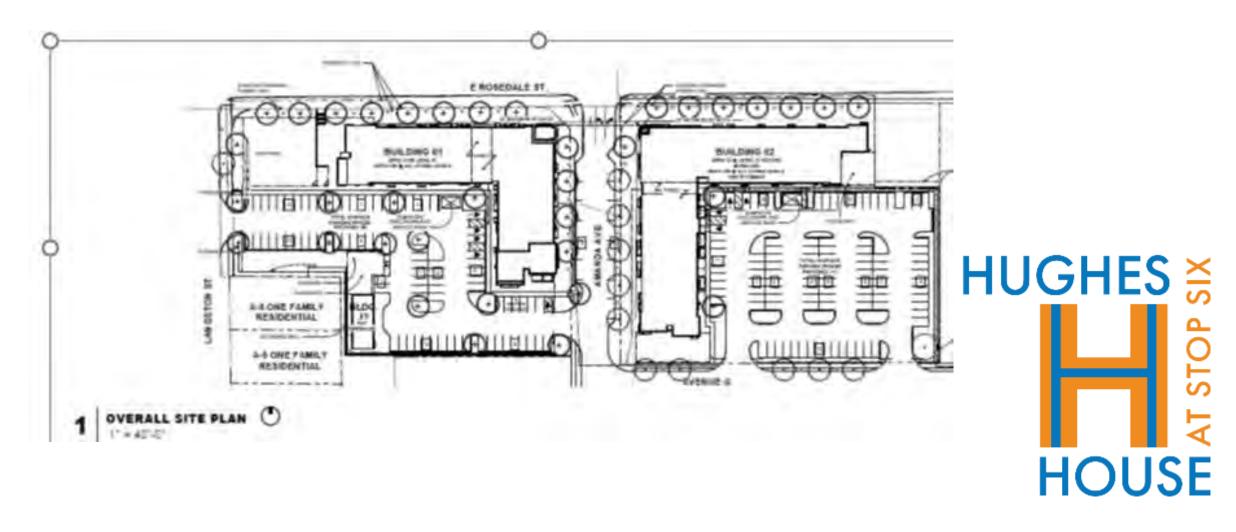


Hughes House

4830 & 4908 E. Rosedale St.

- 162-unit, mixed-income, mixed-use community
- Named for legendary Dunbar High School Coach Robert Hughes Sr., the all-time winningest high school boys basketball coach
- Approx. 7,000 sq. ft. commercial space fronting East Rosedale Street
- Competitive 9% tax credit aids financing, guarantees affordable rents
- Target construction schedule: TBD

Hughes House I – Site Plan





Hughes House – Unit Mix

** Rents are subject

Unit Breakdown	No. Bedrooms	No. Baths	Avg. Sq. FL	No. of units	Max. Income for Rent (%AMI)	Max. Contract Rent
1 BR 30% PSH	. 1 .,	1	678	13	30%	\$442
1 BR 30% PBV	1	1	678	2	30%	\$442
1 BR 50% PBV	1	1	678	16	50%	5781
1 BR 60%	1	1	678	53	60%	\$950
1 BR	1	1	678	9	Market Rate	\$1,205
2 BR 50% PBV	2	1	962	28	50%	\$938
2 BR 60%	2	1	962	12	60%	\$1,141
2 BR	2	î	962	5	Market Rate	\$1,480
2 BR 50% PBV	2	2	1,023	14	50%	\$938
2 BR 60%	2	2	1,023	7	60%	\$1,141
2 BR	2	2	1,023	3.	Market Rate	\$1,580
TOTAL		1		162	-	





Hughes House – Construction Progress Photos Building 1





Hughes House – Construction Progress Photos Building 2







What's Next for Hughes House?

2nd Quarter 2024 – Building 1

- The framing sub-contractor will begin the installation of windows.
- The plumbing sub-contractor will begin installing tubs/showers.
- Fire sprinkler sub-contractor will continue with the initial stages of fire sprinkler installation.
- HVAC sub-contractor will continue with the initial stages of ductwork installation.

2nd Quarter 2024 – Building 2

- The framing sub-contractor will complete the exterior sheathing, start building wrap, and complete tower framing.
- The plumbing sub-contractor will continue with the initial stages of plumbing installation.
- The electrical sub-contractor will continue with the initial states of installing the building's electrical system.
- Fire sprinkler sub-contractor will begin with the initial stages of fire sprinkler installation.



SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDING – HOUSING VERTICAL CONSTRUCTION

SOURCES

1st Mortgage: Mason Joseph Companies, FHA Permanent Loan	\$16,111,000
2 nd Mortgage: Fort Worth Housing Solutions: Bridge Loan	3,800,000
3 rd Mortgage: Fort Worth Housing Solutions: Land Loan	529,729
4th Mortgage: Fort Worth Housing Solutions: HUD CNI Loan	12,268,653
5 th Mortgage: Fort Worth Housing Finance Corporation: PSH Loan	325,000
6 th Mortgage: City of Fort Worth: HOME Loan	1,000,000
7 th Mortgage: City of Fort Worth: UDAG Loan	150,000
Fort Worth Housing Solutions: General Partner Equity	325,100
Investor Limited Partner: Equity LIHTC	17,344,250
Deferred Developer Fee	2,799,554
Total Sources of Financing	<u>\$54,653,286</u>

<u>USES</u>

Total Uses of Funds	<u>\$54,653,286</u>
Soft Costs, Fees and Reserves	<u>14,915,174</u>
Construction Costs	39,208,383
Acquisition Costs	\$529,729

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDING – PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS

SOURCES

HUD 2023 Congressional Appropriation Grant	\$4,000,000
Other Public Funds	1,079,309
City of Fort Worth ARPA Grant	<u>400,000</u>
Total Uses of Grant Funds	<u>\$ 5,479,309</u>

<u>USES</u>

Public Improvements – Construction Costs	\$4,317,783
Public Improvements – Design, Engineering, Fees	<u>1,161,526</u>
Total Uses of Grant Funds	<u>\$ 5,479,309</u>

Total All Sources and Uses \$60,132,595

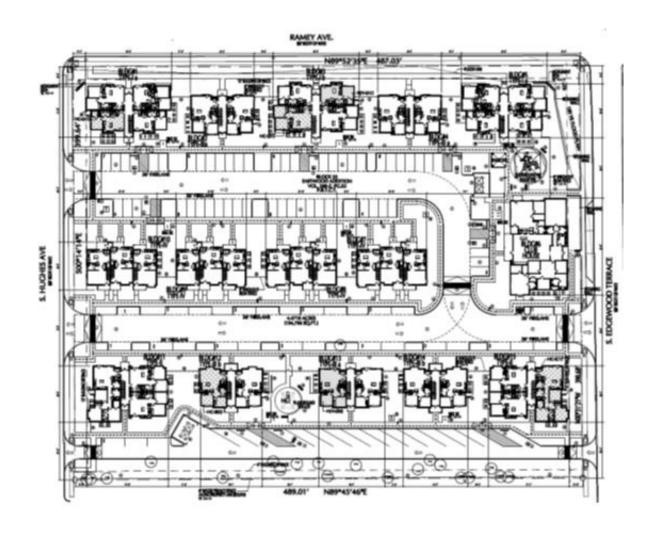
Babers Manor

Ramey Avenue between S. Hughes Ave and S. Edgewood Terrace

- Named for distinguished and faithful community leader, Mr. Clarence Donald Babers.
- 80-unit, mixed-income, family community
- Combination of townhome and garden apartments
- Construction documents under review with the City of Fort Worth for building permits.
- Lender/investor weekly calls occurring to close on construction financing in June 2024.
- Project Timeline:
 - Submitted construction documents for building permit – February 2024
 - Began construction financial closing February 2024
 - Receive building permits June 2024
 - Construction Closing and Notice to Proceed
 June 2024



Babers Manor – Site Plan





Babers Manor – Building Types and Unit Mix

Building Types	
Two-Story Walk-up Building	7
Three-Story Walk-up Building	3
Two-Story Townhomes	4
Total Buildings	14

Unit Mix	
1 Bedroom / 1 Bath	18
2 Bedroom / 1 Bath	48
3 Bedroom / 2.5 Bath	14
Total Number of Units	80

Community / Management Building

Amenities

- Community Room
- Fitness Room
- Flex Room
- Parcel Delivery
- Management Office

Babers Manor - Renderings







Hughes House II

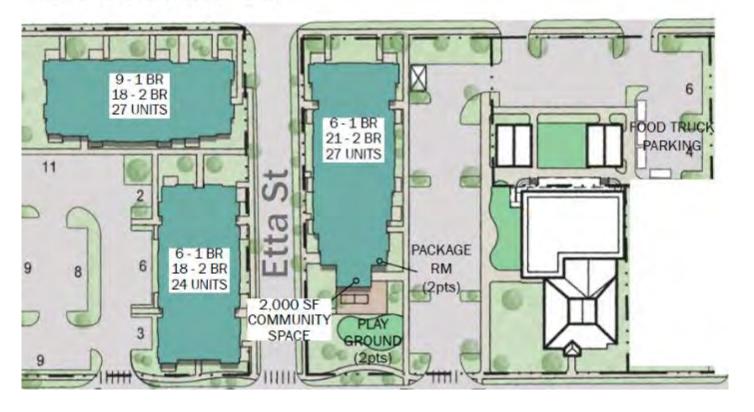
- Proposed number of apartments & townhomes:
 302
- Informational session with Neighborhood/Homeowner Associations: July 2024
- Bond reservation received: August 23, 2023
- Tax credit application for 4% credits: 3rd Quarter 2024
- Request for Qualifications:
 - General Contractor 5 responses to RFQ received; selection anticipated early June.
 - ∘ Investor/Lender 2nd Quarter 2024
- Construction loan closing: 4th Quarter 2024



Hughes House III

- Proposed number of apartments:
 78 units in 3 three-story walkups
- 9% tax credit application submitted: February 28, 2024; award anticipated end of July.
- Request for Qualifications:
 - General Contractor 5 responses to RFQ received; selection anticipated early June
 - Investor/Lender 2nd Quarter 2024
- Construction loan closing:
 - 1st Quarter 2025

E Rosedale St.



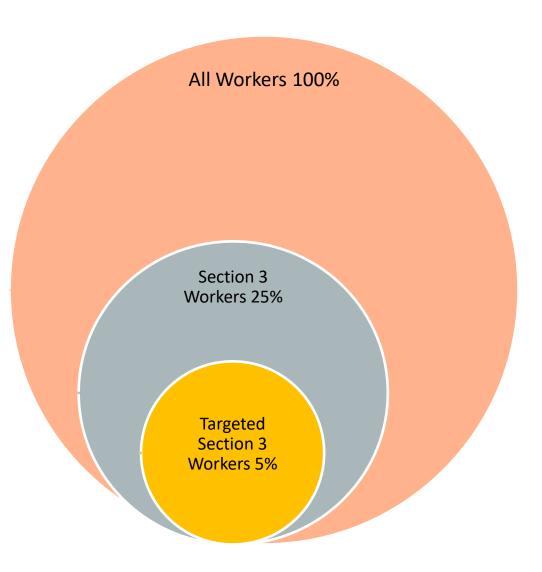


Construction Goals

HUD Section 3

The development team and contractors are required to direct economic opportunities toward low and very-low income persons and the businesses that employ them. HUD sets goals which are measured by labor hours on the project:

- 25% of total hours worked by Section 3 workers
- 5% of total hours worked by Targeted Section 3 Residents



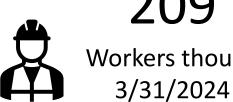
A Section 3 worker is a person living within the Fort Worth metropolitan area earning less than the 50% median income for the area.

A targeted Section 3 worker is any of these:

- Employed by a Section 3 business
- Low-income worker living within the Stop Six Choice Neighborhood
- Current YouthBuild participant
- Current resident of public housing or recipient of housing financial assistance



Hughes House I – Section 3 Progress



209 Workers though

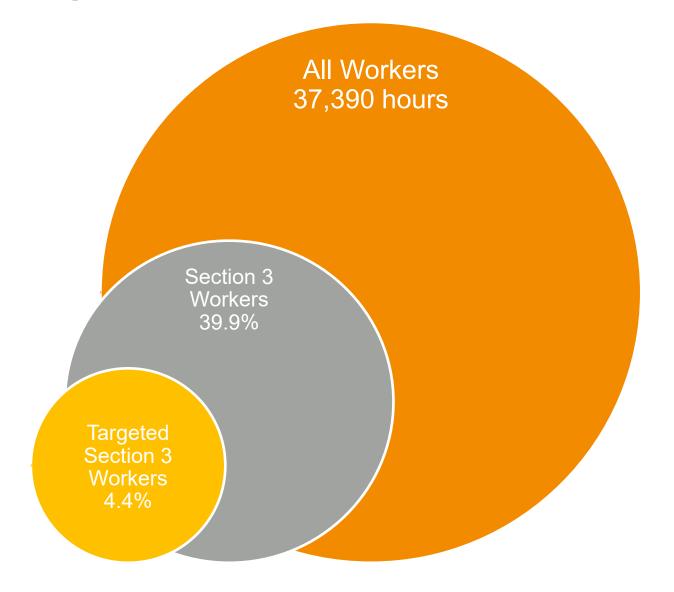


15

Contractors Working



Trades with 80% of workforce





Neighborhood HUB



- HUB is a state-of-the art community center, and aquatics facility
- Replaces the existing, beloved MLK Center
- Harrison Kornberg Architects, LLC is the architecture team selected
- We're in the final stages of the "Program" Phase, next is "Design" Phase
- August 5 Public Meeting at MLK was wellattended and help refine Program to include MHMR & Texas Workforce Commission
- Public Meetings planned once Program is drafted



WORFORCE INNOVATION AND TRAINING CENTER CONCEPT



















STOP SIX
CHOICE NEIGHBORHOOD

RODT WODTH A TEXAS





STOP SIX
CHOICE NEIGHBORHOOD

RODT WODTH A TEXAS

Questions?

Mary-Margaret Lemons

mmlemons@fwhs.org 817-333-3401

Thank you!







Blue-Green-Grey Application for New Ideas Round 4

- What: Apply to receive funding for projects with innovative approaches or outcomes that combine: Blue (water), Green (environment), and Grey (transportation infrastructure) components, and can be replicated in the region.
- Who: Open to individuals, non-profits, private firms, universities, school districts, and government agencies
- When: Call opened July 15 and applications are <u>due August 16, 2024, at</u>
 5:00 pm at the NCTCOG office
- How much: This call has been allocated \$250,000, which will be distributed among approximately three winning applications
- More information: www.nctcog.org/greeninfrastructure
 - → Blue-Green-Grey Funding Program



Upcoming Federal Grant Opportunities

Due Date	USDOT Grant
August 29, 2024 (Planning & Demonstration-only)	Safe Streets and Roads for All (SS4A) Safe Streets and Roads for All Grant Program US Department of Transportation
September 30, 2024	Reconnecting Communities Pilot Program Reconnecting Communities and Neighborhoods Grant Program US Department of Transportation



APA TX Local Events

July 25 - Discussion with APA Texas Chapter President Kelly Porter Building Blocks of Prosperity Event and Networking

Discussion on how planning professionals can implement their plans to provide better quality of life for all and call on an esteemed panel to discuss specific areas that are the building blocks. Subject area panelists are:

- Transportation Tanya Brooks, DART
- Workforce/Economic Development Renee Parker, Workforce Solutions
- Healthy Communities Brenda Espinoza Patton, Blue Zones Project, North Texas Healthy Communities
- Technology/Digital Divide Victor A. Fishman, Ph.D, Texas Research Alliance

3:30-5:30PM

Where: Burns & McDonnell, 777 Main Street, Suite 2500, Fort Worth, TX 76102

July 26 - Elected & Appointed Officials Workshop

Workshop is designed primarily as an intro to planning and zoning for new officials but can also serve as a refresher course for seasoned officials.

<u>10:00 AM - 3:30 PM</u>

Where: Grand Hall at NRH Centre, North Richland Hills



After Today's Meeting

Access Meeting Recording and Slides:

www.NCTCOG.org/LUTTF

Next meeting scheduled for October 2024

CONTACT US

Karla Windsor, AICP

Senior Program Manager

kwindsor@nctcog.org



Travis Liska, AICP

Principal Planner

<u>tliska@nctcog.org</u>

Shawn Conrad, PhD

Principal Planner

sconrad@nctcog.org

Sydnee Mangini

Transportation Planner

<u>smangini@nctcog.org</u>

