Mobility 2045 is a blueprint for the region’s transportation system that aims to respond to the regional mobility goals and guide the expenditure of federal and state transportation funds. The plan makes recommendations for all travel modes through policies to guide transportation infrastructure implementation, programs to improve mobility, and projects to increase transportation system capacity.

Transportation should work so well that you get where you need to go without even noticing it.

Whether you wish to travel by walking, bicycling, bus, train, or car, having an option is important for getting where you need to go.
DALLAS-FORT WORTH

7.4 MILLION PEOPLE IN 2018
larger than 37 states in population

11.2 MILLION PEOPLE IN 2045 (FORECAST)

TOP LANGUAGES SPOKEN
hello! ENGLISH
¡hola! SPANISH
chào! VIETNAMESE

4.8 MILLION JOBS IN 2018
DFW makes up over 30% of Texas’ economy

7.0 MILLION JOBS IN 2045 (FORECAST)

4th largest metropolitan area in US
LARGER THAN 5 STATES IN LAND AREA

9,448 SQUARE MILES
12 COUNTIES
225 CITIES, TOWNS, AND VILLAGES
A SYSTEMATIC APPROACH TO SOLVING THE REGION’S CHALLENGES

**GOALS:** the path for solving the region’s important transportation problems

- **MOBILITY**
  - Improve transportation options
  - Support travel efficiency strategies
  - Ensure community access to system and process

- **QUALITY OF LIFE**
  - Enhance environment and life styles
  - Encourage sustainable development

- **SYSTEM SUSTAINABILITY**
  - Ensure adequate maintenance, safety, and reliability
  - Pursue long-term, sustainable financial resources

- **IMPLEMENTATION**
  - Provide timely planning and implementation
  - Develop cost effective projects and programs

**MOBILITY 2045 DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES:** the basis of a strategic plan

1. **INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE**
   - Maintain what we have before building new infrastructure

2. **MANAGEMENT & OPERATIONS**
   - Ensure existing infrastructure is operating efficiently

3. **GROWTH, DEVELOPMENT & LAND USE**
   - Invest in low-cost options for people; transportation solves for inefficient land use

4. **RAIL & BUS**
   - Maximize air quality benefits associated with transit (moving more people at the same time)

5. **HOV/MANAGED LANES**
   - Make roadway system more efficient, give people choices, improve congestion and air quality

6. **FREeways, Tollways, & arteriALS**
   - Conserve land; new capacity is a last resort
INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE

1. $36.8 billion

- Data collection: programs allowing identification of potential maintenance issues
- Pavement and bridge conditions: monitored as part of federal performance measures
- Maintenance types: routine, preventive, or major roadwork
- Existing roadways: maintained to ensure their reliability and maximize their useful life
- Existing transit facilities and vehicles must be maintained

2. $9.5 billion

- Partner with local businesses to advocate for transportation issues in communities
- Offer first responder safety education and training

TRAINING & COORDINATION

CONNECTIONS

- Encourage carpooling and transit use through park-and-ride facilities
- Restriping, roundabouts, grade separations, and turn lanes
- Upgrade traffic signals
- Analyze crashes to find room for safety improvement
- Conduct pilot programs for automated vehicles

TECHNOLOGY
### Main principles of policies, programs, and projects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Economic Development</th>
<th>Environmental Protection</th>
<th>Social Equity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Transportation policies often drive the maintenance and construction of transportation systems, which impact economic development.</td>
<td>Mobility 2045 aims to improve transportation systems without causing a heavy burden on the environment.</td>
<td>Social equity is impacted when a variety of transportation systems, such as transit, sidewalks, and bike lanes, allow people to travel without the need for personal vehicles.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Transportation systems can impact:  
  - economy  
  - tourism  
  - consumer expenditures  
  - employment  
  - resource consumption  
  - productivity  
  - property values  
  - affordability  
  - wealth accumulation | The type and location of infrastructure affect the transportation system process. | Social sustainability focuses on creating:  
  - affordable housing  
  - environmental justice  
  - fair housing choice  
  - infill housing  
  - revitalization  
  - redevelopment  
  - compliance with ADA  
  - improved health  
  - local food options |

### Land Use - Transportation Connections Program
- Smart zoning ordinances and building codes
- Jobs/housing balance through strategic developments
- Financial incentives to promote sustainable developments

### Community Schools and Transportation Program
- Coordination and communication between school districts, local governments, and transportation agencies
- Enable more children to walk and bicycle to school through the Safe Routes to School funding program
- Sustainable school siting and facility planning

### Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) Program
- Technical assistance to plan and implement TOD
- Regional coordination and data sharing
- Location of higher density, mixed income, and affordable housing options, as well as parking management
Public transportation provides thousands of people in North Central Texas with daily access to life-essential opportunities, reduces the number of cars on the roads, relieves congestion for people who drive, and improves air quality for all.

Mobility 2045 includes policies and programs that guide future public transportation investments and outlines opportunities to cost-effectively expand and modernize public transportation service throughout the region.

**EXPANSION PLANS**

- New service in high-intensity transit corridors.
- Extensions of transit lines in emerging transit markets.
- Expansions that increase core capacity aimed at improving overall system capacity.
- Transit lines that connect communities.
Managed lanes add capacity alongside non-tolled lanes.

HOV lanes encourage carpooling by allowing vehicles with 2+ people to use the lane.

Improved corridors create:
- Economic development
- Increased property values
- Additional tax revenues

Less stop-and-go traffic conditions + reducing vehicle emissions = improved air quality

Recommended major roadway improvements: asset optimization, NTTA projects, and congestion alleviation.

Recommended arterial improvements: context-sensitive design approach compatible with the community.
What happens when travel choices are created?

- Everyone has a low-cost option: transit, walk, bicycle
- Less demand on local roads and highways
- Travel times can be more reliable
- Communities are more livable, safe, and cost-efficient
- Lower traffic congestion and better air quality

What solutions are available?

- Transit and bicycle/pedestrian facilities constructed through available federal, state, and local funding
- Policies in urbanized areas that roadways should be designed and constructed to accommodate at least three modes of transportation
- Projects should implement a context-sensitive design approach compatible with the community
- Tolled managed lanes give drivers the choice to travel for free or pay
Limited Funding = innovative solutions + prioritizing investments

Federal regulations require Metropolitan Transportation Plans be financially constrained to available resources. Projects and programs may only be included in the long-range plan if funding can be identified for their implementation. In other words, this plan only includes projects and programs for which receiving funds is a reasonable expectation.

Current resources are at risk due to:
- inflation
- rising construction costs
- recent gains in vehicle fuel efficiency

State and federal gas taxes have not been raised in more than two decades.

**Funding:** $56.6 billion available out of $389.9 billion needed to eliminate congestion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Funding (B)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Infrastructure Maintenance</td>
<td>$36.8 B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOV/Managed Lanes &amp; Freeways/Tollways/Arterials</td>
<td>$53.6 B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management &amp; Operations</td>
<td>$9.5 B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Growth, Development, &amp; Land Use</td>
<td>$3.2 B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rail &amp; Bus</td>
<td>$33.3 B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What are some funding solutions?

- Invest strategically to lower construction costs
- Fight for fair and innovative funding solutions at the regional and state level
- Investigate options:
  - local option registration fees
  - vehicle miles travelled fee
  - indexing motor fuel tax
- Pursue low-cost transportation solutions like bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure
The Dallas-Fort Worth area is required by federal law to develop a congestion management process because it is an urbanized area with a population over 200,000. Traffic congestion increases travel times and causes people to use more fuel. Mobility 2045 addresses both congestion and air quality through various projects, programs, and policies.

**CONGESTION**

**COST OF CONGESTION: TODAY**

**CONGESTION: YEAR 2045 WITHOUT MOBILITY PLAN**

$12.1 B

**CONGESTION: YEAR 2045 WITH MOBILITY PLAN**

$47.9 B

$27.2 B
# CHALLENGES & SOLUTIONS

## AIR QUALITY

The region is in nonattainment of federal air quality standards. Air quality is vital to a community's overall quality of life, but the negative impacts of polluted air can more adversely affect sensitive populations such as children and the elderly.

Failure to meet federal air quality standards could result in additional emission control requirements negatively impacting local businesses, as well as a freeze on all federally funded transportation projects.

Projects, programs, and policies in Mobility 2045 aim to address congestion and reliability, improve air quality, and seek innovative ways to use our limited means.

### Air Quality and Congestion Solutions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROJECTS</th>
<th>PROGRAMS</th>
<th>POLICIES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Build transit</td>
<td>• Community Access Transit Program</td>
<td>• Provide technical assistance to plan and implement transit-oriented development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Build active transportation facilities</td>
<td>• Last Mile Transit Connections Program</td>
<td>• Tolled managed lane policy area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Ensure construction of multimodal system</td>
<td>• Carpool/vanpool programs</td>
<td>• Evaluate and implement Asset Optimization to improve traffic flows while utilize existing infrastructure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Improve traffic flows through design</td>
<td>• Park and Ride</td>
<td>• Truck lane restrictions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Eliminate bottlenecks</td>
<td>• Technology programs for data collection and sharing</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Technologies such as automated vehicles, connected vehicles and data are evolving rapidly, and present opportunities to make traveling safer and more equitable. A great deal of uncertainty is associated with these new technologies; however, they may contribute to some of the following benefits and opportunities:

- Improved air quality through vehicle electrification
- Reduced demand on roadways due to shared mobility
- Increased access for people who don't drive, through autonomous vehicles
- Improved safety when vehicles, traffic signals, and alert systems communicate with each other

Safety Solutions as a Priority

Transportation technologies offer opportunities to improve safety. Other programs included in Mobility 2045 aim to increase safety by finding problem areas, enhancing warning systems, and training first responders.

- Eliminate problems in design that lead to crashes
- Enhance dispatch of response vehicles
- Implement safety controls for trains (called Positive Train Control)
- Ensure safety of first responders and construction crews through training
- Enhance lighting
- Pursue technology, like vehicles connected to the internet, to collect data on travel conditions
- Explore new technology such as in-vehicle safety warnings
Mobility 2045 includes an analysis of all its recommendations to ensure equitable benefits are provided to residents of North Texas. Environmental justice is the fair treatment and meaningful involvement of all people regardless of race, color, national origin, or income with regard to the development and implementation of plans, policies, and programs.

**Equity in North Texas**

Highlights from the Regional Environmental Justice Analysis

- Analyzed:
  - The number of jobs accessible by auto and transit within 30 and 60 minutes, respectively
  - Population within 30 minutes of universities and regional shopping centers
  - Population within 15 minutes of hospitals
  - Measured congestion and average travel time
  - All groups of people in the analysis were expected to see increases to travel times due to congestion; however, the recommendations in the plan offset the increases compared with a no-build scenario.

**Public Involvement**

Equity considerations play an integral role in NCTCOG’s efforts to continuously improve the outreach methods outlined in its Public Participation Plan and Language Assistance Plan.

NCTCOG strives to go beyond requirements to ensure all residents are provided an opportunity to participate in the planning process and are informed.

Outreach efforts include:

- Hosting public meetings
- Opinion polls
- Participation in community events
- Online advertising
- Press releases to spread the word
- Translating materials into other languages
Mobility 2045 was approved and adopted by the Regional Transportation Council on June 14, 2018.
The contents of this report reflect the views of the authors who are responsible for the opinions, findings and conclusions presented herein. The contents do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Federal Highway Administration, the Federal Transit Administration or the Texas Department of Transportation. This document was prepared in cooperation with the Texas Department of Transportation and the US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, and Federal Transit Administration.