Preventing Storm Water Pollution: What We Can Do

~Employee Training Series~ Solid Waste Operations

Solid Waste Operations

- By taking precautions in their daily activities, Solid Waste employees can help reduce water pollution.
 - Trash Collection Activities
 - Transfer Station/Drop Off Operations
 - Mulching Operations
 - Landfill Operations
 - Composting Operations

Try to identify and do not pick up hazardous wastes (flammables, toxics, explosives, etc.).

Examples include:

- used batteries
- solvents, fuels
- pesticides, herbicides
- fireworks, ammunition
- pool chemicals
- fluorescent bulbs





Try to identify and do not pick up liquid wastes.

Examples include:

- used motor oil
- paint
- antifreeze
- cleaning liquids
- cooking oil
- Notify residents of household hazardous waste collection / disposal opportunities.



- Pick up spilled trash from around cans or bags.
- Notify residents of persistent problems with scattered trash.
- Watch the area around the hopper to avoid leaving litter behind.
- Pick up any material that falls from the truck during compaction.





Include spill kits on trash collection trucks and service vehicles.

- Kits could include:
 - -broom
 - -shovel
 - -absorbents
 - -pop-up pools.





- Check vehicle frequently for leaking fluids and notify supervisor of significant leaks.
- Contain spills using absorbents and take steps to stop the leak if possible.
- Immediately clean up spills to minimize safety hazards and deter spreading.





- Make certain that hopper drain plugs are always sealed during collection.
- Wash collection trucks only in facilities where the wash water drains to the sanitary sewer system or is collected and recycled.





- Look for hazardous or liquid wastes.
 Remove any of these materials and store in designated locations for proper disposal.
- Pick up all windblown litter and rubbish.





- Dry sweep litter and rubbish periodically, especially before expected rain or windy conditions.
- Use litter screens to catch windblown trash.
 - chain link fence
 - welded wire mesh fence
 - orange construction fencing





- Locate source of spills and prevent further spillage.
 Immediately clean spills using absorbents.
- Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose in accordance with procedures.



- Do not overfill collection receptacles.
- Conduct facility washdown activities as directed by the supervisor.
- Do not hose down work areas that drain into storm sewers or drainage ways.
- Retain spills and prevent them from entering the environment.



- Make sure lids on bins and receptacle are closed, especially during rain events.
- Notify haulers and citizens on requirements to cover loads during transport.





Pollution Prevention at Mulching Operations

- Remove trash and foreign materials from brush prior to grinding.
- Place trash and debris in covered containers.
- Use litter screens (fencing) to capture windblown trash.
- Mulch berms can be used to filter runoff from work area.





Landfills and Composting Operations

- These operations will have specific SWPPP requirements governed by either a Multi-Sector General Permit or the facility's individual registration or permit.
- Follow all Best
 Management Practices,
 record keeping,
 training, and reporting
 requirements detailed
 in the facility permit.





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Protecting water quality requires that all employees do their part to prevent storm water pollution.





